

Tryout 1 Tes Kemampuan Akademik (TKA)

Mata Pelajaran : Bahasa Inggris
Jenjang : SMA/MA
Program Studi : IPA

TKA BAHASA INGGRIS

Listening Section

In this section of the test, you will have the chance to show how well you understand spoken English. There are parts to this section with special directions for each part.

PART I

Questions 1 to 4

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear some dialogues and questions spoken in English. The questions and the dialogues will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying.

After you listen to the dialogue and the question about it, read the five possible answers, and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have heard. Now listen to a sample question.

You will hear:

Man : We are almost out of cereal.

Woman : I know. I will go to the grocery store to buy some more. I will also get some milk, bread, and fruit.

Man : Would you get me some instant noodles?

Woman : Sure.

Narrator: What does the man want the woman to buy?

- | | |
|------------|-----------|
| A. Fruit | C. Bread |
| B. Milk | E. Cereal |
| C. Noodles | |

The best answer to this question is “Noodles”.
Therefore you should choose answer (D)

1. A. Shopping at a grocery store
B. Going to a grocery store
C. Following directions
D. Giving directions to the man
E. Walking down Maple street

2. A. In the morning
B. In the afternoon
C. In the evening
D. At noon
E. At midnight

3. A. Expressing hope
B. Expressing pride
C. Expressing satisfaction
D. Showing happiness
E. Asking for an apology

4. A. Buying a book
B. Celebrating a birthday
C. Getting a beautiful book
D. Giving a birthday present
E. Thanking the man for his gift

PART II

Questions: 5 to 7

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear some incomplete dialogues spoken in English, followed by four responses, also spoken in English. The dialogues and the responses will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying. You have to choose the best response to each question.

Now listen to a sample question.

Man : May I taste the caramel pudding
you just made?

Woman : Of course you may. How does it
taste?

Man : ...

Narrator : What is the most appropriate
response for the man to reply?

- A. It is very expensive, I think
- B. It's very delicious. I really enjoy the taste
- C. I think I will cook it myself
- D. I don't think I'll come with you

Narrator: The best answer to the question “It’s very delicious. I really enjoy the taste.” is choice B. Therefore, you should choose answer B.

5. Mark your answer on your answer sheet

6. Mark your answer on your answer sheet

7. Mark your answer on your answer sheet

PART III

Questions: 8 to 11

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear some dialogues or monologues spoken in English. The dialogues or monologues will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying. After you listen to the dialogue or monologue, look at the five pictures provided in your test book, and decide which would be the most suitable one with the dialogue or monologue you have heard.

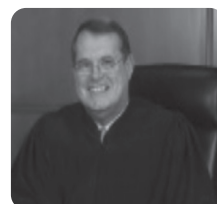
8. A.



- D.



- B.



- E.



C.



C.



9.

A.



D.



11. A.



B.



E.



B.



C.



C.



10. A.



D.



D.



B.



E.



E.



PART IV

Questions 12 to 15.

Directions:

In this of the test, you will hear several monologues. Each monologue will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying.

After you hear the monologue and the question about it, read the five possible answers and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have heard.

12. A. Rail services
B. Christmas holiday
C. Airports
D. Snowfall
E. Snowstorm
13. A. Two
B. Three
C. Four
D. Five
E. Six
14. A. Snakes
B. Anacondas
C. Kinds of snakes
D. What an anaconda looks like
E. Another name for an anaconda
15. A. 10 – 20
B. 10 – 30
C. 20 – 30
D. 20 – 40
E. 30 – 40

This is the end of the listening section.

This text is for question 16.

Dear Mr. Anwar,

We regret to inform you that we are unable to lend you the sum of \$ 500 that you have requested, but it is possible to grant you part of the sum.

If you are still interested, please contact our main office to arrange an appointment with the assistant manager. He will be happy to discuss the matter further.

Your sincerely
(Lending Officer)

16. Instead of a loan of \$500, what alternative is offered by the officer?
- A. An appointment to discuss the offer
B. A cash of \$500
C. An appointment with the lending officer
D. A loan of less than \$500
E. An appointment with the assistant manager

This following text is for questions 17 and 18.

ASEAN private companies and its dialogue partner countries are expected to be more actively engaged in the region's economic integration process, says ASEAN deputy secretary-general Pushpanathan Sundram. "We have provided several channels for ASEAN public officials and private sectors, such as regular consultations and business dialogues with industry associations and business councils from ASEAN and partner countries," he said during his presentation at the ASEAN Trade Facilitation Forum in Manado, North Sulawesi, on Saturday. He explained that it was important for ASEAN to pay close attention to responses and feedback from the private sector on the implementation of measures stipulated in the ASEAN Economic Community (AEC) blueprint.

The forum was jointly held by the Indonesian Trade Ministry, the US Mission to ASEAN and the US Agency for International Development (USAID) on the sidelines of the 43rd ASEAN Economic Ministers' Meeting (AEMM). Sundram revealed that despite positive progress of the AEC blueprint measure implementation, several challenges remained in place, such as how to ensure a timely implementation of cutting issues such as coordination at national and regional levels," he said.

17. How can private companies and public officials from ASEAN countries participate in the region's economic integration process?
- By participating in ASEAN Trade Facilitation Forum
 - Through consultations and dialogues
 - By paying close attention to responses and feedback from private sectors
 - Through intensive partnership with partner countries
 - By conducting meetings and conferences
18. Which ministers of ASEAN countries most probably attended the ASEAN Trade Facilitation Forum?
- The Ministers of Foreign Affairs
 - The Finance Ministers
 - The Tourism Ministers
 - The Trade Ministers
 - The Information Ministers

The following text is for questions 19 and 20.

CALL FOR PROPOSALS
(Funded by the European Commission)

The ongoing outbreaks of H5N1 Avian Influenza in Indonesia have had a significant impact. Since August 2003, more than 10 million livestock have been affected and the H5N1 virus has crossed the species barrier resulting in at least 135 confirmed human cases with 110 deaths. Moreover, the potential exists for the H5N1 Avian influenza virus to trigger a human pandemic.

Research on clinical disease, virology and epidemiology of H5N1 in Indonesia is needed to understand the ecology and variability in transmission to human. To foster essential research, WHO requests for proposals that will then be evaluated through a review process. The awards will then be made to competent researchers and institutions focused on research of local scientists and public health professionals.

Areas for research include:

- Studies of disease ecology, transmission and epidemiology**
- Studies of clinical spectrum and management of disease**

Detailed information of call for proposal, include: application and assessment process, assessment criteria and deadline of proposal submission, is attached and available at WHO Indonesia Country Office Web-site.

<http://www.who.co.id/avian/index.php>

19. Who are specifically invited to send research proposals?
- Scientists and professionals from around the world
 - Indonesian scientists and public health professionals
 - Professionals researchers in health sciences
 - Health institutions in Indonesia
 - Researchers specializing in H5N1 virus

20. "... for the H5N1 Avian influenza virus to trigger a human pandemic." (lines 8—9). The underlined word is closest in meaning to
- To impact
 - To share
 - To increase
 - To immune
 - To cause

The text is for questions 21 and 22.

Once, a cap seller was passing through a jungle. He was dead tired and needed to rest. Then, he stopped spread a cloth under a tree. He placed his bag of caps near him and lay down with his cap on his head.

The cap seller had a sound sleep for one hour. When he got up, the first thing he did was to look into his bag. He was startled when he found all his caps were not there. He was wondering where they could have gone. Indeed, he was greatly puzzled.

When he looked up sky, he was very surprised to see monkeys sitting on the branches of a tree, each wearing a cap on his head. They had evidently done it to imitate him.

He decided to get his caps back by making

a humble request to the monkeys. In return, the monkeys only made faces of him. When he began to make gestures, even when he raised his fist towards them to threaten them, they also imitated him.

At last he hit upon a clever idea. "Monkeys are a great imitator," he thought. So he took off his own cap and threw it down on the ground. As he had expected, all the monkeys took off the caps threw them down on the ground. Quickly he stood up and collected the caps, put them back into his bag and went away.

21. Why was each monkey wearing a cap on their head?
 - A. They liked them
 - B. They liked wearing caps
 - C. They were imitating the cap seller
 - D. They were teasing the cap seller
 - E. They had stolen the caps
22. What is the moral value of the text?
 - A. Monkeys are clever animals
 - B. Put your belongings in a safe place
 - C. Kindness must be possessed by everyone
 - D. Foolishness is a source of faulty
 - E. You have to know who you are talking to

The following text is questions 23 to 25.

Kapoposang is one of the largest of the Spermonde Islands, around 70 km northwest of Makassar, South Sulawesi. Kapoposang covers an area of around 50.000 hectares and is inhabited by around 100 families. Several other islands, both inhabited and uninhabited, lie near Kapoposang. The larger ones include Papandangan, Kondongbali, Suranti, and Tambakulu.

Kapoposang and the nearby islands were declared a Nature Tourism Park by the Departement of Forestry in 1999. Diving has been an important activity at Kapoposang. There were so few local divers at the time, and because of the distance from other wellknown diving areas in Indonesia, Kapoposang has basically remained a secret.

The best time to visit Kapoposang is between April and November, when the seas are calm, the weather favorable, and the wind less fierce than in the other months. The trip takes two hours by speedboat; the ocean breezes help to cool your skin in the hot morning sun. As you approach Pulau Kapoposang, you see the deep blue water, which suddenly meets an expanse of coral reefs between extensive shallows with white sands in the seabed. Sea grass also grows lushly near the shore. The sea bed at Kapoposang has a unique composition; near the island are some quite shallow contours, and then suddenly steep underwater cliffs leading to seemingly endless depths. The water is very clear, you can expect underwater visibility of over 15 meters – ideal condition for divers.

23. The text is about
 - A. Kapoposang and the surrounding islands
 - B. Kapoposang as a diving spot
 - C. Kapoposang as a very popular tourist spot
 - D. Kapoposang as a secret area
 - E. Kapoposang and the weather
24. Where is Kapoposang located?
 - A. In the Nature Tourism Park of Makassar
 - B. Next to Makassar, South Sulawesi
 - C. In the Spermonde Islands
 - D. Among the big islands near Makassar
 - E. Very close, to the north of Spermonde
25. We know from the text that
 - A. There are very few divers in the island
 - B. Hundreds of families live in the island
 - C. Kapoposang has a large area of coral reefs
 - D. Kapoposang always has good weather
 - E. Kapoposang is surrounded by deep blue waters

The following text is for questions 26 to 27.

PT EUREKA

Jl. Jendral Sudirman 112 – 116

Palembang

May 21, 2011

PT Internusa
Jl. Gatot Subroto
Jakarta

Dear Sir or Madam:

We are interested in becoming a distributor for your software products in Palembang. Would you please send us your latest catalogs, brochures, and term of agreement?

We are hardware company and eager to add software products to our sales offering. Our report is enclosed.

We look forward to hearing from you soon.

Sincerely yours,

Imam Subagio
Chairman

The following text is for questions 28 to 30.

Remote sensing is the acquisition of information about an object or phenomenon, without making physical contact with the object. In modern usage, the term generally refers to the use of aerial sensor technology to detect and classify objects on Earth (both on the surface, and in the atmosphere and oceans) by means of propagated signals (e.g. electromagnetic radiation emitted from aircraft or satellites).

There are two main types of remote sensing: passive remote sensing and active remote sensing. Passive sensors detect natural radiation that is emitted or reflected by the object or surrounding area being observed. Reflected sunlight is the most common source of radiation measured by passive sensors. Examples of passive remote sensors include film photography, infra-red, charge-coupled devices, and radiometers. Active collection, on the other hand, emits energy in order to scan objects and areas whereupon a sensor then detects and measures the radiation that is reflected or backscattered from the target. RADAR and LIDAR are examples of active remote sensing where the time delay between emission and return is measured, stabilizing the location, height, speed, and direction of an object.

26. Why did PT. Eureka have a letter PT. Internusa?

- A. They are in the sales offering
- B. The distributors like to add them in their offering
- C. There are latest catalogue and brochure to be added to the product
- D. PT Eureka proposed to become a distributor for PT. Internusa products
- E. The distributors like to the product send and combine it with other products

27. We know from the letter that

- A. PT Eureka is a distributor of PT Internusa
- B. PT Eureka is a successful hardware company
- C. PT Eureka has not sold software before
- D. PT Eureka will get the products soon
- E. PT Eureka will get the answer soon

28. From the text we know that remote sensing

- A. is a way to obtain information about an object or phenomenon
- B. does not difficult to do
- C. makes physical contact with the object
- D. does not make use of sensors
- E. does not make use propagated signals

29. What is the main idea of the second paragraph?

- A. Active sensing is better than passive sensing
- B. The energy in sunlight is important for remote sensing
- C. Passive sensing is not as strong as active sensing

- D. The source of energy radiated for sensing determines whether it is the active or passive type
- E. Active remote sensing and passive remote sensing are equally useful for the development of knowledge and technology

30. Based on the text we can say that

- A. Remote sensing is expensive technology
- B. Remote sensing is useful for transportation
- C. We can apply the technology to study animals
- D. Medical science can be improved through remote sensing
- E. Remote sensing make it possible to collect information of an object in a dangerous area

This following text is for questions 31 to 32.

From: Rp 409.000++*
per room per night

*Indonesians and
KITAS holders*

Whether you're traveling in Indonesia on business, or taking a relaxing holiday break, you'll find the same guaranteed hospitality at all Prime Plaza Hotels & Resorts. A friendly welcome, attentive service and the personal touch, it's always prime time at Prime Plaza.

* Terms and conditions apply

The Signature of Indonesian Hospitality

SANUR PARADISE *Plaza* SUITES JOGJAKARTA *Plaza* HOTEL

SANUR PARADISE *Plaza* HOTEL KOTA BUKIT INDAH *Plaza* HOTEL

BALI *Dyally* RESORT SURABAYA *Plaza* HOTEL



PRIME PLAZA
Hotels & Resorts

31. What aspect of the service is promoted in the advertisement of Prime Plaza?

- A. The personal touch
- B. The hospitality
- C. The relaxing programs
- D. The low price
- E. The friendly welcome

32. What is the text about?

- A. The characteristics of tourist-Resorts
- B. The promotion of Hotel and Resorts
- C. The description of spa and Beauty House
- D. Hotel training for their hospitality
- E. Service competition between groups of apartments

This following text is for questions 33 to 35.

Being on time is a beautiful social ethic and one of great importance, as it creates efficiency in systems and implies respect for one another. However, it is one the many values that is not easy for our students to learn.

Inner discipline, one that comes from an understanding of the set rules and regulations, is the highest form of the behaviour. Most excellent schools try to instill this with a loving environment. Why, even adults arrive late to meetings, work, etc. Here, we do not agree that late comers should be shut out. They can be given warnings, most of which are enough to make them try their best to reach the school on time later. If this fails, invite their parents to school.

By closing the gates, the school is behaving cruelly, to which we prefer not to expose our children. Every school has a responsibility to implant good educational principle, but it should be in appropriate ways. Good schools create competitive students who can organize themselves effectively in society, so that everyone gets a quality life as a result of ethics and values learned for as long as 12 years.

Children are precious and dependent on the adults for guidance. Understanding them is the key, and to this end, both parents and schools must work hand in hand without playing the blame game.

33. What should the school do if a student can't stop his/her habit to come late to school?

- A. Punish him/her
- B. Shut him/her out
- C. Fail him/her
- D. Talk to his/her parents
- E. Try to understand him/her

34. What does the writer think to be "the highest form of behaviour" (in the second paragraph)?

- A. Respect for one another
- B. Not being late to school
- C. Understanding the regulations

- D. Understanding the rules
- E. Inner discipline

35. "Children are precious and dependent on the adults for guidance"

The underlined word is closest in meaning to

- A. Valuable
- B. Excellent
- C. Clever
- D. Innocent
- E. Naive

This text is for number 36 to 38.

Will solar energy ever be a main source of energy for industrial societies? The solar energy is cheaper than any fossil fuel because we can get the abundant source of energy from the sun.

In sunny deserts, the sun's radiation that reaches the ground can be used to produce electricity for industries and homes. In one of experiment, solar ponds can produce hot water to drive generators.

Unfortunately, we can't power our homes entirely on sunlight. Solar energy can only be exploited in bright light. Its great potential, therefore, is in countries that have clear skies for most of the year. Most houses, however, are not in the sunniest part of the world. In addition to convert sunlight directly into electricity, solar cells are needed. Although they are very cheap to turn, relatively they are expensive to buy and many people can't afford them.

36. Which of the following can produce hot water to drive generators?
- A. Solar car
 - B. Solar cells
 - C. Solar ponds
 - D. Solar heating
 - E. Solar batteries
37. Which of the following statements does not agree with the text?
- A. Solar energy can only be harnessed in bright sunlight

- B. The solar energy is cheaper than any other fossil fuel
- C. Solar energy is non-polluted
- D. Solar ponds produce hot water to drive generators
- E. The main important device to harness the solar energy is cheap

38. From the text, we know that

- A. Converting solar energy into electricity is expensive
- B. Solar energy generators can be found in most houses
- C. It is easy to convert solar energy into electricity
- D. The potential source of solar energy can only be found in desert areas
- E. Most of people in bright sunny areas use solar energy

This text is for questions 39 to 41.

A natural disaster is a terrible accident, e.g. a great flood, a big fire, or an earthquake. It usually causes great suffering and loss of a large sum of money. The casualties are injured or died. Some people are homeless and need medical care.

Floods occur when the water of rivers, lakes, or stream overflow their banks and pour out into the surrounding land. Floods are caused by many different things. Often heavy rainstorms that last for a brief time can cause a flood. But not all heavy storms are followed by flooding. If the surrounding land is flat and can absorb the water, no flooding will occur. If, however, the land is hard and rocky, heavy rain cannot be absorbed. Where the banks are low, a river may overflow and flood adjacent lowland.

In many parts of the world floods are caused by tropical storms called hurricanes or typhoons. They bring destructive winds of high speed, torrents of rain, and flooding. When a flood occurs, the destruction to the surrounding land can be severe. Whole villages and towns are sometimes swept away by water

pouring swiftly over the land. Railroad tracks and buckles are uprooted from their beds. Highways are washed away.

When a building caught fire, the firemen pitched in to help battle the blaze. Before the pumps were invented, people formed bucket brigades to fight fires. Standing side by side, they formed a human chain from the fire to nearby well or river. They passed buckets of water from hand to hand to be poured on the flames.

The damage of fire did depend a great deal on where it happened. In the country or a small village, only a single house might burn down. But in crowded cities, fire often destroyed whole blocks and neighborhoods before being controlled.

39. What can possibly prevent rivers and lakes from overflowing?
- A. An absorbent bed
 - B. A rocky surrounding
 - C. A low land
 - D. A high bank
 - E. A high road
40. We know from the text that
- A. River can sweep heavy flood
 - B. People can make money from flood
 - C. The destruction by flood is always less severe
 - D. Water flood is absorbed by land directly
 - E. Typhoons caused heavy flood
41. We know from the text that
- A. The pump is the only tool used by fire fighters now
 - B. The pump helps people to fight fires more efficiently
 - C. Fires in big cities are always very big
 - D. People no longer use buckets to control fire
 - E. Only firemen can control fires in crowded cities

This text is for questions 42 to 44.

I, Milton Friedman was born on July 31, 1921, in Brooklyn, N.Y., the fourth and last child and first son of Sarah Ethel (Landau) and Jeno Saul Friedman. My parents were born in Carpatho-Ruthenia of the Soviet Union, They emigrated to the U.S. in their teens, meeting in New York. When I was a year old, my parents moved to Rahway, N.J., a small town about 20 miles from New York City.

I was awarded a competitive scholarship to Rutgers University. I graduated from Rutgers in 1932. I financed the rest of my college expenses by the usual mixture of waiting at tables, clerking in a retail store, occasional entrepreneurial ventures, and summer earnings. Shortly, however, I became interested in economics.

In economics, I had the good fortune to be exposed to two remarkable men: Arthur F. Burns and Homer Jones. Arthur Burns shaped my understanding of economics research, introduced me to the highest scientific standards, and became a guiding influence on my subsequent career. Homer Jones introduced me to rigorous economic theory, made economics exciting and relevant, and encouraged me to go on to graduate work. On his recommendation, the Chicago Economics Department offered me a tuition scholarship. As it happened, I was also offered a scholarship by Brown University in Applied Mathematics, but, by that time, I had definitely transferred my primary allegiance to economics. In 1976 I won the Nobel Memorial Prize in Economics for my achievements in the fields of consumption analysis, monetary history and theory and for his demonstration of the complexity of stabilization policy. In 1977, at age 65, I retired from the University of Chicago after teaching there for 30 years.

42. Who influenced Milton Friedman on economic research?
- A. Sarah Ethel
 - B. Jeno Friedman
 - C. Arthur F. Burns

- D. Homer Jones
- E. Alfred Nobel

43. What is the main idea of paragraph 3?
- A. Milton Friedman was very committed in his interest and talent in economics
 - B. Homer Jones shaped Milton Friedman understanding of economic research
 - C. Arthur Burns introduced Milton Friedman to rigorous economic theory
 - D. Brown University offered Milton Friedman a tuition scholarship
 - E. Milton Friedman was offered a scholarship by the Chicago Economics Department in Applied Mathematics
44. What did Milton Friedman do in financing his college expenses?
- A. He was a teacher during summer
 - B. He had a job in entrepreneur company
 - C. He worked as a clerk in a retail store
 - D. He sold tables to people
 - E. He taught economics in the university

This text is questions 45 and 46.

'Laskar Pelangi': The Audacity of Hope

This is a movie adapted from a best-selling Indonesian novel. It took 40 days of filming on Belitung Island, Bangka-Belitung province. Involving 12 local actors, it reportedly cost Rp8 billion. With all the efforts of transforming *Laskar Pelangi* (Rainbow Warrior) into a moving picture, will it satisfy readers' imaginations?

Laskar Pelangi, the novel, was written by Andrea Hirata in 2005, based on his own experiences. It is about an inspiring teacher and her 10 students in the poverty-stricken Kampung Gantong in Belitung. The poor condition of their school building does not dampen their high spirits and hopes for a better future.

Two years later, the novel became a phenomenon in Indonesia literature. With its humanistic touch, *Laskar Pelangi* has sold more than 500,000 copies and has won the

position of Must-Read Novel in every corner of the nation's bookshops and media review pages. It has finally overcome the domination of teen-lit, chick-lit and even religious novels, the popular theme of today.

Andrea entrusted the filming of the story to the respected figures in the film industry, Mira Lesmana and Riza, as producer and film director. In July 2007, Mira and Riri started the per-production, which took a year to finish. Together with the scriptwriter Salman Aristo they decided to create a different scenario for the film.

45. What is the main idea of the second paragraph?
- A. 'Laskar Pelangi' is the story of poor people at the Bangka Belitung province
 - B. 'Laskar Pelangi' is the story of poor school children of the Belitung Island
 - C. 'Laskar Pelangi' is about poverty in Kampung Gantong in Bangka Belitung
 - D. 'Laskar Pelangi' is about an inspiring story towards a better life
 - E. 'Laskar Pelangi' is about Andrea Hirata
46. From the text above, we know that
- A. The movie was played by poor children
 - B. Andrea Hirata is the producer of Laskar Pelangi
 - C. The novel of Laskar Pelangi as a phenomenal work of literature
 - D. People like the movie better than the novel
 - E. People like the novel better than the movie

Questions no 47 to 49 based on the following cloze test.

I recently took a trip to New Hampshire and had what I would call my first genuine (47) ... hiking up a mountain. I've gone up hiking before but this was without a doubt the best experience of my life. My friend, Sean and Madeline (48) ... some pictures during the trip. We need 2 hours straight before we reached the summit. The storm clouds were heading right toward us and you could actually see the rain falling from the cloud. It was like a wall of water moving at an alarmingly (49) ... pace ready to engulf us.

47. ...

- A. Experience
- B. Influence
- C. Experiment
- D. Expedition
- E. Independence

48. ...

- A. Broke
- B. Bought
- C. Brought
- D. Took
- E. Put

49. ...

- A. Wide
- B. Strong
- C. Long
- D. Bright
- E. Fast

50. 1. You can make instant noodles with the help of a microwave
2. Finally, add any items that you want and serve the noodles
3. First, fill the bowl with 2 cups of water and the noodle
4. Microwave it for about three to five minutes
5. Then, take the noodles out of the microwave and pour the seasonings
6. After the microwave beeps, wait for three minutes in the closed microwave
7. Next, stir the noodles until the seasonings dissolve

The best arrangement of the sentences above is

- A. 1 – 7 – 5 – 6 – 2 – 4 – 3
- B. 1 – 3 – 4 – 6 – 5 – 7 – 2
- C. 1 – 2 – 7 – 3 – 6 – 5 – 4
- D. 1 – 4 – 7 – 5 – 2 – 6 – 3
- E. 1 – 4 – 6 – 5 – 2 – 3 – 7

Tryout 2 Tes Kemampuan Akademik (TKA)

Mata Pelajaran : Bahasa Inggris
Jenjang : SMA/MA
Program Studi : IPA

TKA BAHASA INGGRIS

Listening Section

In this section of the test, you will have the chance to show how well you understand spoken English. There are four parts to this section with special direction for each part.

PART 1

Questions 1 to 4.

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear some dialogues and questions spoken in English. The dialogues and the questions will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying.

After you listen to the dialogue and the question about it, read the five possible answers, and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have heard. Now listen to a sample question.

You will hear:

- Man : I give up! I'll stop learning French.
Women : Why do you say that? You are making a lot of progress.
Man : No, I'm not. I've tried hard but still I cannot speak it well.
Woman : How come? you can speak Arabic, Hindi, Japanese and even Russian well, can't you?
Narrator : What language is difficult for the man to learn?

- A. Hindi.
- B. Arabic.
- C. French.
- D. Russian.
- E. Japanese.

The best answer to this question is "French".
Therefore you should choose answer (C).

- 1. A. Job vacancy
- B. Job interview
- C. Printing company
- D. Getting high salary
- E. Finding a job

- 2. A. A novel
 - B. A comic
 - C. A magazine
 - D. A science book
 - E. An English Grammar book
-
- 3. A. The exam is easy
 - B. This time will not fly
 - C. The exam is in three weeks
 - D. He knows many things about the exam
 - E. He still has three days for the exam preparation
-
- 4. A. She came to Nisa's party
 - B. She couldn't make a party
 - C. She had to go to a doctor
 - D. She invited the man to a party
 - E. She didn't go to Nisa's party

PART II

Questions : 5 to 7.

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear some incomplete dialogues spoken in English, followed by four responses, also spoken in English. The dialogues and the responses will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying. You have to choose the best response to each question.

Now listen to a sample question.

- Man : Hey, Cindy could you do me a favour?
Woman : What can I do for you?
Man : Would you mind going to the post office to send my letter?
Woman :
Narrator : What is the woman's possible response ?

- A. I am all out. Sorry.
- B. I love to write letters
- C. Sure, by all means
- D. It's next to the police station

Narrator : The best answer to the question is: "Sure, by all means." Therefore you should choose answer (C).

5. Mark your answer on your answer sheet.
6. Mark your answer on your answer sheet.
7. Mark your answer on your answer sheet.

PART III

Questions 8 to 11.

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear some dialogues or monologues spoken in English. The dialogues or monologues will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying. After you listen to the dialogue or monologue, look at the five pictures provided in your test book, and decide which would be the most suitable one with the dialogue or monologue you have heard.

8. A.



B.



C.



D.



E.



9. A.



B.



C.



D.



E.



10. A.



B.



C.



D.



E.



11. A.



B.



C.



D.



E.



PART IV

Questions 12 to 15.

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear several monologues. Each monologue will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying.

After you hear the monologue and the question

about it, read the five possible answers and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have heard.

Questions 12 and 13 are based on the following monologue.

12. A. Paris
B. The Louvre
C. Notre Dame
D. The crowded city
E. The City of Light
13. A. The Louvre
B. The Cathedral
C. The Eiffel Tower
D. The lovely garden
E. The light structure

Questions 14 and 15 are based on the following monologue.

14. A. Other beasts
B. The water
C. The frogs
D. A lake
E. A horse
15. A. They ate an animal.
B. They lived in a lake
C. They saw wild horses
D. They went somewhere
E. They jumped into water

This is the end of the listening section

The following text is for questions 16 and 17.

Simatupang and Partners Law Firm

is pleased to announce that they have opened their law practice on September 1, 2012 in 4 different cities

New clients are welcome

A law firm for all family matters:

Real estate, estate planning & administration, traffic, personal injury divorce/custody/support, wills/trust, adoption, and home visits

Main office : Jalan Kebayoran 5 Bandung
Branches : Jalan Angsana Timur 456 Jakarta
Jalan Agiwiyata 688 Surabaya
Jalan Surabaya 343 Bogor

A new branch office in Semarang will open next month.

16. According to the text, clients who live in Surabaya can go to branch office for consultation.
A. Jalan Kebayoran 5
B. Jalan Angsana Timur 456
C. Jalan Agiwiyata 688
D. Jalan Surabaya
E. Semarang
17. Form the text, we know that
A. the law firm has six offices
B. the main office is in Surabaya
C. the office has four branch offices now
D. they recently opened a branch in Bandung
E. they will soon have five offices in Indonesia

The following text is for questions 18 and 19.

Hotel work:

One Month Training Course

Suitable young men and women are invited to apply for places on the one month training course on hotel work organized by the Hong Kong Institute of Hotel Management. Tuition is free of charge and students who successfully complete the course will be offered employment in the Colony's leading hotels.

The Training Course will take place from Monday 21st July to Friday 22nd August, from 9 a.m. to 4.30 p.m. daily, except Saturdays and Sundays.

Applications for places on the course are welcome for students now in their third year at

secondary school, who have good knowledge of English, and have interest in hotel work.

Application forms may be obtained from:

The Hong Kong Institute of Management,
Box 948,
The South China Times.

The closing date for applications is April 29th

18. Those who successfully complete the course will be given

- A. free tuition
- B. a further training course
- C. jobs in big hotels in the colony
- D. a chance to stay in the colony's leading hotels for one month
- E. membership of the Hong Kong Institute of Hotel Management

19. What requirement is needed by an applicant to apply for the hotel work training?

- A. Able to speak Mandarin
- B. Secondary school graduate
- C. Good knowledge of English
- D. Reputable university graduate
- E. 2-year experience in hotel work

The following text is for questions 20 to 22.

Vegetarians, about 3.2% of the US population, do not eat meat. The US Department of Agriculture does not only include meat as part of a balanced diet, but it also states that a vegetarian diet can meet "the recommended dietary allowances for nutrients."

Many proponents of vegetarianism say that eating meat harms health, wastes resources, causes deforestation, and created pollution. They offer argue that killing animals for food is cruel and since non-animal food sources

are plentiful.

Humans evolved to be primarily vegetarian. Humans do not have the large mouth or long, pointed teeth of carnivores. Human teeth are short and flat for chewing fibrous food. The liver of a carnivore can detoxify the excess vitamin A absorbed from a meat-based diet. The human liver cannot excess vitamin A.

It is unnecessary to take an animal's life when vegetarian options are available. In the US about 35 million cows, 115 million pigs, and 9 billion birds are killed for food each year. These animals should not have to die to satisfy an unnecessary dietary preference.

On the other hand, many opponents of a vegetarian diet say that moderate meat consumption is healthful, humane and that producing vegetables causes many of the same enviromental problems as producing meat.

Eating meat is not cruel or unethical. Every organism on earth dies, at some points, so others can live. There is nothing wrong with this cycle; it is how nature work. Humans have been eating meat in the ancestral diet provided a dense form of nutrients and protein that, when combined with high-calorie low-nutrient carbohydrate such as roots, allowed us to develop our large brains and intelligence.

Meat is the most convenient protein sources since it provides all 10 essential proteins (amino acids), as well as essential nutrients such as iron, zinc, and the B vitamins, in one serving. Most individual plant foods do not provide adequate levels of all 100 essential proteins in a single serving.

In my opinion, meat eaters don't need to feel guilty. Everything we consume, including vegetables or meat, has environmental, ethical, and health consequences.

20. The proponents of vegetarianism believe that....
- A. moderate meat consumption is healthful
 - B. killing animals for food is cruel and unethical
 - C. animals can only be killed in an appropriate way
 - D. the liver of a carnivore can not excess vitamin A
 - E. humans do not need meat to develop their brains
21. The sixth paragraph is an argument
- A. against animal killing for food
 - B. for our ancestor's diet
 - C. for meat consumption
 - D. for the vegetarianism
 - E. against vegetarianism
22. All in all, the writer seems to disagree with the arguments stated by
- A. the US Departement of Agriculture
 - B. proponents of vegetarianism
 - C. opponents of vegetarianism
 - D. animal lovers
 - E. meat eaters

The following text is for questions 23 to 25.

My family of three went to see an early screening of the new Disney movie, "Brave" yesterday, so I thought I would write a quick "mommy" review of the movie.

Disney definitely breaks the standard "Disney Princess" mold with this movie as Princess Merida is a fun, outgoing and wild girl that for once is not in search for the love of a prince. The characters in the movie are entertaining and I loved the way that the Scottish culture comes out in the movie. I found myself wishing for more music though,

which is one of the things that I truly love about past Disney movies. I would compare this movie more with "Shrek" than a movie like "Tangled".

As to the age of the kids that would like this movie I would have to say maybe 5 years old and up. The movie is not quite engaging enough for very young viewers, which was a little disappointing for our three years old. There were parts of the movie that our daughter enjoyed, but it is engaging enough for younger viewers in the audience and made them cry, so be forewarned of this if you are bringing children under the age of five years old.

I've always been a big fan Disney movies so on a 5-star scale I would rate this 4-star movie. It's definitely not a favourite, but I give it four star for the relationship that build between Merida and her mother. I think this offers a great lesson to appreciate your family and truly listen to each others need and concerns.

23. What does the writer think of the music in "Brave"?
- A. Too much
 - B. Too little
 - C. Wild enough
 - D. Demonstrative
 - E. Very beautiful
24. What does the reviewer think of the movie?
- A. It is definitely not the favourite
 - B. It has a good music composition
 - C. It is the same as the other Disney movies
 - D. It does not have any lesson for the children
 - E. It gives a bad impression of a mom and a daughter

25. How does the writer feel about the movie?

- A. Amazed
- B. Frustrated
- C. Appreciative
- D. Disappointed
- E. Not worthy enough

The following text is for questions 26 to 28.

Glasses—also called eyeglasses (formal), spectacles, or specs (informal)—are frames bearing lenses worn in front of the eyes, normally for vision correction or eye protection. Safety glasses are kind of eye protection against flying debris or against visible and near visible light or radiation. Sunglasses allow better vision in bright daylight, and may protect against damage from high levels of ultraviolet light. Other types of glasses may be used for viewing visual information (such as stereoscopy) or simply just for aesthetic or fashion values.

Historical types of glasses include the pince-nez, monocle, lorgnette, and scissors or scissors-glasses.

Modern glasses are typically supported by pads on the bridge of the nose and by temple arms (sides) placed over the ears. CR-39 lenses are the most common plastic lenses due to their low weight, high scratch resistance, low dispersion, and low transparency to ultraviolet and infrared radiation. Polycarbonate and Trivex lenses are the lightest and most shatter-resistant, making them the best for impact protection.

An unpopular aspect of glasses is their inconvenience. Even through the creation of light frames such as those made of titanium, very flexible frames and new lens materials and optical coatings, glasses can still cause problems during rigorous sport, Visibility

can be significantly reduced by becoming greasy, trapping vapour when eating hot food, swimming, walking in rain or rapid temperature changes (such as walking into a warm building from cold temperature outside). Scraping, fracturing, or breakage of the lenses require time—consuming and costly professional repair, though modern plastic lenses are almost indestructible and very scratch—resistant.

26. What is one good point of CR – 39 lenses?

- A. It is cheap
- B. It is the lightest
- C. It is not easily scratched
- D. Infrared can not get through it
- E. Ultraviolet can not get through it

27. Why do people like frames made of titanium?

- A. It is light
- B. It is cheap
- C. It is strong
- D. It is flexible
- E. It is scratch resistant

28. At the workshop or repair shops, the mechanic puts on glasses to....

- A. protect against debris
- B. avoid sun radiation
- C. make good looking
- D. protect against ultraviolet light
- E. view visual information

Questions 29 to 31: complete the following text with the words provided

One day, Archie, his brother and sister (29)... a hike in the hills. On their way to the hill a growl and a bark were heard somewhere nearby. The sound scared them so much that they started to cry. Archie's brother and sister ran quickly away as the wolf chase, but Archie

did not run. He stayed there in (30)... With an angry look Archie showed no fear at all. He yelled at the wolf and it turned right around. It was (31)... of him that it slipped on the ground. The wolf ran away through the trees, quickly out of his sight. When his brother and his sister saw what Archie did, they thought that Archie was truly a courageous kid.

29. A. climbed down
B. went through
C. visited for
D. went for
E. left out
30. A. the way
B. his sight
C. his place
D. the ground
E. their place
31. A. scared
B. pleased
C. annoyed
D. terrified
E. shocked
32. **Arrange the sentences below into a good order.**
Let's Laund our Clothes:
1. Press the 'on' bottom.
2. Set the timer.
3. First, load the washing machine with dirty clothes.
4. Put the clean clothes in the clothes basket.
5. Then add 1 or 2 cups of washing powder.
6. Now hang the clothes on the clothes line.
7. Now open the lid and unload the machine.
- A. 3 – 5 – 2 – 4 – 1 – 6 – 7
B. 3 – 5 – 2 – 1 – 7 – 4 – 6
C. 3 – 1 – 2 – 6 – 4 – 5 – 7

- D. 3 – 1 – 5 – 2 – 4 – 7 – 6
E. 3 – 4 – 5 – 7 – 2 – 1 – 6

The following text is for questions 33 to 35.

Faster planes and cheaper flights are making it easier than ever before for people to travel. In the most 'developed' societies, visiting exotic places is a sought-after status symbol. The tourism industries of both developed and developing countries have recognised this fact and are learning to take advantage of it.

There are, however, some problems associated with this new industry. Firstly, there is the increasing crime rate. Some locals see tourists as an easy prey because, not only are they in unfamiliar territory and therefore less able to take care of themselves, but also they carry visible items of wealth, such as cameras and jewelery which can be disposed of quickly for profit.

Another major problem is health. With greater mobility comes greater danger of spreading contagious diseases around the world. One carrier returning home could easily start an epidemic before their illness was diagnosed. Moreover, the emergence of many diseases which resist antibiotics is causing scientists to be increasingly concerned about this issue.

Also to be considered is the natural environment, which can be seriously threatened by too many visitors. Australia's Great Barrier Reef, for example, is in danger of being destroyed by tourists and there are plans to restrict visitors to some of the more delicate coral cays.

These are just three of the reasons why any country should be wary of committing itself to an extensive tourism development program.

33. Why does the natural environment become one of the serious problem associated with the faster planes and cheaper flight? Because

- A. it easily started an epidemic before their illness was diagnosed
- B. it can be destroyed by too many visitors
- C. the health problem will increase
- D. they carry visible item of wealth
- E. it can increase crime rate

34. Why is the crime rate increasing due to the new industry?

- A. Some tourists carry visible items of wealth
- B. The tourists are spreading contagious diseases
- C. The government is planning to restrict visitors to some coral cays
- D. The new industry makes the number of unemployment increase
- E. The tourists come by plane

35. "One carrier returning home could easily start an epidemic before their illness was diagnosed." (Paragraph 3)

The underlined word means....

- A. found
- B. observed
- C. identified
- D. examined
- E. healed

The following text is for questions 36 to 38.

Jakarta post: Researches have found a technique to quickly assess disorders in babies. This new method, published Wednesday in the magazine Science Translational Medicine, is a proof of concept that it's possible to quickly scan a baby's entire DNA and pinpoint a disease-causing mutation in a couple of days instead of the

more typical weeks as months. The study investigation to four babies said that the test could be one of the first partial fruits of the revolution in sequencing an individual's entire DNA.

The idea behind the test is to take advantage of what is known about disease symptoms to narrow the search for genetic. And that is a good step in the right direction, said Dr. Joe Gray, an expert in genome analysis at Oregon Health and Science University. "It's a big genome," said Dr. Joe Gray, who was not involved with the study. "How do you know what part of it to search?"

While more research needs to be done before the test is ready for widespread use, he applauded the effort "If people don't push the envelope like this, then we won't get there," Dr. Gray said.

36. What is the text about?

- A. The test for healthy genetic.
- B. Disease symptoms in babies.
- C. Health analysis demonstration.
- D. DNA scan technique for babies.
- E. Medical research of disease symptoms.

37. Besides scanning a baby's DNA, the new method....

- A. shows disease symptoms
- B. detects its physical disorder
- C. points out its health condition
- D. explains its physical condition
- E. describes its physical appearance

38. "... he applauded the effort ..." (Paragraph 3). The underlined word is closest in meaning to....

- A. clapped hands
- B. appreciated
- C. encouraged
- D. objected
- E. refused

The following text is for questions 39 to 41.

Schumacher to retire again

Michael Schumacher announced his retirement from formula one for the second time at the age of 43 on Thursday after failing to rekindle his old Ferrari magic in a disappointing comeback with Mercedes.

The team had already announced last week that the seven-time world champion, winner of a record 91 races in a career that started in 1991, would be replaced by McLaren's Lewis Hamilton for the start of the 2013 campaign.

Schumacher told reporters, packed into the confined space of the tented Mercedes hospitality at the Suzuka circuit ahead of Sunday's Japanese Grand Prix that his decision came as a relief.

"I have decided to retire by the end of the year, although I am still able and capable to compete with the best drivers that are around," he declared, reading from a statement.

"But at some point, it is good to say goodbye. And that is what I am doing here ... and might this time be forever," he smiled.

Schumacher first retirement came at the end of 2006, after he had won five titles in a row with Ferrari from 2000 and won two with the Benetton in 1994 and 1995.

That departure proved premature, with the most successful driver in 62-year history of the sport unable to resist the allure of a return with Mercedes. Schumacher said he now wanted to enjoy his last six races-Reuters

39. How did Schumacher wanted to end his career? He wanted
- A. to become the best driver
 - B. to enjoy his last six races

- C. to retire by the end of the year
- D. to say goodbye through reporters
- E. to drive Mercedes first

40. From the text we learn that Schumacher....
- A. started his career before 1991
 - B. has announced his retirement 3 times
 - C. will reach the age of 43 on Thursday
 - D. will be replaced by Lewis Hamilton of Ferrari
 - E. failed to comeback with satisfying result with Mercedes
41. What is the main idea of the second paragraph?
- A. Schumacher began his career in 1991
 - B. The team announced Michael Schumacher's retirement
 - C. Schumacher has won the World Champion seven times
 - D. Schumacher will be replaced by Lewis Hamilton
 - E. Schumacher is a winner of a record 91 times

The following text is for questions 42 to 44.

THE SCIENTIST HELP SHEEP DIES

Keith Campbell, a prominent biologist who worked on cloning Dolly the sheep, died at 58, the University of Nottingham said Thursday. Campbell, who had worked on animal improvement and cloning since 1999, died October 5, 2012, University spokesman Tim Utton said. He did not specify the cause, only saying that Campbell had worked at the University until his death.

He began researching animal cloning at the Roslin Institute near Edinburgh in 1991. In 1996 the experiments led to the birth of Dolly the sheep, the first mammal to be cloned from an adult cell.

The sheep was named after the voluptuous singer Dolly Parton. Researchers at the time said that the sheep was created from a mammary gland cell, and that Parton offered an excellent example.

The creation of the sheep captured the public imagination and instantly became a scientific sensation. The experiments drew not only admiration but also anger from some who raised questions about the ethics of cloning. Animal rights activists were outraged, while the church of England expressed reservations. Dolly was put down in 2003 after she developed a lung disease. Campbell's interest in cellular growth dated back to his college days studying microbiology in London.

42. Which of the following statements is TRUE according to the text?

- A. Campbell never felt leaving for the university.
- B. Campbell stopped working because of his sickness.
- C. Campbell focused his research dealing with humans.
- D. Campbell started researching animal cloning as his experiments.
- E. Campbell focused his research not only on the animal experiments.

43. Why did the experiments not draw admiration perfectly?

- A. Animal rights activists were outraged.
- B. The public imagination became a scientific sensation.
- C. Some people felt dissatisfied with the experiment results
- D. Some people were angry from their question about the ethics of cloning.
- E. The experiments did not show the representative results of the cloning ethics.

44. Why was the sheep named after Dolly Parton?

- A. The researchers admired her.
- B. She was a voluptuous singer.
- C. She was a very popular singer.
- D. The mammary gland cell was taken from her.
- E. She was the one who inspired the researchers.

The following text is for questions 45 to 46

Dear Mr. Budi Santoso
Sales Manager
Sindang Maju Ltd.

I am writing to inform you of my resignation from the position of sales executive. My last day of work will be March 10, 2013. I have signed an employment contract with another company. I would like to express my appreciation for your excellent leadership in the company. I have learned a lot about direct selling. These skills will be valuable in my future career. I have been fortunate to be employed by Sindang Maju. I have learned that putting customer first is important in today's competitive environment.

I will do my best to finish my project before my leaving.

Sincerely,

Nadia Utami
Sales Executive

45. Nadia will quit working at Sindang Maju because she....

- A. has been offered a position in another company
- B. has signed a contract with another company
- C. is disappointed with Sindang Maju

- D. want to have a better career
- E. wants a better payment

46. From Nadia's letter, we know that she
- A. promises to finish her project before leaving Sindang Maju.
 - B. is promoted to another position in the same company.
 - C. is fired from her current position and seeks another job.
 - D. quits the job at Sindang Maju to pursue higher salary.
 - E. continues working at Sindang Maju as an assistant.

The following text is for questions 47 to 50.

Tsunami

Tsunami occurs when major fault under the ocean floor suddenly slips. The displaced rock pushes water above it like a giant paddle, producing powerful water waves at the ocean surface. The ocean waves spread out from the vicinity of the earthquake source and move across the ocean until they reach the coastline, where their height increases as they reach the continental shelf, the part of the earth crust that slopes, or rises, from the ocean floor up to the land.

A tsunami washes ashore with often-disastrous effects such as severe flooding, loss of lives due to drowning and damage to property.

A tsunami is a very large sea wave that is generated by a disturbance along the ocean floor. This disturbance can be an earthquake, a landslide, or a volcanic eruption. A tsunami is undetectable far out in the ocean, but once it reaches shallow water, this fast traveling wave grows very large.

47. Tsunami happens because
- A. the displaced rock pushes water above it
 - B. a major fault under the ocean floor slips suddenly
 - C. the ocean waves spread out from the vicinity of the source
 - D. the waves moves across the ocean until they reach the beach
 - E. a tsunami is undetectable far out in the ocean
48. What are the impacts of tsunami?
- A. The part of the Earth's crust that slopes, or rises, from the ocean floor down to the land
 - B. A tsunami washes ashore with often disastrous effects such as flooding and loss of lives
 - C. A tsunami is a very large sea wave which is not generated by a disturbance a long the ocean floor
 - D. A tsunami is detectable far out in the ocean
 - E. Once tsunami reaches shallow water, the wave never grows very large
49. We understand from the text that tsunami....
- A. causes the movement of earth
 - B. forms a new shape of coastline
 - C. makes unfortunate event
 - D. rises a new coastal land
 - E. displaces rocks to land
50. "... producing powerful water waves at the ocean surface."
- The synonym of the underlined word is....
- A. fast
 - B. deep
 - C. quick
 - D. strong
 - E. weak

Tryout 3 Tes Kemampuan Akademik (TKA)

Mata Pelajaran : Bahasa Inggris
Jenjang : SMA/MA
Program Studi : IPA

TKA BAHASA INGGRIS

Listening Section

In this section of the test, you will have the chance to show how well you understand spoken English. There are four parts to this section with special directions for each part.

PART I

Questions 1 to 4

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear some

dialogues and questions spoke in English. The dialogues and the questions will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying.

After you listen to the dialogue and the question about it, read the five possible answers, and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have heard. Now listen to a sample question.

You will hear:

Man : How can I help you, Mum?

Women : Please buy a kilo of rice, two kilos of sugar, a half kilo of eggs and a pack of tea.

Man : Do you need some chicken nuggets?

Women : No, we still have some in the refrigerator

Narrator: What shouldn't the man buy?

- | | |
|---------|------------|
| A. Eggs | D. Sugar |
| B. Tea | E. Nuggets |
| C. Rice | |

Narrator: The best answer to the question "What shouldn't the man buy?" is nuggets. Therefore you should answer (E)

1.

A. Warm	D. Cooler
B. Drier	E. Very hot
C. Hotter	
2.

A. A sport competition
B. Nation's youth education
C. The country's college student
D. Oil and gas company's science competition
E. Means of educating the nation's youth
3.

A. Take a guava juice
B. Order an orange juice
C. Try an ice tea
D. Order a cola float
E. Drink mineral bottled water
4.

A. He was spy
B. He was a bullfighter
C. He wrote famous stories
D. He wrote about bullfighter
E. He wrote an adventure novel

PART II

Questions 5 to 7

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear some incomplete dialogues spoken in English, followed by four responses, also spoken in English. The dialogues and the responses will be spoken

twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying. You have to choose the best response to each question.

Now listen to a sample question.

Women: Do you have any plans for next weekend?

Man : I am thinking of going mountain climbing.

Women : That's interesting. Can I go with you?

Man : Sure, Do you have any suggestions for activities there?

Women :

Narrator: What does the women probably respond?

- | |
|--|
| A. Sorry, but I don't know much about that |
| B. Yes, we could have a barbeque there |
| C. Yes, I think that mountain is too high |
| D. Yes, I really love mountain climbing |

Narrator : The best answer to the question "What does the women probably respond?" is "Yes, we could have a barbeque there." Therefore you should choose answer (B)

5. Mark your answer on your answer sheet

6. Mark your answer on your answer sheet

7. Mark your answer on your answer sheet

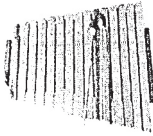
PART III

Questions 8 to 11

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear some dialogues or monologues spoken in English. The dialogues or monologues will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying. After you listen to the dialogue or monologue, look at the five pictures provided in your test book, and decide which would be the most suitable one for the dialogue or monologue you have heard.

8. A.



B.



C.



D.



E.



9. A.



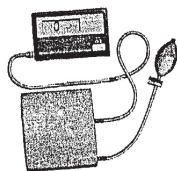
B.



C.



D.



E.



10. A.



B.



C.



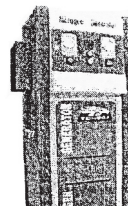
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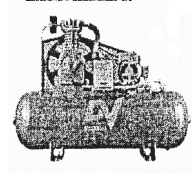
E.



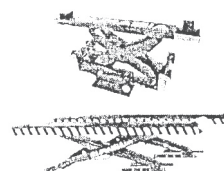
11. A.



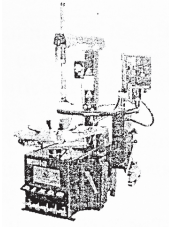
B.



C.



D.



E.



PART IV

Questions 12 to 15

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear several monologues. Each monologue will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying. After you hear the monologue and the question about it, read the five possible answers and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have heard.

Questions 12 and 13 are based on the following monologue.

12. A. Gallery complex
B. Buddhist mythology
C. Cambodia
D. Khmer Empire
E. Angkor Wat
13. A. Old Empire
B. Yosadapura Empire
C. Maru Empire
D. The King Empire
E. Khmer Empire

Questions 14 and 15 are based on the following monologue.

14. A. The poor mouse
B. The prisoners

- C. The frog
- D. The mouse
- E. The hawk

15. A. By using his beak
B. By using his talons
C. By shouting loudly
D. By flying in the sky
E. By observing a mouse

The text is for questions 16 and 17

There is a lot of research on both humans and animals on the effects of caffeine, and there is often thought that too much is bad for us. There is no conclusive evidence to implicate caffeine consumption as being significantly harmful to health, but there still is controversy with this, as there is still some negative effects associated with caffeine consumption. Having some caffeine daily is okay, but using food and exercise strategies listed below will certainly help in reducing fatigue and avoiding caffeine addiction.

Caffeine is a central nervous stimulant and can have some positive effects on the human body. Caffeine in low doses is thought to be associated with an improvement in sporting performance, increased alertness and reduction in fatigue potentially lifting a person's mood. Coffee and tea also contain some antioxidants which have positive effects on heart health.

However, increased amounts of caffeine lead to dependency due to increased tolerance and hence the need for greater amounts to gain the same stimulant benefits. Heavy users who gave up can experience withdrawal symptoms such as headaches and fatigue. Too much caffeine can produce restlessness, nausea and cardiac

16. What is the writer's opinion about the text?
A. Consuming too much coffee is not good for our health
B. Caffeine consumption is significantly harmful to health

- C. Drinking coffee everyday makes us addicted to it
- D. Daily coffee consumption leads to hearth attack
- E. Caffeine can stimulate user's mood and energy

17. "... amounts to gain the same stimulatory benefits." (paragraph 3)

The synonym of the underlined word is

- A. Develop
- B. Obtain
- C. Improve
- D. Collect
- E. Enhance

This text is for questions 18 and 19



This new and unusual building in the downtown business district offers unique opportunities for small to mid-sized tenants to occupy an entire floor.

OFFICE SUITES

From 1,600 to 6,000 square feet are available for immediate occupancy. Commuting is easy, with the subway stop only one block away. It's convenient to shops, restaurants, hotels, and business services.

For leasing information call

303-572-5947

18. What is this advertisement about?

- A. A new office building
- B. Office suites to rent
- C. The unusual building downtown
- D. Office suites to sell
- E. A building in the business district

19. The good point about the office suits is

- A. Furnished
- B. Available in one type size
- C. Far from public places
- D. Several blocks away from subway stop
- E. Easy to reach for commuters

This text is for questions 20 and 22

Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, the prosecution will prove to you that he is the accused. He had the motives, opportunity, and ability to commit the crime and this will be shown in the evidence presented to you.

Firstly, the accused needed money. He was in debt, owing the bank over \$100,000. He had no chance of repaying this; therefore, he needed quick money. That's why he stole the Macquire Diamond.

Secondly, the accused had the opportunity. As a security guard he could come and go from the exhibition of the diamond without causing suspicion. He had a plenty of time on the night of the robbery to take the diamond, hide it and then return to his post before the next guard came on duty.

Finally, the accused had the ability to take the Macquire Diamond. He had knowledge of the alarm system and had keys to unlock the display case. On this evidence you have no other choice but to find him guilty.

20. What is the topic of the text?

- A. Diamond robbery
- B. Eyewitness evidence
- C. Address to the jury
- D. Macquire Diamond
- E. Guilty security

21. The prosecution proves that the security guard was guilty because

- A. Macquire Diamond is very expensive
- B. He was on duty when the diamond was stolen
- C. He had got big amount of money
- D. He had the diamond with him
- E. He broke the alarm system

22. What is the main idea of the second paragraph?

- A. Why the Macquire Diamond was stolen
- B. Where the security guard hide the diamond
- C. The security guard is proven to be in the need of the money

- D. The accused owes the company over \$150.000
- E. Stealing Macquire Diamond makes the accused pays his debt

The text is for numbers 23 and 25

It is probably one of the most important books I've ever read. Not for its heavy philosophy, practical instructions, or memorable quotes; but for its simple message of how wonderful life can be when viewed through the eyes of an innocent child.

Each story is only a page or two, a delightful narrative of how Totto-chan views the world, and how Mr. Kuroyanagi inspires the children to explore, learn, feel, and have joy. There are several charcoal drawings that capture the tenderness of the stories, making us feel a part of Totto-chan's world.

One of my favorite vignettes is the story of losing her hat in the septic tank at the school and proceeds to dig it out. The headmaster walks by, and after a few question to satisfy his curiosity, and hearing her earnest explanations, he lets her continue with the simple instruction, "make sure you put it all back!"

Totto-chan, the Little Girl at the window is a celebration of childhood, learning and caring. We've enjoyed reading one or two stories for bedtime off-and-on for a couple of years, and almost don't want to finish the book because it will mean there are no more stories. Totto-chan seems so real and loveable, and her headmaster is a role model for parents and teachers.

The book is written by Tetsuko Kuroyanagi and translated by Dorothy Britton.

23. What is the text about?
- A. A summary of children biography
 - B. The novel of Totto-chan
 - C. Children's activities
 - D. A description of Mr. Kuroyanagi
 - E. The headmaster and teachers

24. Totto-chan, The Little Girl at the window is a story
- A. Of an innocent children
 - B. Containing philosophy of life
 - C. That teaches us that life is actually wonderful
 - D. That motivates children to explore the world
 - E. That describes good headmasters and teachers
25. According to the text, who inspires the children enjoying their childhood?
- A. Tetsuko Kuroyanagi
 - B. The teachers
 - C. The headmaster
 - D. Dorothy Britton.
 - E. The Little girl

This text is for questions 26 and 27

The Red Bird of Paradise

An Indonesian endangered species, the Red Bird of Paradise is distributed to lowland rainforests of Waigeo and Batanta islands of West Papua. This species shares its home with another bird of paradise, the Wilson's Bird of Paradise. Hybridization between these two species are expected but not recorded yet.

The Bird of Paradise, *Paradisaea rubra*, is large, up to 33 cm long, brown and yellow bird with a dark brown iris, grey legs and yellow bill. The male has an emerald green face, a pair of elongated black corkscrew-shaped tail wires, drak green feather pompoms above each eye and a train of glossy crimson red plumes with whitish tips at either side of the breast.

The male measurea up to 72 cm long, including the ornamental red plumes that require at least six years to fully attain. the female resembles the male but is smaller in size, with a dark brown face and has no ornamental red plumes. The diet consists mainly of fruits, berries, and arthropons.

26. We know from the text that

- A. The female Red Bird of Paradise is bigger than the male
- B. The Red Bird of Paradise is rare nowadays
- C. The Red Bird of Paradise cannot live alone
- D. The Red Bird is as large as the female
- E. The Red Bird of Paradise lives in highland of West Papua

27. "...with a dark brown iris, grey legs and yellow bill ..." (paragraph 2)

The underlined word is closest in meaning to....

- A. Wing
- B. Tail
- C. Breast
- D. Eyes
- E. Beak

The text is for questions 28 and 29

A lot has change in the world since John Doe established "Doe Radio and Television Service". Because we are now a leader in computer and cellular telephone service, we are changing our name to "Doe Electronic Technologies". We think John would be pleased.

As part of this event, we invite you to stop by anytime during the next month to receive a special 20 % discount on any compact discs, computer equipment, or cellular phones. It is always a pleasure to serve you.

28. Which item is on discount 20%?

- A. Radios
- B. Services
- C. Telephones
- D. Televisions
- E. Compact disc

29. "A lot has changgd in the world since John Doe established "Doe Radio.." (paragraph 1)

The underlined word is closest in meaning to....

- A. Founded
- B. Improved
- C. Expanded
- D. Developed
- E. Published

This text is for questions 30 and 32

To Kill a Mockingbird

By Harper Lee

Warner Books

Reviewed by Rodman Phillbrick

I've never been to Alabama, but novelist Harper Lee made me feel as if I had been there in the long, hot summer of 1935, when a lawyer named Atticus Finch decided to defend an innocent black man accused of a horrible crime. The story of how the whole town reacted to the trial is told by the lawyer's daughter, Scout, who remembers exactly what it was like to be eight years old in 1935, in Maycomb, Alabama.

Scout is the reason i loved this book, because her voice rings so clear and true. Not only does she make me see the things she sees, she makes me feel the things she feels. There's a lot more going on than just the trial, and Scout tells you all about it.

A man called Boo Radley lives next door. Very few people have ever seen Boo, and Scout and her friends have a lot fun telling scary stories about him. The mystery about Boo Radley is just one of the reasons you want to keep turning the pages to find out what happens in To Kill a Mockingbird.

To Kill a Mockingbird is filled with interseting characters like Dill, and Scout makes them all seem just as real as the people in your own hometown. Here's how Scout describes Miss Caroline, who wore a redstriped dress:"She looked and smelled like a peppermint drop."

The large theme of the story is about racial intolerance, but Scout never tries to make it a "lesson," it's simply part of the world she describes. That's why To Kill a Mockingbird rings true, and why it all seems so real.

Even though the story took place many years ago, you get the idea that parts of it could happen today, in any town where people distrust and fear each other's differents.

In a just world an innocent man should be found not guilty. But if you want to know what this particular jury finally decides and what happens to Scout and Jem and Dill and Boo Radley and the rest of the people who live and breathe in *To Kill a Mockingbird*, you'll have to read the book.

30. Who is the writer of the Novel "To Kill a Mockingbird"?
- A. Scout D. Atticus Finch
B. Boo Radley E. Rodman Phillbrick
C. Harper Lee
31. According to the reviewer, the book "To Kill a Mockingbird" is ...
- A. challenging D. innocent
B. reasonable E. irrational
C. interesting
32. " Scout and her friends have a lot fun telling scary stories about him." (paragraph 4)
- A. joyful D. frightening
B. interesting E. amusing
C. challenging

The following text is for questions 33 to 35

Kaka was born in Brazilia. From age 4 to 7, his family lived in Cuiaba, following his father, a civil engineer. At age 7, the family moved to the city of Sao Paulo, in the neighborhood of Morumbi, near the stadium of Sao Paulo FC. As FIFA says, "Kaka fails to fit the Brazilia stereo type of the kid from the favela who first played the game in the street with a ball made from rags. Coming from comfortable and cultured family, Kaka kept up his studies as long as they were compatible with his profession."

His talent was soon recognized. A professor called the family and suggested enrolling him in a football school. At age 8, Kaka was playing with Sao Paulo FC, where he succeeded in all categories. At age 14, Kaka used to wake up two hours early, to keep up with his studies. Kaka managed

to conclude the intermediary cycle (eleven years) in Brazil, before dedicating exclusively to football.

In 2006, only 24 years old, Kaka was one of the main Brazilian players in the World Cup. Despite the abundance of good players, coach Carlos Alberto Parreira already said that Kaka would stars as a principle. The groups formed by Kaka, Ronaldinho, Ronaldo, and Adriano was called "the Magic Square" by Brazilian media fans.

33. Having recognized Kaka's talent, the professor suggested that ... in the football school.
- A. He become a supervisor
B. He anroll as a member
C. He accomodate
D. He practice more
E. He spend his free time
34. The main idea of paragraph 3 is
- A. His talent was soon recognized
B. Kaka would stars as a principle
C. "Magic Square" was formed by Kaka, Ronaldinho, Ronaldo, and Adriano
D. a professor suggested Kaka's family enrolling him in a football school
E. Kaka was one of the main Brazilian players in the World Cup

35. "His talent was soon recognized." (paragraph 2)
- The underling word is closest in meaning to....
- A. predicted D. succeeded
B. registered E. identified
C. managed

The text is for questions 36 to 38

**Ragunan Zoo:
Not yet a world class attraction**

The city administraction offered Ragunan Zoo in South Jakarta the financial support it need to become a world-class

tourist destination, but the offer was refused by the management.

Governor Joko "Jokowi" Widodo offered to disburse up to Rp500 billion (US\$45,5 million) for the project, with the only requirement being a master plan that would be valid for a century.

"The preparation to make the blueprint and macro design for the zoo should start now. The administration is ready to release the funds as long as there is a clear program," he said on the sidelines of the public dialogue at the zoo on Tuesday.

The newly installed zoo supervisor, business tycoon Hashim Djojohadikusumo, declined the offer, saying that blueprint could only be formulated next year.

He further insisted "we can request budget funds the following year once we finish collecting public feed back."

Zoo director Marsawitri Gumay said that the zoo was in dire need of more funds to improve infrastructure, such as animal enclosures.

On regular days, the 147-hectare zoo is visited by around 3,000 people, this number rises to 20,000 people on weekends and can reach 60,000 during school holidays. During peak seasons, such as Idul Fitri, visitors can number over 140,000 each day.

"With such a tight budget, we cannot make infrastructure improvements. Most of enclosure need to be replaced, not to mention street vendors who enter the zoo and littering visitors," Marsawitri said.

- A. It replaces most of the enclosures
- B. It is visited by around 3,000 people
- C. It covers its attractions operational costs.
- D. More attractions are shown
- E. It makes the blueprint and macro design

38. "Governor Joko "Jokowi" Widodo offered to disburse up to Rp 500 billion ..." (paragraph 2)

The underlined word is closest in meaning to...

- | | |
|-----------|---------------|
| A. Pay | D. Distribute |
| B. Return | E. Compensate |
| C. Repay | |

This text is for questions 39

Water pollution has been increasing at a worrying rate. If consumed in a contaminated state, it may prove fatal to both – human beings and the environment. Let us find out how this pollution affects the ecological balance and poses a threat to our lives. First, it is agricultural pollution. Excess fertilizers, pesticides and insecticides used for agricultural procedures often get discharged in water bodies right from streams to lakes and seas. Another way water pollution happens is mining activities. During mining, the rock strata is crushed with the help of heavy equipment on a large scale. These rocks are often composed of sulfides and heavy metals, which when combined with water from sulfuric acid and other harmful pollutants. Next, it happens through the so-called sewage water. The leftover or excess water that is left after carrying out domestic and industrial activities is called sewage water which consists of a lot of chemicals, and is left untreated. People flushing medicines and other chemical substances down the toilet has been a cause of concern for the developed countries today. Also, the burning of fossil is another source.

36. What is the text about?

- A. The world class attraction
- B. Ragunan zoo master plan
- C. The world class tourist destination
- D. More fund to improve its infrastructure
- E. Refusal fund by Ragunan Zoo management

37. What happens at Ragunan Zoo on regular days?

39. The main idea of the text is ...
- A. The level of water pollution is determined by its pollutant
 - B. There are different ways for water to be polluted
 - C. Most water around us is heavily polluted
 - D. Water pollution takes different forms
 - E. Water pollution happens every where

This text is for questions 40 and 41

Dear Big Meal's representative

I'm writing to inform you that I had a negative bad experience at your location in Columbus, New Jersey on August 4. My receipt number is 512, and the person who handled my order was Alex.

First of all, I recognize that you, as the reader of this letter, are not responsible for my bad experience, but I am still upset about the situation.

I went to the drive through and ordered seven meals with no pickles. When I received my order, I checked that all of the sandwiches and fries were in the bag paid and drove away. When I got home, I realized my number seven had pickles on it. I'm allergic to pickles, and I didn't want to waste the sandwich, so I drove back to the drive through to explain the situation and get it fixed.

I feel very disappointed with this interaction, as I usually enjoy my experiences at your restaurant. To fix this situation, I would like a coupon for a free meal of my choice.

I think an apology from Alex is also appropriate.

Please contact me at 555.555.5555 or email me back at. jkorkell@email.com. I would like this situation to be resolved so I can continue to be a loyal Big Meal's patron.

Best,
Jim Korkell

40. What is the letter about?
- A. Applying for a job
 - B. Complaining bad service
 - C. Ordering a certain item
 - D. Inquiring Mr Jim Korkell
 - E. Reserved for a meal
41. Who is in charge to take the order of "the drive through service"?
- A. The cashier
 - B. Alex
 - C. Jim Korkell
 - D. The manager
 - E. The customer

42. Arrange the following sentences into the correct and meaningful paragraph!
- (1). As a queen, she was very intelligent, and as a politician she had a great charisma.
 - (2). She had brown eyes and they were shaped like cat eyes. Her skin was in fact an olive shade.
 - (3). She became queen of Egypt in 51 B.C at the age of eighteen.
 - (4). She was famous not only for her breathtaking beauty but also for her great intellect.
 - (5). She was the last Pharaoh of Egypt.
 - (6). One of the most famous woman in world history was Cleopatra VII.

The best arrangement of sentences above is....

- A. 6 – 1 – 2 – 4 – 3 – 5
- B. 6 – 2 – 5 – 1 – 3 – 4
- C. 6 – 5 – 3 – 4 – 2 – 1
- D. 6 – 4 – 5 – 1 – 2 – 3
- E. 6 – 5 – 4 – 3 – 1 – 2

The text is for questions 43 to 46

All human beings eat food and make use of the chemical energy in it, so do all other animals. Perhaps you wonder where all that chemical energy comes from. Why doesn't the food all get used up?

The answer is that new food is being grown as fast as old food is used to. It is the green plants that form the new food. Animals either eat the plants or eat other animals that have eaten plants.

The green substance of plants is chlorophyll. Chlorophyll can absorb sunlight. When it does so, it changes the energy of the sun into chemical energy. The chemical energy present in sunlit chlorophyll is used to combine dioxide in the air with water from the soil. Starch and other complicated compounds are formed. These are high in chemical energy obtained from the sunlit chlorophyll.

They make up the food on which mankind and all other animals live. In the process of forming this food, some oxygen atoms are left over. These are given off into the air by the plants. The whole process is called photosynthesis.

Thus, plants use sunlight to form food and oxygen to form carbon dioxide and water again. Plants change the sun's energy into chemical energy. And animals change the animal energy into kinetic and heat energy.

43. The text is about
- The process of changing chemical energy
 - The formation of carbon dioxide
 - The green substance of plants
 - The process of photosynthesis
 - The use of chemical energy
44. What will happen when the chlorophyll absorbs sunlight? It will
- Change heat into kinetic energy
 - Form complicated compound
 - Make use of heat energy
 - Change kinetic energy into chemical energy
 - Change the sun's energy into chemical energy
45. From the text we know that
- Plant need to heat energy to live
 - All human beings need chemical energy
 - Plants absorb sunlight to produce kinetic energy
 - Chlorophyll is the most important thing in photosynthesis
 - Sun's energy cannot be formed into kinetic energy

46. The green substance of plants is chlorophyll. The underlined word in the above is closest in meaning to ...
- | | |
|----------|-------------|
| A. core | D. essence |
| B. body | E. material |
| C. stuff | |

This text is for questions 47

Globalization has been around for a long time in one shape or another. Trade routes have been operating between different part of the world since ancient times. Now, globalization has extended into other sectors. However, people view its merits differently. The followers of globalization believe that productivity grows in countries that open up their markets and integrate with outside economies as they gain access to wealthy economies where they can sell their goods and services. Next, lesser developed nations benefit from the increase in investment from foreign countries both financially and through jobs. Finally, through globalization, countries can specialize more in what they produce and what they do best. The opponents of globalization have their views, first, wages and working conditions everywhere are pushed downwards as companies gravitate towards countries where the wages are the lowest and the workers' rights are the worst. In addition, the environment suffers, as production moves to places where they have less strict rules and regulations about controlling pollution and deforestation. Most seriously, globalization undermines national sovereignties and national governments as individual countries become increasingly at the mercy of international markets, and multinational corporations grow more powerful and influential.

47. How can globalization potentially damage environment?

- A. Production of good pays little attention to natural balances.
- B. Foreign investment tends to put heavy economic benefit
- C. Lands of developing countries are excessively cultivated
- D. Irresponsibly mutational factories dump the sewage
- E. Industries tend to occupy areas with weak laws

48. ...

- | | |
|-----------|-----------|
| A. Skin | D. Shells |
| B. Scales | E. Skull |
| C. Seals | |

49. ...

- | | |
|------------|--------------|
| A. Eyes | D. Thumbs |
| B. Bones | E. Shoulders |
| C. Fingers | |

50.

- | | |
|-------------|------------|
| A. Somplain | D. Change |
| B. Wonder | E. Breathe |
| C. Deliver | |

Questions 48 to 50 based on the following cloze test.

Octopusses are mollusks, a kind of animal with a soft body. Unlike other mollusks, such as clams and oysters, octopus, and squid have no hard ...(48) to protect them. An octopus is an animal without any bones. Surrounding the main portion of its body is a fleshy covering, called a mantle. Most of the internal organs of an octopus are inside the mantle. An octopus has two big ...(49), so it has very good vision. Seals, eels and other sea animal prey an octopus. An octopus' main method of defense is to shoot a cloud of dark ink into the water. The ink cloud confuses the attacker, and the octopus jets away. Octopus can also ...(50) color rapidly when they are in danger. They change color to fit in with their surroundings. This helps them to hide from prey.

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Tryout 4 Tes Kemampuan Akademik (TKA)

Mata Pelajaran : Bahasa Inggris
Jenjang : SMA/MA
Program Studi : IPA

TKA BAHASA INGGRIS

Listening section

In this section of the test, you will have the chance to show how well you understand spoken English. There are four parts to this section with special directions for each part.

PART 1

Question 1 to 4

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear some dialogue

and question spoken English. The dialogue and questions will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying.

After you listen to the dialogue and the question about it, read the five possible answers, and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have heard. Now listen to a sample question.

You will hear:

- Man : I don't know what to order. I could drink everything on the menu
- Woman : Why don't you try guava juice, orange juice, or ice tea
- Man : Guava juice sounds good. I'll take it
- Woman : I think I'll have a big glass of cola float
- Narrator : What will the woman do?
- Take a guava juice
 - Order an orange juice
 - Try an ice tea
 - Order a cola float
 - Drink mineral bottled water

Narrator: the best answer to the question "What will the woman do?" is order a cola float. Therefore you should answer (D).

- The woman's dress
 - The elegant woman
 - The woman's black dress
 - The woman's appearance
 - The man's complaint about the woman
- Sick
 - Tired
 - Sleppy
 - Thirsty
 - Hungry
- One week
 - Two weeks
 - Four days
 - Three days
 - Seven days
- She is discussing the cause of heart attacks
 - She is finishing her report on heart attacks
 - She is finishing her school project
 - She is presenting her assignment
 - She is looking for a scholarship

PART II

Questions 5 to 7

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear some incomplete dialogue spoken in English, followed by four responses, also spoken in English. The dialogue and the responses will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying. You have to choose the best response to each question.

Now listen to a sample question.

Woman : You arrived late again?

Boy : I'm sorry, Ma'am. The bus had already left when I arrived at the shelter

Woman : But you promise that you wouldn't come late again

Boy :

Narrator : what does the boy probably respond?

- I'm sorry to hear that
- I really appreciate it
- I do apologize Ma'am
- No problem, Ma'am

Narrator: The best answer to the question "What does the boy probably respond?" is "I do apologize Ma'am" Therefore you should choose answer (C).

- Mark your answer on your answer sheet
- Mark your answer on your answer sheet
- Mark your answer on your answer sheet

PART III

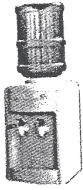
Questions: 8 to 11

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear some dialogue or monologues spoken in English. The dialogue or monologues will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to what the speakers are saying. After you listen to the dialogue or monologue, look at the five pictures provided in your test book, and

decide which one would be the most suitable one for the dialogue or monologue you have heard.

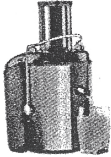
8. a.



d.



b.



e.



c.



9. a.



d.



b.



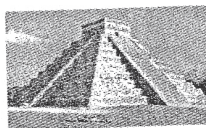
e.



c.



10. a.



b.



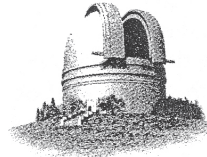
c.



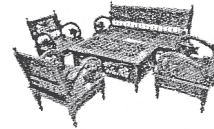
d.



e.



11. a.



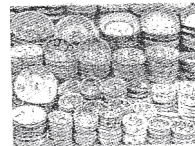
b.



c.



d.



e.



PART IV

Questions 12 to 15.

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear several monologues. Each monologue will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying.

After you hear the monologue and question about it, read the five possible answers and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have heard.

Question 12 and 13 are based on the following description

12. a. A military city
- b. A railway museum
- c. A new railway town
- d. King William I station
- e. Steam locomotives station

13. a. To build new railway museums
- b. To transport government troops
- c. To preserve the steam locomotives
- d. To build a new government station
- e. To park the locomotives at the original station

Question 14 to 15 are based on the following monolog.

14. a. The cooking pot
 - b. The stinginess
 - c. Tthe new place
 - d. The wealth
 - e. Rice
15. a. The family were hungry
 - b. It was the last rice the had
 - c. He didn't want the rice to be stolen
 - d. The rice was still fresh from the pot
 - e. Pak Pesut wished to share with the villagers

16. Arrange the following phrases or sentences into the correct order!
 1. Then tie the branches with wire
 2. Make sure to shape it as you want
 3. Finally the Bonsai will grow well
 4. When the tree is older, wire is removed
 5. You take a healthy young tree, almost all kind of tree will be possible
 6. After that give plenty of fertilizer, and cut the branches regularly to be shorter.

The correct arrangement is.....

- a. 2 – 5 – 4 – 1 – 6 – 3
- b. 4 – 5 – 1 – 6 – 2 – 3
- c. 2 – 1 – 4 – 5 – 6 – 3
- d. 5 – 2 – 1 – 6 – 4 – 3
- e. 5 – 1 – 2 – 4 – 6 – 3

17. Arrange the following sentences into correct order!

My Brother's Pet: Pigeon

1. It is small-billed bird with a skin saddle between the bill and forehead
2. The pigeon eats grain, fruit, and barriers

3. It also has stout bodies, short necks, and small heads
4. It has long wings and powerful flight muscles
5. My brother has a pet, it's a pigeon

The correct arrangement is....

- a. 1 – 5 – 4 – 2 – 3
- b. 2 – 1 – 4 – 2 – 3
- c. 3 – 5 – 4 – 3 – 2
- d. 4 – 1 – 5 – 2 – 3
- e. 5 – 1 – 4 – 3 – 2

This text is for questions 18 and 19.

AE Ardmore Express Box 6467 Miami, F1 3339

Mr. Joseph Sung
2249 Oak ST.
Champaign, IL 60602

Account Number: 2736-8273888-09

Dear Account Holder:

Thank you for contacting us with regard to the charge on your Ardmore Express Gold Card account. We have contacted Schroeder's Department Store on your behalf and are waiting a reply.

If we find that the charge was made to your account in error, we will make a credit adjustment within one business day.

We appreciate your patience as it may take six to eight weeks to complete the research needed to resolve your claim. If we can be of any further assistance, please call (888) 555-9870 to speak with a customer service representative.

Sincerely,

S. Nagle

s. Nagle
Customer Service Supervisor

18. What does Mr. Nagle Mr. sung do to?
- To speak with Customer Service Supervisor
 - To contact the department store
 - To wait for six to eight weeks
 - To adjust his account balance
 - To pay his bill immediately
19. From the letter above, we can conclude that AE Company will...
- Wait the customer's respond
 - Be responsible for this claim
 - Complete Mr. Sung's payment
 - Charge to the holder's account number
 - Assist the customer in one business day

This text is for question 20 to 22

USE AF FORMALIN AND OTHER ADDITIVES IN FOODS

The use of formalin and other dangerous preservatives in food has been a serious for two reasons. Firstly, formalin is not for human beings, but it is for biological specimen and experiments. Formalin in biology is a 10% solution of formaldehyde in water which is usually used as a disinfectant or to preserve biological specimens. Thus, it is not for food preservative, it will be very dangerous to human's body.

The second reason is that there is not tight control from the government. This condition makes the people's health is really in a threat. When the control is weak and the use of formalin is spread wide all over the Indonesia regions, and these days it has really happened, the citizens' bodies will be badly contaminated with the poisons. Fish or food traders still sell their product which contain formalin and dangerous preservatives. Can you imagine that our digestive system absorbs the substance the should be for the human and animal corpses?

Considering the reasons, we can makes a conclusion that the use of formalin and other preservatives is really a serious problem if it is not resolved immediately.

20. Why is formalin dangerous for human's body?
- It is not food preservatives
 - It is a disinfectant for human beings
 - It is used to preserve biological specimens
 - It is 10% solution of formaldehyde in wather
 - It is controlled fligly from government
21. The main idea of paragraph 2 is
- The human's bodies will be harmful after consuming the formalin
 - The government has not controlled the use of formalin firmly
 - The weak control of using formalin is not threatening the human
 - The human's bodies will be harmful after consuming the formalin
 - The use of formalin is know all over the regions
22. Based on the facts above, the writer suggests that...
- People have to avoid consuming formalin in their food
 - The use of formal dehyde is necessary to control the food
 - People should add 10% solution of formaldehyde in water
 - The food preservative is required to make the food delicious
 - Food seller is supposed to pour formalin for vegetable and food products

Questions 23 to 25, complete the following text with the words provided

Hendry and Mary had just married and everybody was enjoying their wedding party. There was plenty to eat and plenty to drink. Everybody is (23)..... very cheerful, when a very thin young man come into the room. He looked at Mary (24).... and accusingly, walked slowly towards her, kissed her lovingly, and said, "Why did you do it?" then he walked to the (25)..... and disappeared. Nobody had every seen the young man before-not even Mary.

23.

- a. Turning
- b. Having
- c. Changing
- d. Getting
- e. Enjoying

24.

- a. Sadly
- b. Gladly
- c. Merrily
- d. Joyfully
- e. Amusingly

25.

- a. Room
- b. Hall
- c. Door
- d. Table
- e. Auditorium

This text is for questions 26 to 28

Blueberries, cranberries, and huckleberries and related plants have been found to contain resveratrol, a potential anti-cancer agent, according to Agricultural Research Service (ARS) scientists who made the discovery. This new finding from ARS adds to previous research by other scientist who found that dark-skinned bunch grapes contain resveratrol.

Using chemical identification procedures, the team of scientists measured the resveratrol content of 30 whole fruit samples of blueberry, cranberry, huckleberry and related plants. The samples represented five families and 10 species of *Vaccinium fruit*. They also measured resveratrol in skin, juice/pulp and seed samples of muscadine grape. Because of its important biological properties, resveratrol has been examined extensively in grapes. Studies showed the compound protects the grapes from fungal diseases. It also provides health benefits for consumers by reducing the risk of cardiovascular disease. The compound's anticancer potential warranted is examination in other fruits.

The team's studies showed that several fruits samples of *Vaccinium* contain varying amounts of the compound. Analysis of the extracts of the skin, juice/pulp and seed of muscadine grapes showed that concentration

of resveratrol more *Vaccinium* and muscadine sample is continuing. The new data could help build a foundation for increasing resveratrol in those berry and grapes crops that are important to many small farmers. Future research goals will include enhancing production of resveratrol in selected species.

26. From the text, we know that resveratrol.....

- a. Is anticancer agent and benefit for reducing heart disease
- b. Examines grapes and measures of fruits as sample disease
- c. Shows the protection for increasing health in selected fruits
- d. Reduces minerals and vitamins in some fruits
- e. Protects any fruits from fungal diseases

27. Resveratrol has been tested in grapes because of.....

- a. Its advantages by extracting health substances
- b. Its disadvantages as anticancer substances
- c. Its important biological substances
- d. Its risk at cardiovascular diseases
- e. Its relationship to the fruit

28. Paragraph 3 talks about.....

- a. Fruit skin is highly concentrated for resveratrol
- b. Grapes are fruits for biological experiments
- c. The beneficial of resveratrol reduce the risk of heart attack
- d. Resveratrol is represented by species of *vaccinium fruit*
- e. Fruit skin gives measurements for resveratrol

This text is questions 29 to 31.

A Beautiful Mind is a biographical movie about John Forbes Nash Junior, mathematical genius with hard fate. At the beginning of this carrier he has made enormous contribution

in the field of Game Theory, which was a revolution in this mathematical area and almost brought international fame to the author. The movie was filmed in 2001 by Ron Howard and today it is called modern classics: a true drama, making you think and evoking emotions.

Such movie, telling us about the life of a famous person, are always difficult to assess, because any such creations somehow pretend to be biographical ones. But in fact they are just a glance of one particular producer on the life of another individual. Of course, much depends on the actor who will perform the role of the protagonist and after watching *A Beautiful Mind* I will agree with this once again. (http://www.evolutionwriiter.com/sample_and_examples/move_reviews/)

- b. To create one's biography
- c. To learn mathematics seriously
- d. To agree with the writer's opinion
- e. To watch the film titled 'A Beautiful Mind'

This text is for questions 32 to 34.

Multinational Crystal Lagoons will mark its return to Cityscape in Dubai with the launch of its latest and grandest project to date, which once completed will be entered into the Guinness Book of World Records.

The developer of the giant crystalline lagoons has signed a deal to construct the world's largest man-made lagoon, convering 40 hectares, almost four-times bigger than the world's largest exiting lagoon. Located in the upscale Mohammad Bin Rashid City-District One residential community, in the heart of Dubai, the lagoon will from an integral part of the US\$ 7 billion project.

Mohammad Bin Rashid City-District One is a prestigious joint venture between Dubai-based Meydan Group and real estate developer, Sobha Group. The new lagoon with its expansive custom-made beaches, which offer unlimited scope for swimming, water sports and other water based leisure activities, will be a core amenity within Mohammad Bin Rashid City- District One's 47 million square feet of freehold land.

The expansive development will feature luxury residences, green parklands, waterways, a high end shopping and dining pavilion and large recreational spaces creating one of the lowest density developments in the heart of any international city.

"Caribbean landscapes are no longer exclusive to tropical destinations.

"Our pioneering concept and state-of-the-art technology, which allows for sustainable, swimmable, turquoise lagoons of unlimited sizes to be built and maintained at low cost anywhere in the world, is proving extremely popular with our growing list partners across the Middle East" said Kevin Morgan, chief executive of Crystal Lagoons. (News: Business).

29. What is the text about?
 - a. The review of 'A Beautiful Mind' movie
 - b. The movie of Jhon Forbes Nash's biography
 - c. The Oscar winner in Modern Classic Drama
 - d. The contribution in the field of Game Theory
 - e. The story about the genius man in the mathematical area
30. Why is 'Beautiful Mind' is regarded as modern classics?
 - a. It revolutionizes the mathematical area
 - b. It tells about the life of current famous person
 - c. It makes the audience think and feel emotions
 - d. It tells the story about the role of the protagonist
 - e. It conveys Ron Howard's feeling about his creation
31. What does the writer recommend to the readers?
 - a. To create a game theory

32. The text is mainly about.....
- The project of the giant crystalline lagoons
 - The launch of the project buildings in the world
 - The project of the world largest man-made lagoon
 - The development of the lagoons in the world
 - The development of the giant crystalline lagoon
33. What is the aim of development an outstanding lagoon?
- To implement the art of high technology
 - To explore the glory of the lagoon to the world
 - To attract tourists from all over the world to come
 - To breakdown the popularity of the Caribbean landscapes
 - To meet the need of the middle east people for recreation
34. From the third paragraph, we imply that...
- The world's largest existing lagoon is luxurious
 - The lagoon froms an united part of billion budget
 - The largest development features luxury residences
 - The new lagoon offers unrestricted spaces for sports
 - The large recreation spaces create the lowest density development

This text from question 35 to 37.

Jakarta, Wed. Many people are closely following the political polls during the final weeks preceding this important general election. But how do these polls actually work?

"Polls are syrveys of a relatively small number of people compared to the actual number who wiil vote. They are to predict who may actually win an election before the final vote," said a politic observer, Muhammad Faishal.

Let's say that 100 million people are expected to vote in the general election. If 100 people are asked for their opinions, each respondent represents a million voters. Faishal emphasized further, " it is obvious, the result of such a poll are not very reliable. The more people surveyesd, the more, meaningful are the results".

Pollsters have various ways of making their polls more accurate. They try to find a representative of variety of people to question. For example, they look for people with similar backgrounds and from similar regions to those af all voters.

Pollsters also ask questions that try to find how many people who support each candidate will actually vote. If a candidate has a hinger percentage of enthusiastic supporters than his opponent, he has a better chance of winning than the low numbers might suggest. Pollsters may only count those who they consider to be "likely voters".

If we look at the polls that are taken over time, we can often detect a trend. We can tell if a candidate is gaining or losing support when we compare with the most recent polls to the earlier ones.

Polls often ask potential (those who could be) voters what they like or dislike about each candidate . the campaigns use those results to help them decide which issues to stress pr which positions to clarify. They can also determine which voters to target with their massages.

" Because no two people are the same, polls can never be perfect predictors of the real vote. But they can give important clues as to where things may be heading. At the very least, if you like politics, polls can be great entertainment, " Faishal said. (the news)

35. Which of the following is the most suitable title for the text?
- Political polls
 - General election

- c. Perfect predictors
- d. Reliable poll result
- e. Enthusiastic voters

36. We can infer from the text that.....

- a. Pollsters may mislead people's opinion
- b. Polls can predict precisely about the voters
- c. Polls are an effective way to do political campaign
- d. Voters may have chances to support the winning candidate earlier
- e. The more people involved in a poll, the more reliable the result will be

37. What is main idea of paragraph 4?

- a. Pollsters ask question to similar people
- b. Pollsters have various ways to get more accurate result
- c. Voters are people of similar background and similar regions
- d. A representative of variety of people is chosen to ask questions
- e. The responses people with similar background and similar regions are reliable.

The following text is for questions 38 to 40

Internet has been the most outstanding invention in the history of mankind. With internet, out earth has become a global village. Yet, like many other human made technologies, it has its own advantages and disadvantages.

There are plenty of software that can entertain us or help us to communicate with our beloved ones. In a mere second, we can chat for hours with a person who is sitting at the other parts of the world, read our e-mail in our smart phone or listen to our favorite radio broadcast by streaming it on our table.

With its easy access, internet also has its disadvantages . one of them is children may be exposed to violence and explicit contexts that only suitable for adults. There are thousands of such inappropriate contents on the internet which

can be easily found. It is a very serious issue and may harm children well-being.

Although, internet can create havoc and destruction, its advantages are more important than its disadvantages.

38. What is one disadvantages of the internet?

- a. It exposes children to violence
- b. It helps us chat with our beloved ones
- c. It helps us communicate from faraway
- d. It streams our favorite radio broadcast
- e. It sends to our e-mail from our smart phone

39. The main idea of paragraph 2 is.....

- a. The use of internet can be very fatal
- b. Internet has some advantages
- c. People should not use internet
- d. Internet can make us lazy
- e. Internet brings more harm than good

40. From the passge we can assume that, children should be By their parents while they are using the internet.

- a. Taught
- b. Watched
- c. Seen
- d. Accompanied
- e. Observer

This text is for questions 41 to 43

A flood is an overflow of an expanse of water that submerges land. In the sense of “ flowing water”, the world may aslo be applied to inflow of the tide. Flooding may result from the volume of water within a body of water, such as a river or lake , which overflows or break levees, with the result that some of the water escapes its unusual boundaries.

While the size of a lake or other body of water will vary with seasonal changes in precipitation and show melt, it is not a significant flood unless such escapes of water endanger land areas used

by man like a village, city or other inhabited area.

Floods can also occur in rivers, when flow exceeds the capacity of the river channel, particularly at bends or meanders. Flood often cause damage to homes and businesses if they are placed in natural flood plains of rivers. While flood damage can be virtually eliminated by moving away from and other bodies of water, since time out of mind, people have lived and worked by the water to seek the sustenance and capitalize on the gains of cheap and easy travel and commerce by being near water. That humans continue to inhabit areas threatened by flood damage is evidence that the perceived value of living near the water exceeds the cost of repeated periodic flooding.

41. What should people do to avoid the loss of their business caused by the flood?

- a. Live and work by the body of water
- b. Place in natural flood plains of rivers
- c. Inhabit the areas threatened by flood damage
- d. Move away from rivers and other bodies of water
- e. Seek substance and benefit from cheap and easy travel commerce

42. What is the main idea of the third paragraph ?

- a. People do not live by the river for some reasons
- b. Floods can be found at every bend and meander of a river
- c. It is wise for people to leave the flood areas for the safety reason
- d. Floods happen when rivers flow over their capacity of waterway
- e. People prefer abandon the areas near the river because of the threat of floods

43. ".....,it is not significant flood unless such escapes of water endanger land areas used by man....." (paragraph 2)

The underline word is closest in meaning to....

- a. Ordinary
- b. Intensive
- c. Sufficient
- d. Important
- e. Expensive

The following text is for question 44 to 45

Company's Name Change

Japan Telkom co, Ltd (Head Office : Minato_ku, Tokyo: President and CEO:Hideki Kurashige: hereinafter " Japan Telkom") announces that on October 1st , 2014 it will change its name to " Softbank Telecom Corp" and the corporate logo will change to the design used by Softbank Group Companies.

Softbank Group is a comprehensive I.T. network infrastructure, digital platform and content company. With this collective strength, our company offers innovative, board solution which contributes to the business success of our customers.

With this company change, we aim to maximazi group synergies to further build the relationship and trust we have with our existing costumers. We will use the power of the Softbank Group companies to develop our company's strength.

44. What happened to the company on October 1st , 2014?

- a. It changed its name to Softbank Telecom Corp
- b. It build further relationship with japan Telkom
- c. It develoved its company infrastructure strength
- d. It maximized its digital business platform
- e. It changed the company's president and CEO

45. Softbank Group is....

- a. A technology & information company
- b. The group synergies company
- c. The logo design company

- d. The contentes company
- e. Japan company

This text is for question 46 to 47

Have you ever wondered what your pet was thinking?

Do you want to enhance your understanding of your dog or cat?

Professor Shasta Ewing, a leading animal behaviorist, will be conducting an informative workshop entitled “ Understanding your pet” this session will explore animal cognition and behavior commonly demonstrated by our pets.

Professor Ewing has studied with the esteem of Dr. Nitz and Dr. Francis, author of my pet and me. A demonstration of animal training will be given by professor Edwardb West.

All registered participant will receive a certificate of attendance

Audiocassettes will also be available for purchase.

Location	fee	time
Halpern hotel	\$25	11 a.m.-2:30 p.m.

46. What is the advertisement about?

- a. How to select a pet
- b. Grooming and caring for pets
- c. Photographing a cat and a dog
- d. A workshop on animal behavior
- e. Reviewing the book ‘my pet and me’

47. Who is going to lead this workshop?

- a. Dr. Nitz
- b. Dr. Francis
- c. Prof. Edward West
- d. Professor Shasta Ewing
- e. Halpen hotel management

This text is for questions 48 to 50

I’ll never forget May 3, 1990, the dat Tien-Tien came into our lives. Ahong , the wife of my youngest brother Ajing, gave birth after a very difficult labour of five hours. We already had a name for the baby before she was born.

She would be called Tien-Tien which meant ‘sweetness’.

As we waited at the hospital, our joy quickly turned to grief when the attending physician announced that he could detect no signs of life in Tien-Tien. There was no breathing, no heartbeat, so he finally declared the baby dead.

Ajing decide to lay the body next to the Taizi River. To outsiders, this might be strange: to us, a Chinese family with almost no money or resources, the prospect of encouraging the baby’s spirit slip away to a better world in a beautiful setting made a great deal of sense. We planned to return later to bury Tien-Tien’s remains and pay honour to her

Ajing wrapped his child in a red floral quilt and set off for the river. He gently laid his baby in a patch of grass along the bank of the river.

A week later, while I was walking home from work, I overheard several women talking about one of her friends. They said their friend heard a baby crying and the sound came from a patch of grass along the river bank. They further explained that the baby had been placed in a local orphanage.

Something inside me said it must have been Tien-Tien. Without waiting any longer, I ran to the orphanage. In the room I saw Tien-Tien in a crib covered in dirt but very much alive.

48. What is the best title for the text?

- a. The dead baby
- b. The baby in a crib
- c. The poor crying baby
- d. The baby by the river
- e. The newborn baby

49. Why did they suddenly become unhappy?

- a. The baby was heartless
- b. The baby was already dead
- c. The baby was declared alive
- d. The baby had no sign of life
- e. The baby could not be detected

50. From paragraph 3, we can conclude that....
- a. Ajiang came from a poor family
 - b. The baby was buried by the river
 - c. Ajiang's family lived by Taizi River
 - d. The baby's spirit would go to a better life
 - e. Tien-tien's remains had been buried in the river bank

Tryout 5 Tes Kemampuan Akademik (TKA)

Mata Pelajaran : Bahasa Inggris
Jenjang : SMA/MA
Program Studi : IPA

TKA BAHASA INGGRIS

Listening section

In this section of the test, you will have the chance to show how well you understand spoken English. There are four parts to this section with special directions for each part.

PART 1

Questions 1 to 4

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear some dialogues and questions spoken in English.

The dialogues and the questions will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying.

After you listen to dialogue and the question about it, read the five possible answers, and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have just heard. Now listen to a sample question.

You will hear :

Man : I highly appreciate you for helping me choose the right loan I need.

Woman : My pleasure, Sir. I hope you can use the money to buy your dream house.

Narrator : What is the topic of the conversation?

- a. Asking for help
- b. Giving opinion
- c. Giving direction
- d. Expressing pleasure
- e. Expressing gratitude

Narrator: the best answer to the question "what is the topic of the conversation?" is the "Expressing gratitude."

Therefore you should answer (E).

Now let's begin with number 1.

1.
 - a. She lost her kitty
 - b. Her kitty was dead
 - c. She could get a kitty
 - d. She did not have a pet animal
 - e. She was not allowed to get a kitty
2.
 - a. The man felt happy to meet the woman
 - b. The woman got a better position in the office
 - c. The woman moved to a new bank in a Samarinda
 - d. The man got a promotion to be a Branch Manager
 - e. The woman supported the man to be Branch Manager
3.
 - a. He wants to sit down
 - b. He recognized the woman
 - c. His plane has been delayed
 - d. He wants to leave the place
 - e. He wants to wait for a plane
4.
 - a. To enjoy the holiday on the beach
 - b. To camp by the lake

- c. To go to a sea shore
- d. Nothing for now
- e. To take a vacation by plane

PART II

Questions 5 to 7

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear some incomplete dialogue spoken in English, followed by four responses, also spoken in English. The dialogues and the responses will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying. You have to choose the best response to each question.

Now listen to a sample question.

Giels : I really made a mistake .

Boy : What about?.

Girls : I have broken your pen.

Boy : that pen? Oh no.

Girl :

Narrator : what does the girl probably respond?

- a. I'm sorry to hear that.
- b. I really appreciate it.
- c. I do apologize .
- d. I love that pen.

Narrator: the best answer to the question "What does the girl probably respond?" is "I do apologize."

Therefore, you should choose answer (C).

5. Mark your answer on your answer sheet.
6. Mark your answer on your answer sheet.
7. Mark your answer on your answer sheet.

PART III

Questions: 8 to 11

Directions:

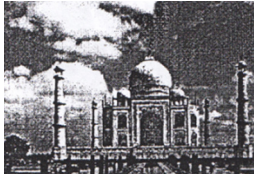
In this part of the test, you will hear some monologues spoken in English. The monologues will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must

listen carefully to what the speaker is saying.
After you listen to the monologue, look at the
five pictures provided in your test book, and
decide which would be the most suitable one
for the monologue you have just heard.

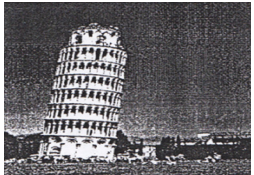
8. a.



b.



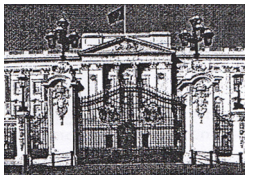
c.



d.



e.



9. a.



b.



c.



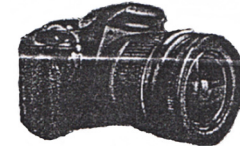
d.



e.



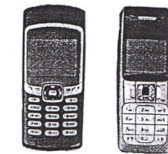
10. a.



b.



c.



d.



e.



11. a.

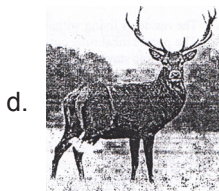


b.



c.





PART IV

Questions 12 to 15

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear several monologues. Each monologue will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speaker is saying. After you hear the monologue and the question about it, read the five possible answer and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have just heard.

Question 12 and 13 are based on the following monologue.

12. a. The cure for the illness
b. Beautiful lady
c. A lotus flower
d. A rose flower
e. A pond
13. a. Jungle plant
b. The king's spell
c. The king's dream
d. The beautiful flower
e. Pond's water

Question 14 and 15 are based on the following monologue.

14. a. National Disaster Mitigation
b. North Sulawesi announcement
c. The eruption of Mount Lokon

- d. Dangerous areas for people
e. Volcanic zone for living

15. a. The residents living within 2.5 kilometer radius from the mountain peak
b. The people inhabiting outside the dangerous zone
c. The people staying alert with the current situation
d. The villager staying calm while the mount is erupting
e. The residents having no houses within the dangerous zone

This is the end of the listening section

The following text is for question 16 to 18.

Holliman's – for over 50 years, Cheyenne's leading office supply store – is proud to announce the acquisition of Foley's Business Machines, featuring the following:

- Imaging systems
- Xerox copies
- Barnes laser printers
- IBM Electric and Electronic Typewriters
- Fiske Desk-Top Computers
- Morgan Electronic Billing and Accounting
- Plus a thoroughly modern service department with factory-trained technicians

Same location: 1400 Terhune Drive, Cheyenne

Same telephone number: 457 – 8500

16. The aim of the text is
- a. To announce the merger of Holliman's and Foley's Machines
b. To announce the purchasing of Foley's Business Machines by Holliman's
c. To announce Holliman's as a leading office supply store in Cheyenne
d. To inform the readers of Foley's Business Machines
e. To inform the readers of the location and telephone number of Holliman's and Foley's Business Machines now share

17. What made Holliman's include "plus a thoroughly modern service department with factory – trained technicians" on its announcement?
- It informs the readers about after-sell division the company has.
 - It describes the characteristics of service department.
 - It demonstrates the benefit of buying office supply at Holliman's.
 - It emphasizes the characteristic of Holliman's.
 - It announces the type of business Holliman's run after the acquisition.
18. Foley's Business Machines.....
- Is given much capital.
 - Moves to other comfort location.
 - Sells new product of computer.
 - Contacts many electronic suppliers.
 - Is replaced by Cheyenne's leading office supply store.

The following text is for questions 19 and 20.

Dear sir /madam,

I am writing to complain about an article in last Monday's newspaper. "Schools fail low-income children." As the head teacher of one of the largest junior high schools in the city, I feel strongly that the article does not describe our school.

My school has children from many different economic backgrounds, but a large percentage come from lower-income families. Nevertheless, our tests show that the children do well and benefit from the excellent work our teachers do. Last year our school moved from 24th to 5 th place according to the official assessment by the state government. This is clearly not the "failure" that the article suggests.

I would strongly recommend that more careful research should be conducted in the future so that your newspaper will more

realistically describe the true situation in our schools.

Yours sincerely,

Joan Gonzalez

19. The letter shows Ms. Gonzalez's strong disagreement with the newspaper's claim that...
- Children from low-income families do not perform well in the official assessment.
 - The poor students in her school fail in the national examination.
 - Her school only admit students from economically advantaged families.
 - Many of her students fail because of their parents'low income
 - Low-income children are not as good as high-income children.
20. What is expected by Joan Gonzalez from Monday's newspaper?
- To present information based on facts.
 - To conduct more research.
 - To fix information given
 - To explain more about that school
 - To be responsible for the report

The following text is for questions 21 to 23.

Don't have time for an intensive skin care? You can still pamper yourself by doing the basics. Good skin care and healthy lifestyle choices can help delaying the natural aging process and prevent various skin problems. Get started with these five no-nonsense tips.

- Protect yourself from the sun
One of the most important ways to take care of your skin is to protect it from the sun.
A lifetime of sun exposure can cause wrinkles, age spots, and other skin problems, as well as increase the risk of skin cancer.
- Don't smoke
Smoking makes your skin look older and contributes to wrinkles. It narrows the tiny

blood vessels in the outermost layers of skin, which decreases blood flow. It also depletes oxygen and nutrients of the skin.

3. Treat your skin gently.

Limiting your bath – time will keep your skin gentle. Hot water and long showers remove oils from your skin. Use warm rather than hot water. To protect and lubricate your skin, apply shaving cream, lotion or gel before shaving.

4. Eat a healthy diet

A healthy diet can help you look and feel good. Eat plenty of fruits, vegetables, whole grains, and lean protein. Some research that a rich diet in vitamin C and low in unhealthy fat might promote younger looking skin.

5. Manage stress.

Uncontrolled stress can make your skin more sensitive and trigger acne breakouts and other skin problems. To encourage healthy skin and a healthy state of mind, take some steps to manage your stress, set reasonable limits, scale back your to-do list, and make time to do the things you enjoy.

21. What is the text about?

- a. Tips to get healthy skin.
- b. Tips to have gentle younger looking skin
- c. Tips to healthy lifestyle.
- d. Tips to maintain your healthy skin
- e. Tips to prevent various skin problems

22. What will remove oils from your skin?

- a. Long showers and hot water.
- b. Warm water and limited bath-time
- c. Sun exposure and unhealthy diet.
- d. Shaving cream and lotion
- e. Hot water and limited bath-time

23. Which of the following statements is mentioned in the text?

- a. Good skin care healthy lifestyle can stop the natural aging process.

- b. A lifetime of sun exposure can help delaying wrinkles, age spots, and other skin problems.
- c. Smoking narrows the tiny blood vessels in the outermost layers of skin, which increases blood flow.
- d. To protect and lubricate your skin, use skin soap before shaving.
- e. Uncontrolled stress can increase the level of your skin sensitivity and stimulate acne breakouts.

The following text is for questions 24 and 25

Jakarta post:

The research, published in the proceedings of the Royal Society B, has investigated the bacterium in eleven individuals ranging from as far back as the Bronze age up to the twentieth century. Samples have been taken from individuals in Europe and in both pre and post-colonial America. The oldest case study was that of an individual from 1200 BC, found in Burial cave in Mountainell (Llucidia, Catalonia).

The study found that ancient genetic material from principle Bacterium, streptococcus mutant, cause dental carries. The mutant has increased its genetic material change overtime. This is possibly due to the coincidence of dietary changes that are linked with the expansion of humanity.

Similar study conducted by researchers from the University Autonoma de Barcelona (UAB) and laboratoria Nasional de Genomica para la Bie diversided, Mexico, put the genetic material in order and found that genetic diversity has been produced, especially in the fragment of a gene that codifies a virulence factor known as dextranase.

24. How could the ancient genetic expand to humanity?

- a. Through coincidental links with human's dietary changes.
- b. Through the change in its genetic material

- c. Through an increase in genetic diversity
- d. Through the fragment of a gene
- e. Through the investigated bacterium of eleven individuals.

25. What is the first paragraph about?

- a. The research genetic diversity
- b. The investigation of dental carries
- c. The investigation of Bacterium
- d. The samples of individuals from pre-colonial Europe.
- e. The investigation of the bacterium in eleven individuals.

The following text is for questions 26 and 27.

Chinese Group Demands
that Japanese Emperor
Return Ancient Artefact

By Ankit Panda
February 13, 2016

Adding to a growing list of diplomatic disputes between China and Japan, a Chinese group is demanding that Japan's emperor return a 1.300-year-old artefact that was allegedly looted by Japanese Soldiers in the 1930s. According to a Xinhua report, the artefact in question in the Honglujing Stele, originally from "north eastern China." The request was made in a letter addressed to Emperor Akihito of Japan by China Federation of Demanding Compensation from Japan (CFDC) via Japan's embassy in China. The request has been prominently reported by both China's domestic and international media outlets, suggesting that part of the intent is to shame Japan for its actions during the first half of the 20th century.

From Xinhua's report, it is unclear the extent to which the Chinese government is involved in the request for the return on the artefact. The China Federation of Demanding Compensation from Japan (CFDC) is a civic group, independent of the government. According to Xinhua, "This

is the first time a Chinese civic group has asked the Japanese imperial family for the return of a looted Chinese relic. "The group" seeks compensation for personal, material, and spiritual damage caused by Japanese militarism during the country's aggression against China in the 20th century."

26. What can be inferred from the text?

- a. China and Japan had a great relationship during the first half of the 20th century.
- b. China Federation of Demanding Compensation (CFDC) has asked Japan to return the artefact without any condition.
- c. Japan was ruled by China in the 20th century.
- d. CFDC wanted the Japan emperor to admit their aggression to China in the 20th century.
- e. CFDC may have sent a letter directly to the Japan emperor without involving their government.

27. "..., a Chinese Group is demanding that Japan emperor return a 1.300-year-old artefact that was allegedly looted by Japanese soldiers in the 1930s." (Paragraph 1).

The underlined word is closest in meaning to....

- a. Stolen
- b. Damaged
- c. Neglected
- d. Borrowed
- e. Taken

The following text for questions 28 to 30.
Webcams Make Alaska Bears Accessible
Mark Thiessen, Associated Press,
Anchorage, Alaska Sci-Tech Tue, July 24,
2012, 6:15 PM

A new video initiative is bringing the famed brown bears of Alaska's Katmai National Park directly to computers and smartphones.

Without having to go there, you'll be able to watch mature bears compete for salmon at Brook Falls and other sites and cubs tumbling over each other as they play. Starting Tuesday, a live Web stream (<http://is.gd/bfPAs8>) will allow the public to log on and see the brown bears in their natural habitat.

"I think it's an unparalleled opportunity for people to get that front row seat of the lives of the bears at Brooks Camp", said Roy Wood, chief of interpretation for Katmai National Park and Preserve.

The project is a partnership with explore.org, which set up four high-definition cameras in Katmai, spokesman Jason Damata told The Associated Press. Three of them are at existing viewing stands where bear fans come to watch the animals.

The cameras provide access to a national park that is difficult to reach and expensive for most tourists. It is about 275 miles southwest of Anchorage, but no roads lead to Katmai. A trip there involves multiple airplanes and a lot of advanced planning: it's hard to get a lodge reservation at Brooks Camp before 2014. Camping is allowed, but on a reservation system that goes online January 5.

"It takes a lot of time, a lot of effort and a lot of money, and the webcams will make it accessible to anyone with access to a computer, a smartphone, a table device," Wood said.

28. What is the text about?
- A video display of Katmai's bears for computers and smartphones.
 - The life of Alaskan bears in the natural habitat.
 - How to protect the endangered Alaskan bears.
 - The bears of Katmai National Park in Alaska.
 - Webcams with the newest technology.

29. It's proudly stated in the text that...
- A new video can be used with a computer
 - The project is partnership with explore.org and Katmai
 - We can use the new video to shoot bears without going to their habitat
 - Katmai National Park has made a video of their bears in nature environment
 - Webcams enable us to see bears' life in nature on a computer or a smartphone

30. "... to watch mature bears compete for salmon at Brook Falls. " (paragraph 2)

The underlined word is the most closely associated to....

- Fight
- Kill
- Hug
- Defeat
- Defend

The following text is for questions 31 to 33

The plane with largest wingspan ever built was nicknamed the Spruce Goose. The wingspan of the Spruce Goose was 320 feet (almost 100 meters), and the plane weighed 200 tons. It was so big that it needed eight engines to power it.

The plane was designed by Howard Hughes in response to a U.S government request for a plane that was able to carry a large cargo for the war effort. It was made of wood because wood is a less critical material in wartime than metal.

The plane was so difficult to build that it was never really used. It was flown one time only, by Hughes himself on November 2, 1947; during that flight, it travelled a distance of less than one mile over the Los Angeles Harbor, but it did fly. Today, the Spruce Goose is on exhibit for the public to see in Long Beach, California.

31. According to the text, why did the plane need eight engines to power?...

- a. It was very big and heavy and made of wood
 - b. It was very big and heavy and made of metal
 - c. It has the largest metal wingspan
 - d. It has the largest wooden wingspan
 - e. It was the largest cargo for the war
32. What is main idea of paragraph two?
- a. The cargo plane was made of metal
 - b. The large cargo was the US government's plane
 - c. The US government requested to carry critical materials.
 - d. Howard Hughes designed a plane to carry a critical materials for wars.
 - e. The plane was designed to carry a large cargo.
33. It can be inferred the text that Spruce Goose...
- a. Was antique as it was used for only one time
 - b. Was a prototype of a war cargo
 - c. Becomes an artefact exhibited in California
 - d. Was designed by a U.S. soldier
 - e. Was made of less critical material during the war time.

The following text is for question 34 to 36
SNAKES

Snakes are reptiles (cold-blooded creatures). They belong to the same group as lizards (the scaled group, Squamata) but from a sub-group of their own (Serpentes).

Snakes have two legs but a long time ago they had claws to help them slither along. Snakes are not slimy. They are covered in scales which are just bumps on the skin. Their skin is hard and glossy to reduce friction as the snake slithers along the ground.

Snakes often sun bathe on rocks in the warm weather. This is because snakes are cold-blooded, they need the sun's warmth to heat their bodies up.

Most snakes live in the country. Some types of snakes live in trees, some live in water, but most live on the ground in deserted rabbit burrows, in thick, long grass, and in old logs.

A snake's diet usually consists of frogs, lizards, and mice, and other snakes. The Anaconda can eat small crocodiles and even bears. Many snakes protect themselves with their fangs. Some snakes are protected by scaring their enemies away like the Cobra. The flying snakes glide away from danger. Their ribs spread apart and the skin stretches out. Its technique is just like the sugar gliders.

34. Since the snakes are cold-blooded, they...
- a. Like sucking the cool blood
 - b. Avoid sun-bathing to their skins
 - c. Never sun bathe in the warm weather
 - d. Live on the ground in deserted burrows
 - e. Require the sun's warmth to heat their bodies
35. We know from the text that snakes...
- a. Do not have claws
 - b. Do not like sunlight
 - c. Have two legs and claws
 - d. Use their legs to climb the tree
 - e. Use their claws to slither along the ground
36. How do flying snakes protect themselves?
- a. They fly away
 - b. They use their fangs
 - c. They scare their enemies
 - d. The stretch our their skin
 - e. They eat the other animals.

The following text is for questions 37 to 39
Apartments Offer Practical Living

The number of high-rise apartment buildings continues to mushroom not only in the center of the city but also in suburban areas. This shows that many Indonesian enjoy living in apartments. This is true for a number of reasons.

In the first place, people prefer to live in an apartment because it is located near strategic areas. They can save time and energy as they don't have to experience terrible traffic jam.

In addition, they enjoy the new life style because an apartment offers comfort and privacy so they don't have to worry about the city's high crime rate as most apartments have 24-hour security systems.

Moreover, people now enjoy practicality and this is reflected in the design of their place. Living rooms become smaller and a veranda is no longer considered an important part of the house.

From the facts above, it is clear that apartments offer practical living which thus make them mustrooming.

(source: Indonesian Property Business)

37. According to paragraph two, what does an apartment offer?
- Comfort
 - Security
 - Practicality
 - Privacy
 - Safety
38. It can be inferred from the text that....
- Many Indonesian people right now enjoy living in a small house.
 - Practicality means security
 - People prefer living in an apartment because it is located near office areas.
 - Living in an apartment creates practical lifestyle
 - Secure life style is mostly preferred now
39. "The number of high-rise apartment buildings continues to mushroom not only in the center.... " (Paragraph 1)
The underlined word is closest meaning to....
- Increase

- Enhance
- Boost
- Intensify
- Raise

The text is for questions 40 to 42.

Promoting Tourism: Good or Bad?

Lots of tourists visit our town, but many people argue whether this is good or bad for the community. Each side has their own viewpoints.

Those in favor of the tourist industry argue that tourism brings money to the town and creates employment. Business owners also supports this saying that tourism promotes development in town. Moreover, everyone benefits from having better facilities and more shops. Others also argue that tourism develops a better understanding of other cultures so people become more tolerant.

People against tourism, however, say that most of tourist's dollars are spent in international hotels owned by foreign interest groups. Consequently, the town receives little financial benefit. In addition, they point out that the new developments have caused traffic and water supply problems. They argue that several unpleasant incidents in the community indicate that the local community resentment towards tourists.

Undoubtedly, the local council should please both sides. Not only should it promote tourism, but also restrict new development that would cause traffic and water supply problems.

40. From the viewpoint of those who disagree with tourist industry, who will likely receive the most financial benefit?
- Business owners
 - The local people
 - The local community
 - The local government
 - International hotel owners

41. What are the factors that make the people agree to the tourist industry?
- Business, finance, culture, and infrastructure
 - Investment, community building, cultural understanding
 - Business, development, investment, and social
 - Public facilities, development, finance, social
 - Finance, infrastructure, culture understanding, community development

42. "Not only should it promote tourism, but also restrict new development" (Paragraph 4)

The underlined word is closest in meaning to...

- Ban
- Open
- Curb
- Limit
- Prohibit

The following text is for question 43 to 45.

Napoleon is a favorite fish divers in many regions of the world. The fish can instantly be recognized by its size, color, and shape. It is one of the largest reef fish in the world. They can grow up to 230 cm and weight 190 kg. They have fleshy lips and a hump over the head that is similiar to a Napoleon hat. The hump becomes more prominent with age.

Colors vary with age and sex. Males range from a bright electric blue to green or purplish blue. Mature males develop a black stripe along the sides, blue spots on their body scales, and blue scribbles on the head. Juveniles can be identified by their pale greenish color and two black lines running behind the eye. Females, both old and young, are red-orange on the upper parts of their bodies and red-orange to white below.

Napoleon fish are carnivorous and eat during the day. They can be seen feasting on shellfish, other fish, sea stars, sea urchins and crabs, crushing the shells to get the

animal within. They also crush large chunks of dead coral rubble with peg-like teeth to feed on the burrowing mussels and worms.

Pairs spawn together as part of a larger mating group that may consist of over 100 individuals. The planktonic eggs are released into the water, and once the larvae have hatched they will settle out on the substrate. Adult females are able to changes sex but the triggers for this development are not yet known.

The Napoleon is mainly found on coral reef edges and drop-offs. They move into shallow bays during the day to feed, and tend to move into deeper waters as they grow older and large. Adults, therefore, are more common offshore than inshore.

43. What is the text about ?
- The description of Napoleon fish
 - The physical characteristics of carnivorous fish
 - The divers's favourite animals
 - Napoleon's family
 - The development of Napoleon fish
44. Where do Napoleon fish move during the day to feed?
- Offshore
 - Onshore
 - Deeper waters
 - Shallow bays
 - Coral reef edges
45. Which of the following statement is mentioned in the text?
- Napoleon fish tend to move into shallow waters as they grow older and large.
 - Napoleon fish move into deep bays during the day to feed
 - Adult females are not able to change sex
 - Napoleon fish are not carnivorous
 - The male fish has more attractive colours than the females.

46. Rearrange the following jumbled sentences into the correct and meaningful paragraph.

1. In 2002, he released his debut studio album called "Waiting for my Rocket to Come".
2. The first public performance was in San Diego Coffee house in 2000
3. In 2008, he released his third studio album entitled "We sing, We dance, We steal things."
4. Jason Thomas Mraz is an American song writer who was born on June 23, 1977
5. In July 2014, Mraz sold over seven million albums and over million digital singles.
6. Mraz then nominated in two categories for the Grammy Awards and won two awards

The correct arrangement is....

- a. 2 – 3 – 1 – 6 – 5 – 4
- b. 3 – 2 – 1 – 6 – 4 – 5
- c. 4 – 2 – 1 – 3 – 5 – 6
- d. 5 – 2 – 1 – 3 – 6 – 4
- e. 6 – 2 – 1 – 3 – 4 – 5

47. Rearrange the following jumbled sentences into the correct and meaningful procedure

How to operate a digital thermometer:

1. Wait for few seconds until you hear its beep sounds
2. To make sure the thermometer is working, switch it on first
3. Set the temperature to zero as you can see it from the indicator
4. Place the tip of the thermometer under your tongue, keep it in that position by closing your lips
5. Take the thermometer out of your mouth and see your temperature

The correct arrangement is....

- a. 2 – 3 – 4 – 1 – 5
- b. 2 – 3 – 4 – 5 – 1
- c. 1 – 3 – 4 – 2 – 5
- d. 2 – 1 – 4 – 3 – 5
- e. 3 – 4 – 1 – 2 – 5

For questions 48 to 50, complete the following text with the words provided.

A farmer had three sons. They were strong and young but never agreed with one another. They often quarrelled among themselves. The farmer had (48)... them a lot of advice. But they always turned a deaf ear. They disliked advice. The farmer felt very sad about it and kept thinking about it. Then one day he came up with a good plan. He called his sons and ordered them, "Bring me a few sticks." The farmer (49).... the sticks into a bundle. Finally, the advice worked out. After that, they lived (50)....

48. a. Taken
b. Given
c. Said
d. Broken
e. Received

49. a. Tied
b. Added
c. Banded
d. Covered
e. Attached

50. a. Pleasingly
b. Harmoniously
c. Prosperously
d. Dangerously
e. Miserably

Tryout 6 Tes Kemampuan Akademik (TKA)

Mata Pelajaran : Bahasa Inggris
Jenjang : SMA/MA
Program Studi : IPA

TKA BAHASA INGGRIS

I. Listening Section

In this section of the test, you will have the chance to show how well you understand spoken English. There are four parts to this section, with special directions for each part

Part 1

Questions 1 to 4

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear some dialogues spoken in English. The dialogue will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying. After you hear a dialogue and the question about it, read the five possible answers and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have heard. Now listen to a sample question.

You will hear:

Man : Hi, Tina! Are you free on Saturday morning?
Woman : Yes. Do you have any plan?
Man : We are going to see a book fair at Senayan. Would you care to join us?
Woman : I'd love to

You will also hear:

Narrator : What are the speakers talking about?

You will read in your test book:

- A. Loving book.
- B. Asking free time.
- C. Buying some books.
- D. Planning to see book fair.
- E. Activity on Saturday morning.

Sample answer

(A) (B) (C) (D) (E)

Narrator : The best answer to the question “What are the speakers talking about?” is choice (D). Therefore, you should answer choice (D).

Now let’s begin with number 1

1. A. The man
B. Her sister
C. Her grandma
D. The designer
E. She herself
2. A. The man’s new store
B. Thanking someone
C. Selling 400 items
D. This week’s sales
E. Popular topic
3. A. Go out in the evening
B. See a romantic film
C. Watch Furious 7
D. Pick her up at 6.30
E. Enjoy a romantic film with her
4. A. The man enjoyed watching the film
B. The ending of the film is easily known
C. The film they watched was unexpected
D. The man watched the film in the bedroom
E. The man and the woman do not like each other

Part II

Questions 5 to 7

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear several questions or statements spoken in English followed by four responses, also spoken in English. The questions and responses will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying. You have to choose the best response to each question or statement.

Now listen to a sample question:

Man : You look uncomfortable

Woman : It’s very hot here

Man : I’ll switch on the fan for you.

Woman : ...

You will also hear:

- A. I’ll be glad.
- B. I’ll be happy.
- C. Thank you.
- D. It’ll be okay

Narrator : What is the best response to the woman’s statement?

Sample answer

A B C D E

The best response to the woman’s statement “I’ll switch on the fan for you.” is Thank you. Therefore, you should answer choice “C”.

5. Mark your answer on your answer sheet
6. Mark your answer on your answer sheet
7. Mark your answer on your answer sheet

PART III

Questions: 8 to 11

Directions:

In this part of the test you will hear some dialogues or monologues spoken in English. The dialogues or monologues will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying. After you listen to the dialogue or monologue, look at the five pictures provided in your test book, and decide which one would be the most suitable one with the dialogue or monologue you have just heard.

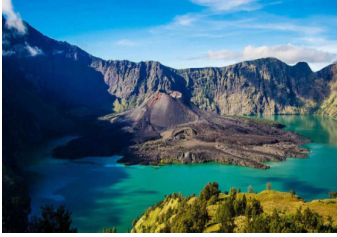
8. A.



B.



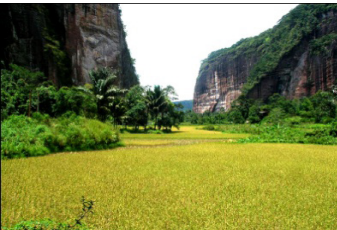
C.



D.



E.



9. A.



B.



C.



D.



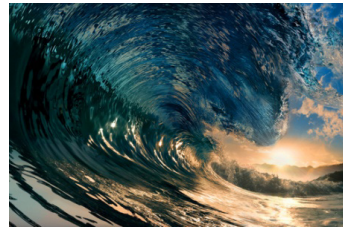
E.



10. A.



B.



C.



D.



E.



11. A.



B.



C.



D.



E.



PART IV

Questions 12 to 15

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear several monologues. Each monologue will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test book, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speaker is saying.

After you hear the monologue and the question about it, read the five possible answers and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have just heard.

12. A. The presence of Middle Eastern investors.
B. The demand for Islamic REITs in Indonesia.
C. Middle Eastern investors to invest in property.
D. Islamic REITs to attract Middle East investors.
E. The interest of Takaful companies to invest in the REITs
13. A. They have no sharia agreement.
B. They are not working on the rule.
C. They were not interested in investing.
D. No Middle Eastern investors got involved.
E. The companies need medium-term investment.
14. A. In 1970.
B. In 1971.
C. In 1973.
D. In 1978.
E. In 1983
15. A. He thought up the handheld mobile phone.
B. He imagined a hand phone like the car phone.
C. He brought the first handheld cellular phone to market.
D. He introduced the first handheld cellular phone call to public.
E. He and his team conceived the idea of the first handheld mobile phone.

THIS IS THE END OF THE LISTENING COMPREHENSION SECTION

This text is for questions 16 and 17

Luis Lionel Andres Messi, born June 24, 1987, is an Argentina football player for F.C Barcelona. He is not very tall, mainly, due to the a growing problem he had when he was younger. His eyes are brown. He never has short hair.

Lionel Messi started playing football at a very early age in his hometown's Newell's Old Boys. From the age of 11, he suffered from a hormone deficiency and as Lionel's parents were unable to pay for the treatment in Argentina, they decided to move to Barcelona, Spain.

In the 2003-2004 season, when he was still only 16 years old, Messi made his first team debut in a friendly with Porto that marked the opening of the new Dragao stadium. The following championship-winning season, Messi made his first appearance in an official match on October 16, 2004, in Barcelona's derby win against the Olympic Stadium (0-1). And now, in 2010, 2011, and 2012 he is the best player in the world with collect 3 Ballon D'Or.

16. According to the text, Messi's parents moved to Barcelona...
- A. Because they were very poor in Argentina
 - B. Because they wanted Messi to be successful in soccer
 - C. So that Messi could learn in the best soccer club
 - D. To get Messi's health problem cured
 - E. To find the best treatment to cure Messi's health problem
17. What is the main idea of the third paragraph?
- A. He hasn't really attractive face, but he's a very good football player
 - B. Lionel Messi is a good player for FC. Barcelona
 - C. His best characteristics are on the foot has competitiveness
 - D. He appears to be a quite good and modest person
 - E. He has long black hair and brown eyes

This text is for questions 18 and 19

We are announcing today that we are bringing the Milestone and Ever Green brands even closer together. Effective as of 5th December 2013, our official name will be:

GREEN MILES WEST

The substitution of "West" in our name---replacing "Cianjur"---is the result of an agreement we reached with Cianjur Gardening Assosiasi, following a protest over the original use of "Cianjur" in our name.

We hope this does not create any confusion among our loyal consumers. While this represents

a change from our initial name introduction, it does not change the quality of products we offer to our consumers.

18. Who issues the announcement?
- A. Green Miles West Company
 - B. Green Miles West Customers
 - C. The co-worker of Green Miles West
 - D. The partnership of Green Miles West
 - E. The loyal customers of Green Miles West
19. "The substitution of "West" in our name..."
- The word "substitution" has closest in meaning to...
- A. merger
 - B. insertion
 - C. development
 - D. replacement
 - E. improvement

This text is for questions 20 to 22

Jl. Jambu 129
Bandung
30th January 2017

Dear Fred,

It was a real sorrow that I heard this morning of your great loss. I knew your mother was ill. For your brother told me several weeks ago. However, as he at that time did not seem to think. The illness was very serious, the news of your mother's death came to me as a shock. You have my sincere and heartfelt sympathy, my dear fellow, in your sorrow. I know you will feel it deeply, for you always thought so much of your mother and loved her so truly. I feel it also as a personal loss to myself for your mother was always very kind to me. I admired her a good and noble woman. Her death must be a terrible grief to your father too. Please assure him of my sincere sympathy.

Words, I know, are poor comforters. "The heart knows its own sorrow", and in such sorrows we are always alone. However, it is not mere words when I say that I feel with you in your sorrow.

Your sincere friend,

Jack

20. What is the possible relation between the sender and the recipient?

- A. Relatives
- B. Employers
- C. Friends
- D. Siblings
- E. Employees

21. From the letter we know that..

- A. Fred's mother was not ill before her death
- B. Jack sent letter to Fred several weeks ago
- C. Jack was very sorrowful to send the letter to his mother
- D. Jack had known Fred's mother before
- E. Fred is the only child in his family

22. "You have my sincere and heartfelt sympathy, my dear fellow, in your sorrow."

What is the closest meaning of the underlined word?

- A. Real
- B. Caring
- C. Generous
- D. Honest
- E. Curious

The following text is for questions 23 to 26

If someone is having a nose bleed, your priority is to control the bleeding and keep their airway open.

Get them to sit down (not lie down) as keeping the nose above the heart will reduce bleeding.

Get them to lean forward (not backwards), to make sure the blood drains out through their nose every ten minutes, until the bleeding stops.

Encourage them not to speak, swallow, cough, spit or sniff because this may break blood clots that may have started to form in the nose.

If the bleeding is severe, or if it lasts more than 30 minutes, call for medical help.

23. What is the purpose of the text?

- A. To inform the readers the methods to help nose bleeding patients
- B. To report the procedural steps in helping nose bleeding patients
- C. To illustrate the preventive methods of nose bleeding

D. To provide instant help for nose bleeding patients

E. To describe the control methods of nose bleeding

24. The text is mostly useful in condition...

- A. When the bleeding cannot be controlled
- B. When the patient's airway is blocked
- C. When the nose bleed occurs regularly
- D. When the nose bleed just occurred
- E. When the patients keep coughing

25. In case of nose bleeding, if the person speaks...

- A. his/her blood drains out through his/her nose
- B. he/she will suffer from severe bleeding
- C. his/her throat will block the airway
- D. his/her blood clot will not form
- E. his/her nose will bleed again

26. "...to make sure the blood drains out..." (paragraph 3)

The underlined word is closest in meaning to...

- A. Travel
- B. Portray
- C. Remark
- D. Stream
- E. Proceed

The following text is for questions 27 to 30

A kangaroo is an animal found only in Australia. It has a small relative called a wallaby, that lives in Tasmania and New Guinea. Kangaroos eat grass and plants. They have short front legs, long and strong back legs and a tail. These are used to sit up and jump. Kangaroos are well known for their 8-meter forward jumps and more than 3-meters high leap across fences. They can also run at the speed of over 45 kilometers per hour. The largest kangaroos are the Great Grey Kangaroos and Red Kangaroos. Adult kangaroos grow to a meter in length and 90 kilos in weight. Kangaroos are marsupials. This means that the female kangaroo has an external pouch on the front of her body. The baby kangaroo is very tiny when it was born. It right away crawls into its mother's pouch where it spends the first five months of its life.

Adapted from Peter Haddock Ltd, Ref.083

27. What is the purpose of the text?
- To inform Kangaroo's uniqueness
 - To report the features of Kangaroo
 - To encourage Kangaroo's preservation
 - To describe how a Kangaroo looks like
 - To raise awareness of Kangaroo's special status
28. We can conclude from the text that...
- The largest kangaroos are the males
 - The male kangaroos do not have pouch
 - Kangaroos only eat grass and plants that grow in Australia
 - Tasmania's and New Guinea's wallabies are different in size
 - The new born kangaroo is also skillful in jumping and leaping
29. Which of these statements is contrary to the fact?
- Kangaroos are not carnivorous
 - Kangaroo is native animal of Australia
 - All wallabies are of smaller size than Kangaroos
 - All marsupial females have pouch on the front of their body
 - Baby Kangaroos leave their mother's pouch at the age of five months
30. Look at the underlined word 'pouch'. Which of the following words is closest in meaning to it?
- Saving
 - Purse
 - Compartment
 - Pocket
 - Holding

The following text is for questions 31 to 34

The Dangers of Typing SMS while Driving

The popularity of mobile devices has had some dangerous consequences. We know that mobile communications are linked to a significant increase in distracted driving which results in injury and loss of life.

The National Highway Traffic Safety Administration reported that in 2010 driver distraction was the cause of 18 percent of all fatal

crashes – with 3,092 people killed – and crashes resulting in an injury – with 416,000 people wounded.

The Virginia Tech Transportation Institute found that text messaging creates a crash risk 23 times worse than driving while not distracted.

Eleven percent of drivers aged 18 to 20 who were involved in an automobile accident and survived admitted they were sending or receiving texts when they crashed. Distracted driving endangers life and property and the current levels of injury and loss are unacceptable.

31. What is the main idea of the passage?
- The warning of texting and driving
 - The debatable issue of texting and driving
 - The involvement of mobile devices while driving
 - The risks of texting while driving
 - The consequences of not paying attention to traffic
32. What does the passage tell us about the writer's opinion on the issue at hand?
- Text messaging creates more risk than undistracted driving
 - Mobile communication doesn't have relation with accident
 - Many people lost their lives because of injury
 - Distracted driving is still safe for the drivers
 - Only adult drivers involved in the accident
33. From the text, we know that...
- The mobile phone should be banned in the street
 - Distracted driving makes accident more rarely to happen
 - Most of the accident caused by the condition of the road
 - 18 percent of fatal crashes were caused by unnoticed street signs
 - Drivers involved in car accidents admitted they were texting when they crashed
34. Distracted driving endangers life ... it is not an acceptable action
- as
 - if

- C. so
- D. and
- E. yet

This text is for questions 35 to 38

Galileo Galilei (1564-1642)--Astronomer and Scientist. Galileo developed a superior telescope and made many significant discoveries in astronomy. He was sentenced to life imprisonment by the inquisition for his support for the Copernican theory that the sun was at the centre of the solar system.

Galileo was born in Florence, Italy in 1564 to a poor but noble family. His parents recognised their child's innate intelligence and talents and so made sacrifices to have him educated. At his father's insistence, Galileo studied the profitable career of medicine. But, at the University of Pisa, Galileo became fascinated in a wide range of subjects. He was also critical of many of Aristotle's teaching which had dominated education for the past 2,000 years.

Galileo was appointed to be a mathematics professor at the University of Pisa, but his strident criticisms of Aristotle left him isolated among his contemporaries. After three years of persecution, he resigned and went to the University of Padua, where he taught maths. His entertaining lectures attracted a large following and he was able to spend the next 18 years pursuing his interests in astronomy and mechanics.

35. Something that we can learn from Galileo Galilei's biography is...
- A. We must always believe whatever the society believes to avoid getting persecuted
 - B. We must never go against the believe of the society to avoid getting imprisoned
 - C. We should believe in something and stay faithful to it no matter how hard
 - D. We must sacrifice everything to get ourselves educated
 - E. We should spend 18 years to pursue our interests
36. From the fact that Galileo Galilei was imprisoned for supporting the Copernican theory, which later was proven to be true, we know that Galileo Galilei was...

- A. Reckless
- B. Stubborn
- C. Tenacious
- D. Arrogant
- E. Foolish

37. According to the biography, why did Galileo Galilei resign from his teaching job at the University of Pisa?
- A. He had attracted many followers
 - B. He was persecuted for three years
 - C. He was appointed as a mathematics professor
 - D. He had a better offer from the University of Padua
 - E. He wanted to pursue his interests in astronomy and mechanics
38. "His parents recognised their child's innate intelligence and talents and so made sacrifices to have him educated." (paragraph 2)
The underlined word is closest in meaning to...
- A. Acquired
 - B. Ingenious
 - C. Multiple
 - D. Inborn
 - E. Strident

This text is for questions 39 to 42

A tsunami is a series of ocean waves that sends surges of water, sometimes reaching heights of over 100 feet (30,5 meters), onto land. These walls of water can cause widespread destruction when they crash ashore.

The awe-inspiring waves are typically caused by large, undersea earthquakes at tectonic plate boundaries. When the ocean floor at a plate boundary rises or falls suddenly, it displaces the water above it and launches the rolling waves that will become a tsunami.

Most tsunami, about 80 percent, happen within the Pacifics Ocean's "Ring of Fire", a geologically active area where tectonic shifts make volcanoes and earthquakes common.

Tsunamis may also be caused by underwater landslides or volcanic eruptions. They may even be launched, as they frequently were in Earth's ancient past, by the impact of a large meteorite plunging into an ocean.

Tsunamis race across the sea at up to 500 miles (805 kilometers) an hour-about as fast as a jet airplane. At that pace they can cross the entire expanse of the Pacific Ocean in less than a day. And their long wavelengths mean they lose very little energy along the way.

A tsunami's trough, the low point beneath the wave's crest, often reaches shore first. When it does, it produces a vacuum effect that sucks coastal water seaward and exposes harbor and sea floors. This retreating of sea water is an important warning sign of a tsunami, because the wave's crest and its enormous volume of water typically hit shore five minutes or so later. Recognizing this phenomenon can save lives.

A tsunami is usually composed of a series of waves, called a wave train, so its destructive force may be compounded as successive waves reach shore. People experiencing a tsunami should remember that the danger may not have passed with the first wave and should await official word that it is safe to return to vulnerable locations.

Some tsunamis do not appear on shore as massive breaking waves but instead resemble a quickly surging tide that inundates coastal areas.

39. Why did the author write the report?
- A. To raise people's awareness about tsunami
 - B. To warn people about an upcoming tsunami
 - C. To inform people about past tsunamis
 - D. To inform people about the different types of tsunami
 - E. To warn people about the dangers of tsunami
40. Tsunamis are usually the result of...
- A. The sudden rise or fall of ocean floors
 - B. Pacifics Ocean "Ring of Fire"
 - C. The awe-inspiring waves
 - D. Volcanoes
 - E. Landslides
41. From the text, we know that Tsunami can be very destructive because...
- A. They come after earthquakes
 - B. They are caused by volcanic eruptions
 - C. They are tall, fast, forceful, and repetitive
 - D. They have a vacuum effect
 - E. They occur suddenly

42. "Some tsunamis do not appear on shore as massive breaking waves but instead resemble a quickly surging tide that inundates coastal areas." (paragraph 8)

The underlined word is closest in meaning to...

- A. floods
- B. covers
- C. fills
- D. attacks
- E. submerges

This text is for questions 43 to 46

Pakistan's houbara bird facing extinction

The indiscriminate hunting of endangered houbara bustard birds in Pakistan by rich hunting parties from the Gulf nations have pushed the species toward extinction. The hunting was initially banned by the Pakistani courts, but under continuous pressure from the provincial governments of Sind, Baluchistan, and Punjab, as well as the federal government, recently the courts lifted the ban on the hunting of this vulnerable species.

Some people in Pakistan have been advocating for sustainable hunting of the species instead of a complete ban, but this is highly debatable. Reckless hunting for decades has pushed this beautiful species toward extinction and it is now critically endangered in Pakistan.

No reliable or credible statistics on the population dynamics of the species are available either. Unless specially protected by the law, the species runs the risk of becoming extinct in the wild in the next few decades.

Under these circumstances, the only logical approach to save the species from extinction in the not-so-distant future is to immediately start comprehensive captive breeding program for the species across the nation.

If the captive breeding program runs successfully and produces an appreciable number of chicks, then reintroduction programs could be initiated in their wild habitats.

Only after rebuilding the population for some time in the wild and allowing them to breed naturally to reach a sustainable population could some restricted hunting be planned. Currently, the

low numbers have made this species vulnerable and with zero or poor monitoring, sustainable hunting practices in Pakistan for this dwindling species will not work.

Game hunting works only when a stable population is achieved with strict monitoring on the ratio of males to females hunted per season. If the females (no true statistics available) are being taken out of the population through random hunting, the population is sure to pass through a bottleneck in the wild habitat, with high vulnerability to eventual extinction.

The people of Pakistan need to decide what is more important-a few petrodollars or protecting the biodiversity of the nation.

Saikat Kumar Basu
Lethbridge, Canada

43. What is the subject of the text?
- A. The extinction of Pakistan's houbara bird
 - B. The hunting of Pakistan's houbara bird
 - C. The conservation of Pakistan's houbara bird
 - D. The rehabilitation of Pakistan's biodiversity
 - E. The protection of Pakistan's biodiversity
44. From the text, we know that the writer...
- A. Enjoys hunting the houbara bird
 - B. Advocates for sustainable houbara bird hunting
 - C. Approves all kinds of houbara bird hunting
 - D. Tries to persuade people to conserve houbara bird
 - E. Breeds houbara bird in captivity
45. According to the text, why does the writer want all kinds of houbara bird hunting be banned?
- A. The population of houbara bird is getting smaller and smaller
 - B. The captivity of houbara bird has been unsuccessful
 - C. The houbara bird is difficult to catch
 - D. The houbara bird is beautiful
 - E. The hunters are reckless
46. From the passage, we can conclude that people can resume hunting the houbara bird only... a sustainable population is reached

- A. after
- B. when
- C. because
- D. if
- E. before

This text is for questions 47 to 50

Nowadays, the police have been applying the new regulation concerning the use of seat belts. In European countries, this regulation has been applied for a long time. However, this new regulation has become controversial and is an interesting topic to discuss. Here are some arguments.

The use of seat belts has been proven to reduce the risk of injury or death in an accident. Seat belt has become a standard component in cars. The research shows that most car accident will cause an injury to the head. Frequently, drivers or the passengers driving without seat belts die because of this. By wearing the seat belts, the injury will not happen since belts restrain our body on the car seat when the accident happens.

Unfortunately, many cars, especially the old ones, don't have seat belts. This is because the traffic conditions in the past were unlike the recent traffic conditions. The designer of old cars didn't consider seat belt as important part. Besides, the driver wearing the seat belt will think that they are completely safe, so they may be drive carelessly. They are safe, indeed, but how about safety of other?

The seat belt is only one of the ways to reduce the risk of car accidents. It doesn't mean that we are completely safe. In short, our safety depends on ourselves.

47. What is the main idea of paragraph 3?
- A. Old cars do not use seat belts
 - B. The old cars have seat belts for their safety
 - C. The drivers wear seat belts may drive carefully
 - D. The traffic conditions in the past were similar to the recent
 - E. The old cars' designer considered a seat belt as an important part

48. What is function of seat belts?
- A. To reduce the traffic conditions
 - B. To become a standard component in cars
 - C. To reduce the risk of injury or death in an accident
 - D. To prevent the drivers driving cars carefully
 - E. To increase the risk of injury in car accidents
49. Who considered a seat belt as an unimportant part?
- A. Police
 - B. People
 - C. Drivers
 - D. Passengers
 - E. Old cars designer
50. "...that they are completely safe" (paragraph 3)
What does the word 'they' refer to?
- A. Cars
 - B. Seat belts
 - C. Drivers
 - D. Designers
 - E. Others

Tryout 7 Tes Kemampuan Akademik (TKA)

Mata Pelajaran : Bahasa Inggris
Jenjang : SMA/MA
Program Studi : IPA

TKA BAHASA INGGRIS

LISTENING SECTION

In this section of the test, you will have the chance to show how well you understand spoken English. There are four parts to this section with special directions for each part.

Part 1

Questions 1 to 4

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear several dialogues and questions spoken in English. The dialogues and the questions will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test sheet, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying.

After you listen to the dialogue and the question about it, read the five possible answers to the question you have heard. Now listen to a sample question.

You will hear:

Man : I highly appreciate you for helping me choose the right loan I need.

Woman : My pleasure, Sir. I hope you can use the money to buy your dream house.

Narrator : What is the topic of the conversation?

- A. Asking for help
- B. Giving an opinion
- C. Giving direction
- D. Expressing pleasure
- E. Expressing gratitude

The best answer to the question "What is the topic of the conversation?" is expressing gratitude.

Therefore you should choose answer (E).

Now, let's begin with number 1.

1. A. A threat D. Persuasion
B. An order E. A suggestion
C. A warning

2. A. A painting exhibition
B. A famous painter
C. Painter's masterpiece
D. A beautiful painting
E. The man's neighbor
3. A. To go to her mother's house with Ted
B. To celebrate her mother's birthday
C. To visit Ted at her mother's house
D. To celebrate Ted's birthday
E. To celebrate her birthday
4. A. Finishing the assignment
B. Doing the office's job
C. Going to the office
D. Going for a walk
E. Writing a letter

Part 2

Questions 5 to 7

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear a statement or a question spoken in English followed by five responses and also spoken in English. The questions and the responses will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test sheet, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speakers are saying. You have to choose the best response to each question or statement. Now listen to a sample question.

Girl : I really made a mistake

Boy : What's it about?

Girl : I have broken your pen

Boy : That pen? Oh no.

Girl :

Narrator: What does the girl probably respond?

- A. I'm sorry to hear that
- B. I really appreciate it
- C. I do apologize
- D. I love that pen
- E. I hate you

The best answer to the question "What does the girl probably respond?" is "I do apologize " Therefore you should choose answer (C).

5. Mark your answer on your answer sheet.
6. Mark your answer on your answer sheet.
7. Mark your answer on your answer sheet.

Part 3


Questions 8 to 11

Directions:


In this part of the test, you will hear several monologues spoken in English. The monologues will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test sheet, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speaker is saying.

After you listen to the monologue, look at the five pictures provided in your test sheet and decide which one would be the most suitable with the monologue you have heard.


8.




A




B




C




D




E
9.




A




B



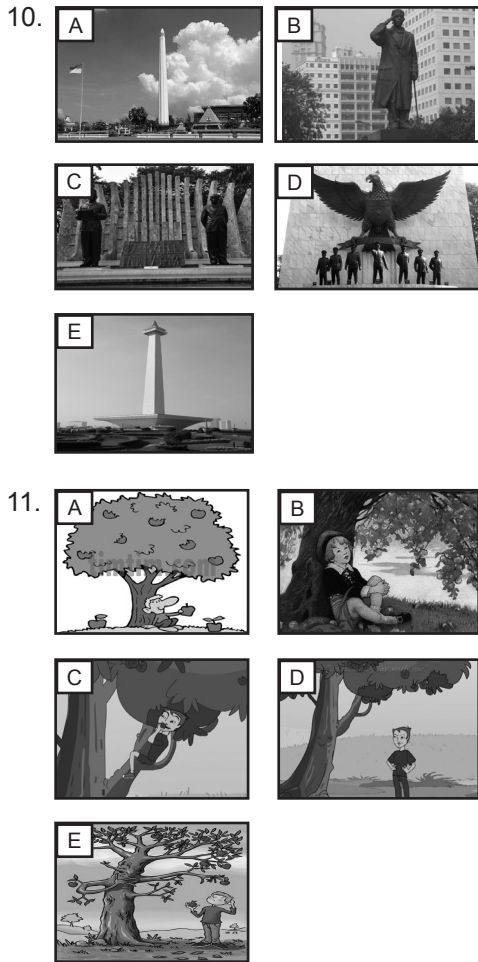
C



D



E



Part 4

Question 12 to 15

Directions:

In this part of the test, you will hear some monologues. Each monologue will be spoken twice. They will not be printed in your test sheet, so you must listen carefully to understand what the speaker is saying. After you listen to the monologue and the question about it, read the five possible answers and decide which one would be the best answer to the question you have just heard.

Question 12 and 13 are based on the following monologue.

12. A. An observer D. An astronaut
B. A passer-by E. A researcher
C. An astronomer

13. A. He lost his note
B. He fell into a ditch
C. He greeted his friend
D. He slipped on the road
E. He looked up at the sky

Question 14 and 15 are based on the following monologue.

14. A. The biggest man in the world
B. The shortest man from Indonesia
C. The strangest man in the world
D. The strongest man from Indonesia
E. The oldest man from Indonesia
15. A. He is patient D. He is helpful
B. He is simple E. He is friendly
C. He is honest

THIS IS THE END OF LISTENING SECTION

READING SECTION

The following text is for question 16 to 17

Announcement

Free conversational English classes start at Chermide library: Hamilton Road Chermide on Wednesday, February 3, 2012 at 4 p.m. and end at 5.30 p.m.

People from all language level are welcome. Please call Steve on 041 1025 125 or Judy at 0434 525 382 for further information.

16. The free conversational English classes are offered to ...
A. student with good English
B. every student in the school
C. student with limited English
D. student who is good at speaking
E. student who wants to improve their English
17. "For further information". The underlined word is closest in meaning to ...
A. long D. distant
B. more E. additional
C. good

The following text is for question 18 to 19

Dear Mr. Wijaya
The Director of PT Baja Kuat UTama Tbk.,
Surabaya

We cordially invite you at:
The Opening of Indonesian Hybrid Car
Exhibition
On February 4th, 2018
At 9 A.M.
Pengayon Hall, Surabaya Exhibition Centre
Jl. Kapal Selam No.108, Surabaya
Regrets only: (031) 66889955

Sincerely yours,
Hybrid Car Association

18. Why did the writer send the text?

- A. To promote an event
- B. To announce an event
- C. To launch a new product
- D. To inform of an exhibition
- E. To ask a person to attend an event

19. What should Mr. Wijaya do if he can not attend the event?

- A. Call (031) 66889955
- B. Send a message to the committee
- C. Send a representative to attend the event
- D. Meet the committee a day before the event
- E. Come to hybrid Car Association office before the event

The following text is for question 20 to 22

PT Celebes Raya
Jl. Kepodang no.67 Kendari

Notice of the Twenty Eight
Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the TWENTY-
EIGHTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of

the Shareholders of PT Celebes Raya will be held on Monday, April 23rd, 2018 at 10 a.m., conference room of Hotel Celebes, to transact the following business:

AGENDA:

1. To confirm proceedings of the Twenty-Seventh Annual General Meeting of the Company held on April 23rd, 2017
2. To receive, consider, and adopt the Audited Accounts as of December 31st, 2017 together with reports of the Auditors and Directors there on.
3. To elect Directors
4. To declare 10% cash dividend and 10% stock dividend (Bonus Share)
5. To appoint Auditors for the year 2018 and to fix their remuneration.
6. To transact any other business of the Company with the permission of the Chair.

By order of the Board of Directors

Danang Wijanarko
Secretary

20. Who issues the notice?

- A. The employee
- B. The shareholders
- C. The company partner
- D. The Board of Director
- E. The company secretary

21. From the text, we can conclude that ...

- A. The meeting is held every month
- B. The company will have new owners
- C. The meeting will discuss important issues
- D. The participants of the meeting are the shareholders
- E. The secretary will report his work to the directors in the meeting

22. "To appoint Auditors for the year 2018 and to fix their **remuneration**." (Agenda 5)

The word "remuneration" is closest in meaning to

- A. bonus
- B. salary
- C. award
- D. overtime
- E. promotion

The following text is for question 23 to 26

A kangaroo is an animal found only in Australia. It has a small relative called a wallaby, which lives in Tasmania and New Guinea. Kangaroos eat grass and plants. They have short front legs, long and strong back legs, and a tail. These are used to sit up and jump. Kangaroos are well known for their 8 meter forward jumps and more than 3 meters high leap across fences. They can also run at speeds of over 45 kilometres per hour. The largest kangaroo's are the Great Grey Kangaroos and Red Kangaroos. Adults kangaroos grow to a meter in length and 90 kilos in weight. Kangaroos are marsupials. This means that the female kangaroo has an external pouch on the front of her body. The baby kangaroo is very tiny when it was born. It right away crawls into its mother pouch where it spends the first five months of its life.

Adapted from: Peter Haddock Ltd., Ref.083

23. What is the purpose of the text?
- A. To inform kangaroo's uniqueness
 - B. To report the features of kangaroo
 - C. To encourage kangaroo's preservation
 - D. To describe how a kangaroo looks like
 - E. To raise awareness of kangaroo's special status
24. We can conclude from the text that...
- A. The largest kangaroos are males
 - B. The male kangaroo do not have pouch
 - C. kangaroos only eat grass and plants that grow in Australia
 - D. Tasmanians and New Guineans wallabies are different in size
 - E. The new born kangaroos is also skillful in jumping and leaping

25. Which of these statements is contrary to the fact?

- A. Kangaroos are not carnivorous
- B. Kangaroo is native animal of Australia
- C. All wallabies are of smaller size than Kangaroos
- D. All marsupial females have pouch on the front of their body
- E. Baby kangaroo leaves their mother's pouch at the age of five months

26. Look at the underlined word "pouch."

Which of the following words is closest in the meaning to it?

- A. Purse
- B. Saving
- C. Pocket
- D. Holding
- E. Compartment

The following text is for question 27 to 30

Ryan, my roommate, and I had a great weekend. Last Saturday we got up early and had a big breakfast. Then we took the bus to go downtown and went to an art museum. The museum opened at nine o'clock and we stayed there all morning.

We saw some beautiful paintings. We had a guide who explained everything to us. I liked all the art, but Ryan didn't like the modern art very much. I bought copies of two paintings. I'm going to put them on the wall of my bedroom.

At one o'clock, we were hungry so we had lunch at the museum cafeteria. After lunch, we took a walk in the park near the museum. We went home at five o'clock. We were very tired, but we had a good time. On Sunday we stayed home and studied.

27. What did the writer and his roommate do last weekend?

- A. They had a big dinner.
- B. They went to an art museum.
- C. They watched people painting.
- D. They worked part time as a guide.
- E. They worked part time in a cafeteria.

28. The main idea of the second paragraph is
- A guide accompanied the visitors.
 - The museum only displayed modern art.
 - The writer liked all the art displayed at the museum.
 - The guide helped visitors to buy the paintings displayed.
 - Ryan and his roommate liked all the beautiful paintings at the museum.
29. According to the text, how long did Ryan and the writer spend time in the museum?
- Five hours
 - Six hours
 - Seven hours
 - Eight hours
 - Nine hours
30. "I'm going to put them on the wall of my bedroom." (paragraph 2). The underlined word refers to
- guides
 - all arts
 - Modern arts
 - Beautiful paintings
 - copies of two paintings

The following text is for question 31 to 32

Once, a cap seller was passing through a jungle. He was dead tired and needed to rest. Then, he stopped and spread a cloth under a tree. He placed his bag full of caps near him and lay down with his cap on his head.

The cap seller had a sound sleep for one hour. When he got up, the first thing he did was to look into his bag. He was startled when he found all his caps were not there. He was wondering where they could have gone. Indeed, he was greatly puzzled.

When he looked up the sky, he was very surprised to see monkeys sitting on the branches of a tree, each wearing a cap on his head. They had evidently done it to imitate him.

He decided to get his caps back by making a humble request to the monkeys. In return, the monkeys only made faces

of him. When he began to make gestures, even when he raised his fist towards them to threaten them, they also imitated him.

At last he hit upon a clever idea. "Monkeys are a great imitator," he thought. So he took off his own cap and threw it down on the ground. As he had expected, all the monkeys took off the caps and threw them down on the ground. Quickly he stood up and collected the caps, put them back into his bag and went away.

31. Why was each monkey wearing a cap on their head?
- They liked them
 - They liked wearing caps
 - They had stolen the caps
 - They were teasing the cap seller
 - They were imitating the cap seller
32. What is the moral value of the text?
- Monkeys are clever animals
 - Foolishness is a source of faulty
 - Put your belongings in a safe place
 - You have to know what you are talking
 - Kindness must be possessed by everyone

The following text is for question 33 to 36

How to Operate a Digital Camera

Materials you need :

- ❖ A digital camera
- ❖ An object (your friend or something which is interesting to you)

Steps :

First, hold up the camera and center the object in the LCD.

Second, move closer or use the zoom control for the result you want.

When you are ready to take the picture, hold the shutter speed and various other calculations. This may take a few second. Then, a light should appear that let you know the camera is set to go. After that, press shutter all the way down. it may be necessary to turn off the LCD and use the

view finder when there is more extreme sunlight of to conserve battery life. The glare from the LCD does not work well with more bright light.

33. What is the main purpose of the text?
- A. To show how to operate an LCD
 - B. To tell how to operate a digital camera
 - C. To describe the main parts of an LCD
 - D. To explain an object taken by a digital camera
 - E. To describe the components of the digital camera
34. What part of the digital camera will help you to make the object appear nearer?
- A. LCD
 - B. Battery
 - C. Zoom control
 - D. Shutter speed
 - E. Various other calculations
35. When does the LCD glare not work well?
- A. When the battery is low
 - B. When we use find finder
 - C. When the object is zoomed
 - D. When the object is centered
 - E. When we take the object in a more bright light
36. "Then, a light should appear that let you know the camera is set to go."
- The underlined word can be replaced with ...
- A. Clear
 - B. Ready
 - C. Obvious
 - D. Apparent
 - E. Unprepared

The following text is for question 37 to 40

Solar energy evaporates exposed water from seas, lakes, rivers, and wet soils; the majority of this evaporation takes place over the seas. Water is also released into the atmosphere by the plants through photosynthesis. During this process, known as evapotranspiration, water vapour rises into the atmosphere.

Clouds are formed when air becomes saturated with water vapour. The two major types of cloud formation are stratified or layered grey cloud called stratus, and following white or dark grey cloud called cumulus.

Precipitation as rain or hail ensures the heated water return to Earth's surface in a fresh form. Some of this rain, however, falls into the sea and is not accessible to human.

When rain falls, it either washes downhill slopes or seeps underground; when snow and hail melt, this water also sink into the ground.

Rain fall also replenishes river water supplies, so does underground water. Snow fall may consolidate into glaciers, and ice sheets which, when they melt, release their water into the ground, into the stream or into the seas.

37. The text tell us about ...
- A. types of cloud
 - B. how clouds form
 - C. cloud evaporation
 - D. how water vapour rises
 - E. how water cycle works
38. Why does water return to earth's surface in a fresh form?
- A. It has been evaporated
 - B. It is full of water vapour
 - C. It is kept in the athmosphere
 - D. It is the form of precipitation
 - E. It is kept in the tire form of clouds
39. Evapotranspiration is a process when water is released into the atmosphere by ...
- A. the seas
 - B. the rivers
 - C. the streams
 - D. the wet soils
 - E. the vegetations
40. "Clouds are formed when air becomes saturated with water vapour." (paragraph 2). The word "saturated" has the same meaning as

- A. dry
- B. full
- C. dirty
- D. heavy
- E. overload

The following text is for question 41 to 44

We often hear lots of stories from road regarding people talking spill on motorcycle when they are riding without using helmet. Mostly the riders badly end up in mess.

Wearing a fitted protective helmet offers many benefits which reduces the negative aspects of riding. First and the most important is that wearing the correct helmet can save a rider's life, physical ability, family pain, and money. The recommended designs of motorcycle helmets can provide total protection. They do not only protect riders from getting a worse road injured accident but also from flying bugs, such as rain, sleet, mud, and other potential projectiles.

Second, wearing a helmet can gives the riders a matter of style. Helmets give the opportunity for rider to express the image they may want to project when riding on their way. This benefit may not be important to some people, but to others, it means a lot and important. By choosing the most appropriate helmet from all of the various styles, such as beanie, shortly, German, and many others, wearing a helmet which can projecting an image is an inherent crucial part of motorcycling and help riders feel more confident when riding on the road.

However, what most important is wearing helmet when riding is a matter of using it properly. Bikers should use the helmets which are fixed to their head. It is really not good if they places simply the helmets on the head without settling them properly. The bikers should fasten the helmet correctly to their head in order to get safe and comfort.

41. The main purpose of the text is
- A. To tell riders how to ride motorcycles safety

- B. To present some facts when people riding motorcycle.
- C. To inform riders about the importance of using helmets
- D. To discuss the advantages and disadvantages of using helmets
- E. To persuade riders to wear helmets when they are riding motorcycle

42. Besides saving riders from serious injuries, wearing helmet can also protect riders from flying bugs, such as

- A. mug
- B. clay
- C. rock
- D. sleet
- E. storm

43. What information is discussed in paragraph 3?

- A. Types of helmet
- B. The most stylish helmets
- C. The use of helmets for styles
- D. The benefits of using helmets
- E. The effect of using helmets to one's self confidence

44. What suggestion does the author give to the riders?

- A. The riders should use the most stylist helmets
- B. The riders should be able to ride motorcycles safety
- C. The riders should choose the most expensive helmets
- D. The riders should wear helmets on their heads properly and comfortably
- E. The riders should understand the importance of wearing helmets while driving.

The following text is for question 45 to 47

Luis Lionel Andres Messi, born June 24, 1987, is an Argentinian football player for F.C Barcelona. He is not very tall, mainly due to a growing problem he had when he was younger. His eyes are brown. He never has short hair.

Lionel Messi started playing football at a very early age in his hometown's Newell's Old Boys. From the age of 11, he suffered from a hormone deficiency and as Lionel's parents were unable to pay for the treatment in Argentina, they decided to move to Barcelona, Spain.

In the 2003-2004 season, when he was still 16 years old, Messi made his first team debut in a friendly match with Porto that marked the opening of the new Dragao stadium. The following championship-winning season, Messi made his first appearance in an official match on October 16, 2004 in Barcelona's derby win against Espanyol at the Olympic Stadium (0-1). Since 2010, 2011, and 2012 until now he is the best player in the world with more than 3 Ballon D'Or.

- A. excess
- B. variety
- C. strength
- D. inadequacy
- E. abnormality

The following text is for question 48 to 50

J.P. As many as 180 students participated in a flash mob at Jl. HR Rasuna Said, South Jakarta, to raise awareness about environmental issue, on Sunday.

During a flash mob, titled "One Man, One Tumbler", the students taught the onlookers about the need to reduce the usage of the plastic bottles by using tumblers.

The participants, a mix of high school student and college students, danced, as a part of series shows called "Eco Ways for the Future (Ecoture)" that promote environmental awareness.

"Ecoture aims to show how important it is to protect environment. It also wants to provide information about recyclable products that are of value," said Kartika Nindya, Ecoture's coordinator, on Sunday, as quoted by *kompas.com*.

"At the end of the today's ceremonies, we will create petition to show the commitment for young people to become environmental heroes," Nindya said.

Ecoture previously held a give away of 2,000 plants on March 25, during car-free day at Jl. Thamrin in Central Jakarta.

45. According to the text, Messi's parents moved to Barcelona
 - A. to get Messi's health problem cured
 - B. because they were very poor in Argentina
 - C. so that Messi could learn in the best soccer club
 - D. because they wanted Messi to be successful in soccer
 - E. to find the best treatment to cure Messi's health problem
46. What is the main idea of the third paragraph?
 - A. he has long black hair and brown eyes.
 - B. Lionel Messi is a good player for F.C. Barcelona
 - C. Messi first performance was in an official match
 - D. He appears to be quiet good and modest person
 - E. He hasn't really attractive face, but he's a very good football player
47. "...he suffered from a hormone deficiency..." (paragraph 2). The underlined word is closest in meaning to ...

48. What is the text about?
 - A. Plastic bottles
 - B. Students' ceremony
 - C. Recyclable products
 - D. A students' flash mob
 - E. Awareness of environmental issue
49. What did the students do in the flash mob?
 - A. They encouraged the use of tumbler
 - B. They reduced the use of plastic bottles
 - C. They raised awareness of the onlookers
 - D. They asked the high school to participate
 - E. They taught the onlookers about recyclable product

50. "... the need to reduce the usage of plastic bottles by using tumblers." (paragraph 2). The underlined word can be replaced with
- A. ban
 - B. remove
 - C. shorten
 - D. eliminate
 - E. minimize

Pembahasan Tryout 1 TKA Bahasa Inggris

Listening Section

PART I

Questions: 1 to 4

1. Transcript:

- Man : Excuse me, is there a grocery store around here?
- Woman : Yeah. There is one near here.
- Man : Can you tell me how to get there?
- Woman : Sure. Go straight down this street for three blocks. Then turn left when you get to Maple street. Stay on the Maple street for half a block. It's over the left hand side.

Question:

What is the woman doing? (Apa yang dilakukan wanita tersebut?)

Dalam dialog di atas, M (*man*) menanyakan letak toko penjual makanan (*grocery store*) pada W (*woman*). Kemudian, si wanita memberikan petunjuk arah kepada laki-laki (M) tersebut (*Giving directions to the man*).

Jadi, yang dilakukan si wanita adalah memberikan petunjuk arah pada laki-laki tersebut.

Jawab: D

2. Transcript:

- Woman : Why didn't you answer my call?
- Man : Did you call me? When?
- Woman : Around eight in the evening.
- Man : Oh, I was already in bed. I felt very exhausted after working in the garden from morning till afternoon.

Question:

When did the woman call the man? (Kapan wanita itu menelepon laki-laki tersebut?)

Perhatikan kalimat dialog ke-2 dari wanita tersebut, yaitu "*Around eight in the evening*".

Pada kalimat tersebut, si wanita mengungkapkan bahwa wanita tersebut menelepon laki-laki itu pada jam delapan malam.

Jadi, wanita itu menelepon laki-laki tersebut pada malam hari (*in the evening*).

Jawab: C

3. Transcript:

- Man : I heard you passed your exam with flying colour. I'm very proud of you.
- Woman : Thank you, dad. I got ten for math and biology.

Questions:

What is the topic of the conversation? (Apakah topik dari dialog di atas?)

Dari dialog di atas cukup jelas bahwa topik dialog tersebut adalah tentang seorang ayah yang mengungkapkan rasa bangga atas keberhasilan putrinya dalam memperoleh nilai yang sangat baik dalam ujian. perhatikan percakapan sang ayah pada kalimat, "*I'm very proud of you.*"

Jadi, topik dari cerita di atas adalah ekspresi kebanggaan dari seorang ayah (*Expressing pride*).

Jawab: B

4. Transcript:

- Woman : Thank you very much for the beautiful book, Mr. Sugeng. It was very nice of you to remember my birthday.
- Man : It was the least I could give you. I hope you like it.

Question:

What is the dialogue about? (Tentang apakah dialog di atas?)

Dialog di atas bercerita tentang ucapan terima kasih dari seorang wanita kepada seorang pria yang telah memberikan hadiah buku pada hari ulang tahunnya.

Jadi, dialog di atas bercerita tentang ucapan terima kasih dari seorang wanita kepada seorang pria yang telah memberikan kado ulang tahun.

Jawab: E

PART II

Questions: 5 to 7

5. Transcript:

Man : Hi, Debby. Thank you for the book you gave me.

Woman : Don't mention it. Do you like it?

Man :

Question:

What does the man probably answer?
(Jawaban apa yang kemungkinan diucapkan oleh pria tersebut?)

- a. Thank goodness.
- b. Yes. I am amazed to reading it.
- c. I like the way you treat me.
- d. Sure. Absolutely, you are right.

Cukup jelas dari dialog di atas bahwa yang ditanyakan adalah apakah pria itu menyukai buku yang diberikan wanita itu. Maka, respons yang mungkin diucapkan oleh sang pria adalah bahwa pria tersebut sangat tertarik untuk membacanya (*Yes. I am amazed to reading it*).

Jawab: B

6. Transcript:

Man : I've really made a mistake.

Woman : What about?

Man : I have broken your pen.

Woman : That pen? Oh no!

Man :

Question:

What would the man most likely reply?
(Jawaban apa yang paling mungkin diucapkan oleh pria tersebut?)

- a. I love that pen.
- b. Thank you
- c. I am proud of you.
- d. I am very sorry

Dari dialog di atas, diceritakan sang pria telah mematahkan bolpoin milik wanita tersebut. Maka, pernyataan yang paling mungkin diucapkan sang pria adalah mengucapkan permintaan maaf (*I am very sorry*).

Jawab: D

7. Transcript:

Man : Do you want me to carry these books to your room?

Woman : No, thanks.

Man : Let me bring your bag, then.

Woman :

Question:

What will the woman probably response?
(Jawaban apa yang paling mungkin diucapkan oleh wanita tersebut?)

- a. My bag is black and big
- b. I will go to the teacher room
- c. Thank you very much
- d. It's a handmade leather bag

Dalam dialog di atas, terlihat sang laki-laki menawarkan bantuan kepada si wanita untuk membawa tasnya. Maka, respons yang paling mungkin diucapkan oleh wanita tersebut adalah mengucapkan rasa terima kasih atas bantuan yang ditawarkan padanya (*Thank you very much*).

Jawab: C

PART III

Questions: 8 to 11

8. Transcript:

- Woman : Did you come to our school reunion last night?
- Man : No. I had a surgery with some fellow doctors in the emergency room. Did you go?
- Woman : Yes. I met so many old friends there. Bill is a lawyer. He works for his own law firm. Edward is a math teacher in Houston. John is in the army. And his brother, Jimmy, is a pilot.

Question:

Which picture shows the man's occupation? (Gambar manakah yang menunjukkan pekerjaan dari laki-laki tersebut?)

Perhatikan kalimat dialog dari laki-laki tersebut, yaitu "No. I had a surgery with some fellow doctors in the emergency room. Did you go?" (Tidak, saya harus melakukan operasi bedah dengan beberapa dokter dalam ruang gawat darurat. Apakah kamu pergi?).

Dari kalimat dialog tersebut dapat disimpulkan bahwa pekerjaan laki-laki tersebut adalah seorang dokter.

Jawab: A

9. Transcript:

- Man : Have you cooked the roll egg, honey?
- Woman : Not yet. I think we need a new gas stove. This old one is not working very well anymore.
- Man : Ok, then. Let's buy one, then.

Question:

Which picture shows what they want to buy? (Gambar manakah yang menunjukkan barang yang ingin mereka beli?)

Dari dialog di atas, terlihat jelas mereka ingin membeli kompor gas (gas stove).

Jawab: B

10. Transcript:

This animal has a pair of wings. It is active

at night, and it sleeps during the day. People regard this animal as a manifestation of dracula. It has broad round eyes and sharp hands. This animal can be found in caves, hanging upside down.

Question:

Which picture goes with the monologue? (Gambar mana yang sesuai dengan monolog di atas?)

Pada monolog di atas dideskripsikan hewan yang aktif pada malam hari, dan tidur pada siang hari (*It is active at night, and it sleeps during the day*). Hewan yang memiliki ciri-ciri tersebut adalah kelelawar.

Jawab: A

11. Transcript:

I love gardening. I have a small garden in my backyard. There are daffodills, Cambodian flowers, orchids, red roses, and white lilies. My oldest daughter, Anisa, is crazy about red roses. She always helps me water the flowers in the afternoon. I love all my flowers.

Question:

Which flower does Anisa like? (Bunga manakah yang disukai Anisa?)

Pada monolog di atas disebutkan bahwa Anisa sangat menyukai mawar merah (*Anisa, is crazy about red roses*). Pada pilihan jawaban, bunga mawar merah ditunjukkan oleh opsi d.

Jawab: D

PART IV

Questions: 12 to 15

Question twelve and thirteen are based on the following monologue.

CNN. A major snowstorm fled the east coast and spoiled the busy holiday travel season and airport shutdown the runway, rail services were slowed, and bus ride was suspended on the last weekend before Christmas. Three deaths in Virginia were blamed on the storm, state official said. One person was killed late Friday in a single car crash. Two other deaths were reported Saturday as there were more heavy snow than expected.

12. Transcript:

Question:

What is the monologue about? (Tentang apakah monolog di atas?)

Monolog di atas berisi berita tentang badai salju (*snowstorm*) yang terjadi di pantai timur (*east coast*). Berita tersebut disiarkan oleh CNN.

Jadi, monolog di atas berisi tentang badai salju.

Jawab: E

13. Transcript:

Question:

How many casualties were there in the incident? (Berapa banyak korban yang ada dalam bencana tersebut?)

Dari kalimat dalam monolog "*Three deaths in Virginia were blamed on the storm, ...*", bisa diketahui bahwa ada tiga korban dalam peristiwa badai salju tersebut.

Jawab: B

Question fourteen and fifteen based on the following monologue!

Monologue:

The anaconda is the largest snake in the world. Also known as the Water Boa, this giant, meat eater lives in swampy areas of tropical South America. It spends a lot of time in shallow water, hidden from unsuspecting prey. Anacondas are related to boa constrictors. They give birth to 20 to 40 baby snakes at one time.

Like all snakes, anacondas are cold-blooded; they are the same temperature as the environment. They continue to grow all their lives, getting bigger and bigger each year. The longest anaconda ever found was 11.4 m long, there are probably even bigger anacondas that have not been seen. Anacondas are greenish-brown with a double row of black oval spots on the back and smaller white markings on the sides.

14. Transcript:

Question:

What is the monologue about? (Tentang apakah monolog di atas?)

Cukup jelas bahwa yang dibicarakan dalam monolog di atas adalah tentang anaconda.

Jawab: B

15. Transcript:

Question:

How many babies does an anaconda give birth to at one time? (Berapa banyak bayi yang bisa dilahirkan oleh seekor anaconda?)

Dari kalimat monolog berikut, "*They give birth to 20 to 40 baby snakes at one time*", bisa diketahui bahwa anaconda bisa melahirkan 20 – 40 bayi ular dalam sekali waktu melahirkan.

Jawab: D

Reading Section

16. Penyelesaian:

Pada soal, yang ditanyakan adalah alternatif apa yang ditawarkan petugas atas pegawai bagian peminjaman.

Dari kalimat teks "*We regret to inform you that we are unable to lend you the sum of \$ 500 that you have requested, but it is possible to grant you part of the sum*".

(Dengan terpaksa kami beritahukan bahwa kami tidak bisa memenuhi permohonan pinjaman Anda sebesar 500 dolar, tetapi kemungkinan kami bisa meminjamkan kepada Anda sebagian dari jumlah tersebut).

Jadi, dari pernyataan di atas, cukup jelas bahwa alternatif yang ditawarkan adalah peminjaman sebagian dari jumlah 500 dolar, atau dengan kata "peminjaman" yang nilainya di bawah 500 dolar..

Jawab: D

17. Penyelesaian:

Pada soal, yang ditanyakan adalah "Bagaimana perusahaan swasta dan pejabat publik

negara-negara ASEAN bisa berpartisipasi dalam proses integrasi ekonomi di wilayah tersebut?”.

Kalimat teks: “..., *We have provided several channels for ASEAN public officials and private sectors, such as regular consultations and business dialogues with industry associations and business councils from ASEAN and partner countries.*”

(“... kami telah menyediakan beberapa channel (saluran) bagi pejabat publik dan sektor swasta, seperti misalnya konsultasi rutin dan dialog bisnis dengan asosiasi industri dan dewan penasihat bisnis dari negara-negara ASEAN dan negara-negara mitra).

Jadi, cukup jelas bahwa partisipasi bisa diberikan melalui sarana konsultasi dan dialog.

Jawab: B

18. Penyelesaian:

Pada soal, yang ditanyakan adalah menteri-menteri apa saja di negara ASEAN yang kemungkinan menghadiri ASEAN Trade Facilitation forum.

Dari kalimat teks paragraf 2: “*The forum was jointly held by the Indonesian Trade ministry, ...*” (Forum tersebut diadakan secara gabungan oleh kementerian perdagangan Indonesia ...), bisa diketahui secara tersirat bahwa kemungkinan yang akan hadir adalah para menteri perdagangan negara-negara ASEAN.

Jawab: D

19. Penyelesaian:

Pada soal, yang ditanyakan adalah siapa yang secara spesifikasi diundang untuk mengirimkan proposal riset.

Lihat paragraf kedua: “*The awards will then be made to competent researchers and institutions focused on research of local scientists and public health professionals.*” (Penghargaan akan diberikan pada para peneliti dan lembaga-lembaga berkompeten yang fokus pada penelitian, di antaranya

para ilmuwan dan profesional lokal di bidang kesehatan masyarakat).

Jadi, cukup jelas bahwa yang diundang mengirimkan proposal riset adalah para ilmuwan dan profesional di bidang kesehatan masyarakat dari Indonesia.

Jawab: B

20. Penyelesaian:

Perhatikan judul pada teks, “*Effective Microorganisms 4 Organic Fermentation Bacteria To Increase Cattle Productivity*”. Mikroorganisme Efektif 4 (EM-4) Bakteri Fermentasi Organik untuk Meningkatkan Produktivitas Hewan Ternak.

Dari judul di atas dapat disimpulkan bahwa teks tersebut berisi tentang kegunaan atau manfaat dari *Effective Microorganisms 4 (EM-4)*.

Jawab: E

21. Penyelesaian:

Pada soal, yang ditanyakan adalah “Alasan/sebab” mengapa setiap monyet memakai topi di kepala mereka.

Informasi tentang hal tersebut ada pada paragraf ke-3: “..., *each wearing a cap on his head. They had evidently done it to imitate him*”. (“..., masing-masing monyet memakai topi di kepalanya. Mereka terbukti melakukan hal itu untuk meniru apa yang penjual topi lakukan).

Jawab: C

22. Penyelesaian:

Pada soal, yang ditanyakan adalah pesan moral dari cerita naratif tersebut.

Dari cerita didapatkan pemahaman bahwa monyet-monyet bisa mengambil topi karena penjual topi tidak menaruh atau menempatkannya di tempat yang aman.

Jadi, salah satu nilai yang bisa diperoleh dari cerita tersebut adalah bahwa kita seharusnya menaruh dan menyimpan barang-barang berharga milik kita di tempat yang aman.

Jawab: B

23. Penyelesaian:

Isi wacana memberikan gambaran dan penjelasan mengenai hal-hal yang terkait dengan aktivitas di Kapoposang, seperti menyelam (paragraf 2), perjalanan menuju ke sana dan waktu-waktu yang tepat untuk menyelam di sana (paragraf 3).

Jadi, cukup jelas bahwa wacana berbicara tentang "Kapoposang sebagai lokasi penyelaman."

Jawab: B

24. Penyelesaian:

Letak atau lokasi keberadaan Kapoposang disebutkan di bagian awal wacana "*Kapoposang is one of the largest of the Spermonde Islands,....*" (Kapoposang adalah salah satu pulau dari kepulauan Spermonde,...).

Jawab: C

25. Penyelesaian:

Dari paragraf ke-3 kalimat ke-3, "*As you approach Pulau Kapoposang, you see the deep blue water, which suddenly meets an expanse of coral reefs between extensive shallows with white sands in the seabed.*"

(Ketika Anda mendekati Pulau Kapoposang, Anda menyaksikan air biru yang dalam, yang tiba-tiba bertemu dengan tebing karang yang luas antara)

Opsi C kurang tepat, karena tebing karang luas berada di sekitar Pulau Kapoposang

Jawab: D

26. Penyelesaian:

Soal menanyakan alasan mengapa PT. Eureka mengirim surat.

Pertanyaan di atas dapat ditemukan pada kalimat berikut, "*We are interested in becoming a distributor for your software products in Palembang.*" (Kami tertarik untuk menjadi

distributor produk perangkat lunak Anda di Palembang).

Jawab: B

27. Penyelesaian:

Dari kalimat "*We are a hardware company and eager to add software products to our sales offering.*" (Kami adalah sebuah perusahaan perangkat keras dan sangat ingin menambahkan produk perangkat lunak pada penawaran penjualan kami), bisa diperoleh informasi bahwa PT Eureka belum pernah menjual perangkat lunak sebelumnya.

Jawab: C

28. Penyelesaian:

Pada paragraf ke-1, kalimat ke-1. "*Remote sensing is the acquisition of information about an object or phenomenon without making physical contact with the object.*" (Pengindraan jarak jauh adalah pencarian informasi mengenai sebuah objek atau fenomena tanpa membuat kontak fisik dengan objek tersebut).

Jadi, pengindraan jarak jauh adalah sebuah cara untuk memperoleh informasi tentang sebuah objek atau fenomena.

Jawab: A

29. Penyelesaian:

Paragraf kedua pada prinsipnya menjelaskan adanya dua jenis pengindraan jarak jauh, yaitu aktif dan pasif yang diketahui berdasarkan radiasi energi yang dikeluarkan.

Jawab: D

30. Penyelesaian:

Teknologi pengindraan jarak jauh memungkinkan pencarian informasi di wilayah yang sulit dijangkau atau berbahaya untuk dilakukan dengan penelitian atau pengamatan langsung yang melibatkan kontak fisik dengan objek.

Jawab: E

31. Penyelesaian:

Soal menanyakan aspek pelayanan yang dipromosikan.

Dari kalimat, "..., you'll find the same guaranteed hospitality at all prime Plaza Hotels and Resorts" (... , Anda akan mendapatkan jaminan keramah-tamahan yang sama di semua prime Plaza Hotels and Resorts) dapat diketahui bahwa "hospitality" adalah aspek pelayanan yang dipromosikan.

Jawab: B

32. Penyelesaian:

Cukup jelas bahwa teks berisi promosi Hotels and Resort, dalam hal ini promosi mengenai "prime Plaza Hotels and Resorts".

Jawab: B

33. Penyelesaian:

Dalam teks disebutkan yang sebaiknya dilakukan sekolah jika siswa sulit menghentikan kebiasaan terlambat sekolah adalah "memanggil orangtua siswa". Dengan kata lain berbicara dengan orangtua siswa.

Perhatikan kalimat teks "If this fails, invite their parents to school". (Jika hal ini gagal, undanglah orangtua mereka ke sekolah).

Jawab: D

34. Penyelesaian:

Bentuk perilaku tertinggi menurut penulis adalah "Inner Discipline" (disiplin dalam diri), lihat kalimat awal paragraf ke-2.

Jawab: E

35. Penyelesaian:

Kata *precious* = bernilai, berharga

Valuable = bernilai;

Excellent = istimewa;

Clever = pintar;

Innocent = tidak bersalah;

Naive = naif.

Jadi, kata "*precious*" mempunyai arti yang sama dengan *Valuable*.

Jawab: A

36. Penyelesaian:

Yang dapat menghasilkan air panas untuk membangkitkan generator adalah "solar ponds", perhatikan paragraf 2: "... , solar ponds can produce hot water to drive generators".

Jawab: C

37. Penyelesaian:

Pernyataan bahwa "perangkat paling penting untuk mengonversi energi matahari adalah murah" tidak sesuai dengan isi wacana yang menyatakan bahwa perangkat tersebut mahal.

Lihat kalimat teks: "... , they are expensive to buy and many people can't afford them".

(" ... , alat-alat itu mahal untuk dibeli dan banyak orang tidak sanggup untuk membelinya).

Jawab: E

38. Penyelesaian:

Pernyataan yang paling cocok dengan isi wacana adalah bahwa "mengubah energi matahari menjadi energi listrik itu mahal".

Jawab: A

39. Penyelesaian:

Perhatikan paragraf ke-2, kalimat ke-5, "If the surrounding land is flat and can absorb the water, no flooding will occur" (Jika daratan sekitarnya datar dan bisa menyerap air, banjir tidak akan terjadi), bisa diketahui bahwa yang bisa mencegah meluapnya sungai dan danau adalah keberadaan lahan yang bisa menyerap air di sekitarnya.

Jawab: A

40. Penyelesaian:

Dari bacaan dapat diketahui bahwa "Typhoon" bisa menimbulkan banjir besar (paragraf 3).

Jawab: E

41. Penyelesaian:

Pada paragraf keempat dijelaskan bagaimana penduduk berusaha mematikan api dengan menggunakan ember yang tidak efektif.

Pernyataan yang paling sesuai dari teks di atas adalah “pompa membantu menanggulangi kebakaran lebih efisien”

Jawab: B

42. Penyelesaian:

Perhatikan paragraf ke-3, kalimat ke-2, “*Arthur Burns shaped my understanding of economics research,*” (Arthur Burns membentuk pemahamanku terhadap penelitian ekonomi).

Jadi, yang memengaruhi Milton Friedman dalam “*economic research*” adalah *Arthur F Burns*.”

Jawab: C

43. Penyelesaian:

Paragraf ke-3 menggambarkan kiprah dan dedikasi Milton Friedman di bidang ekonomi.

Jawab: A

44. Penyelesaian:

Salah satu hal yang dilakukan Milton Friedman untuk membiayai sekolah tingginya adalah bekerja sebagai “*clerk*” (pegawai toko) di toko retail (paragraf 2).

Jawab: C

45. Penyelesaian:

Bagian utama pada paragraf 2 bisa dilihat dari kalimat “*the poor condition of their school building does not dampen their high spirits and hopes for a better future*”. (Keadaan gedung sekolah mereka yang buruk tidak menyurutkan semangat mereka yang tinggi dan harapan untuk masa depan yang lebih baik).

Jawab: D

46. Penyelesaian:

Lihat kalimat: “*...., the novel became a phenomenon in Indonesian literature*”. (“*...., novel tersebut menjadi sebuah fenomena dalam kesusastraan Indonesia*).

Jawab: C

47. Penyelesaian:

..... I would call my first genuine hiking up a mountain. I've gone up hiking before but this was without a doubt the best experience of my life. (.... saya ingin menyebutnya sebagai pertama yang sebenarnya mendaki sebuah gunung. Saya pernah mendaki sebelumnya, tapi tanpa ragu ini pengalaman terhebat dalam hidupku).

Kata yang tepat untuk melengkapi rumpang adalah “*experience*” (pengalaman) karena pada kalimat setelahnya terdapat penegasan “*pengalaman terhebat*”.

Jawab: A

48. Penyelesaian:

My friend, Sean and Madeline ... some pictures during the trip. (Temanku, Sean dan Madeline beberapa foto selama perjalanan).

Kata yang tepat adalah “*took*” (mengambil). *took some pictures* = mengambil beberapa foto.

Jawab: D

49. Penyelesaian:

Kata yang tepat adalah “*fast*” (cepat).

“It was like a wall of water moving at an alarmingly (fast) pace ready to ...”

(Ini seperti dinding air yang bergerak dengan langkah cepat siap untuk ...)

Jawab: E

50. Penyelesaian:

Urutan langkah yang benar adalah 1 – 3 – 4 – 6 – 5 – 7 – 2

Jawab: B

Pembahasan Tryout 2 TKA Bahasa Inggris

1. Penyelesaian:

Transkrip:

Woman : Have you had a job before?

Man : Yes, but in a small printing company.

Woman : Why do you want to work here?

Man : I want to get a better salary

Question: What is the dialogue about?

Dari percakapan tersebut bisa diketahui bahwa yg dibicarakan adalah mengenai "wawancara dalam mencari pekerjaan" (*job interview*).

Jawaban: B

2. Penyelesaian:

Transkrip:

Woman : Hi, guy. Where will you go?

Man : I will go to the bookstore.

Woman : What are you going to buy?

Man : An English grammar book written by Patty Simon.

Woman : Oh, I see. By the way, I heard there are magazines, novels, comics, and science books on sale on the bookstore.

Question: What is the boy going to buy?

Dari ucapan (lihat transkrip) pembicara, yaitu "An English grammar book written by Patty Simon" dapatlah secara jelas diketahui bahwa pria tersebut bertujuan membeli sebuah buku tata bahasa Inggris yg ditulis oleh Patty Simon.

Jawaban: E

3. Penyelesaian:

Transkrip:

Woman : Hi, you look concerned. What's on your mind?

Man : The final exam. I am not fully prepared for it yet.

Woman : Well, don't worry too much. You still have three days.

Man : Yes. But three days will fly fast in a week.

Woman : Well, you still have time to grab things into your brain anyway.

Question: Why does the woman suggest the boy not to worry about the exam?

Wanita tersebut menyarankan agar tidak perlu khawatir karena masih ada waktu tiga hari untuk belajar menghadapi ujian akhir. Lihat kalimat dialognya "Well, don't worry too much. You still have three days."

Jawaban: E

4. Penyelesaian:

Transkrip:

Man : Did you go to Nisa's party last Saturday?

Woman : I planned to go, but I couldn't make it.

Man : Oh, why?

Woman : I had a terrible headache.

Question: What does the woman mean?

Dari dialog diketahui bahwa wanita itu tidak dapat hadir ke pesta Nisa (*she didn't go to Nisa's party*) karena dia sakit kepala berat.

Jawaban: E

5. Penyelesaian:

Transkrip:

Man : Are you okay? You look a bit dizzy today.

Woman : I was caught in heavy rain yesterday. I am afraid I'll get sick.

Question: What does the man most probably reply?

- A. I don't really like the rain.
- B. Thank you, that's very kind of you.
- C. Sorry, I didn't bring my raincoat with me.
- D. You should take a rest and eat healthy food.

Respons yang tepat untuk diberikan pada pernyataan *"I was caught in heavy rain yesterday. I am afraid I'll get sick."* (saya kehujanan kemarin saat turun hujan deras. Saya khawatir saya akan sakit) adalah ungkapan *"You should take a rest and eat healthy food."* (kamu sebaiknya istirahat dan makan makanan yang sehat.)

Jawaban: D

6. Penyelesaian:

Transkrip:

Woman : What do you think of my new jacket? Does it suit me?

Question: What does the man most probably answer?

- A. Yes, you look nice.
- B. Yes, this is absolutely right.
- C. Yes, I think you wrong.
- D. No, you'll never believe it.

Respons yang tepat untuk pertanyaan: *"What do you think of my new jacket? Does it suit me?"* (Bagaimana menurutmu mengenai jaket baruku? Apakah pantas untukku?) adalah ungkapan *compliment* (pujian) *"Yes, you look nice."* (Ya, kamu terlihat cantik.)

Jawaban: A

7. Penyelesaian:

Transkrip:

Man : The service is really slow here. I've been trying to get the waiter's attention for the last ten minutes.

Woman : You know we have a class at two o'clock.

Question: What is the best response for the boy to reply?

- A. I hope he serves us soon.
- B. I expect him not to come.
- C. How come he is so lazy
- D. Hopefully he ignores us.

Kalimat pernyataan dari laki-laki di atas, yaitu *"The service is really slow here. I've been trying to get the waiter's attention for the last ten minutes."* (Pelayanan sangat lambat di sini. Saya sudah berusaha mendapatkan perhatian dari pelayan selama 10 menit terakhir) menunjukkan bahwa pria tersebut sedang berusaha untuk meminta pelayanan dari pelayan.

Jadi, pernyataan yang berisi harapan dari pria tersebut adalah *"I hope he serves us soon."* (saya berharap dia segera melayani kita).

Jawaban: A

8. Penyelesaian:

Transkrip:

Man : What's on channel 6 tonight?

Woman : There is a traditional dance performance. This dance is very energetic.

Man : What is it like?

Woman : A group of people sitting together side by side, moving their arms, shoulders, and hands in time with one another.

Question: Which picture goes with the dialogue?

Gambaran mengenai tarian tersebut adalah *"A group of people sitting together side by side, moving their arms, shoulders, and hands in time with one another."* (Sekelompok orang duduk bersama berderet, menggerakkan lengan, pundak, dan tangan bersamaan satu sama lainnya.).

Jadi, gambar tarian yg dimaksud adalah

tarian Saman dari Aceh, yaitu pada gambar D.

Jawaban: D

9. **Penyelesaian:**

Transkrip:

Woman : What sport do you like best?

Man : I love soccer. It is a sport played between two teams of eleven players with a ball. I will have a big match next month in Gelora Bung Karno stadium.

Question: Which sport game shows the man's description?

Olahraga yang paling disukai pria tersebut adalah "soccer" (sepak bola). Cukup jelas!

Jawaban: A

10. **Penyelesaian:**

Monologue:

The gray wolf or *Canis lupus* is a species native to the wilderness and remote areas of North America, Eurasia, and North Africa. It is the largest member of its family, with males averaging 43 to 45 kg and females 36 to 38.5 kg. It is similar in general appearance and proportions to a German shepherd or sled dog, but has a larger head, narrower chest, longer legs, straighter tail and bigger paws. Its winter fur is long and bushy, and usually mottled gray in colour.

Question: Which picture is being described in the monologue?

Monolog menggambarkan mengenai "*The gray wolf or Canis lupus ...*" (serigala abu-abu atau *Canis lupus*).

Jawaban: B

11. **Penyelesaian:**

Monologue:

The sacred city of the Itza in Maya is located 75

miles east of Merida, the Capital of the State of Yucatan, Mexico. This archaeological site is rated among the most important of the Maya culture and covers an area of approximately six square miles where hundreds of buildings once stood. Now most are mounds, but about thirty may still be seen by tourists.

This step pyramid stands about 30 metres high and consists of a series of nine square terraces, with a 6-metre high temple upon the summit. The sides of this building are approximately 55.3 metres at the base and rise at an angle of 53°, although that varies slightly for each side.

Question: What is being described in the monologue?

Monolog menyatakan "The sacred city of the Itza in Maya is located 75 miles east of Merida, the Capital of the State of Yucatan, Mexico." (Kota suci Itza di Maya terletak 75 mil sebelah timur dari Merida, ibukota negara bagian Yucatan Mexico).

Jadi, gambar yang dimaksud adalah B.

Jawaban: B

12. **Penyelesaian:**

Monologue:

Paris is the capital city of France. It is one of the most beautiful cities in the world. It is also one of the world's most crowded cities. Lovely gardens and parks are found throughout Paris. At night many palaces and statues are lit up. For this reason Paris is often called the city of light. Every year millions of people visit Paris. The most popular place to visit is the Eiffel Tower. This huge structure has become the symbol of Paris. The Louvre, one of the largest art museum, draws many visitors. The cathedral of Notre Dame, a famous church, is another favourite place to visit.

Question: What is the monologue about?

Pertanyaannya adalah *"What is the monologue about?"* (Monolog tersebut mengenai apa?), maka jawabannya cukup jelas, yaitu mengenai kota Paris.

Jawaban: A

13. Penyelesaian:

Monologue: (sama dengan nomor 12 di atas)

Question: What has become the symbol of Paris?

Yang ditanyakan *"What has become the symbol of Paris?"* (Apa yang telah menjadi simbol kota Paris?). Di dalam monologue dinyatakan bahwa *"The most popular place to visit is the Eiffel Tower. This huge structure has become the symbol of Paris."* (Tempat yang paling populer dikunjungi adalah Menara Eiffel. Bangunan besar ini telah menjadi simbol kota Paris).

Jadi, jelas bahwa yang menjadi simbol kota Paris adalah Eiffel Tower.

Jawaban: C

14. Penyelesaian:

Monologue:

The hares were so prosecuted by the other beasts. They did not know where to go, as soon as they saw a single animal approach them off their land. One day they saw a troop of wild horses stampeding about and in quite a panic all the hares galloped to a lake nearby by, determined to drown themselves rather than live in such a continual state of fear. But just as they got near the bank of the lake, a troop of flogs, frightened by the approach of the hares, hopped off and jumped into the water. Truly, said one of the hares, things are not as bad as they see.

Question: Who prosecuted the hares?

Pertanyaannya adalah *"Who prosecuted the*

hares?". Dari transkrip monolog *"The hares were so prosecuted by the other beast"* cukup jelas bahwa yang dimaksud adalah *"the other beasts"*.

Jawaban: A

15. Penyelesaian:

Monologue: (sama dengan nomor 14 di atas)

Question: What did the frogs do after they were frightened by the hares?

Pertanyaannya adalah *"What did the frogs do after they were frightened by the hares?"* (Apa yg dilakukan kawanan katak setelah mereka ketakutan pada para kelinci?). Dari monolog didapatkan jawaban pada kalimat *"But just as they got near the bank of the lake, a troop of flogs, frightened by the approach of the hares, hopped off and jumped into the water."* (Tetapi ketika mereka tiba di dekat tepian danau, sekawanan katak, karena takut adanya kawanan kelinci yang mendekat, melompat dan menceburkan diri dalam air.)

Jadi, kawanan katak tersebut *"jumped into water"* (Meloncat ke dalam air).

Jawaban: E

16. Penyelesaian:

Lihat pada rincian alamat kantor-kantor cabang (Branches).

Jadi, klien yang tinggal di daerah Surabaya dapat pergi ke kantor cabang di Surabaya, Jalan Agiwiyata 688.

Jawaban: C

17. Penyelesaian:

Pada saat ini, perusahaan memiliki 1 kantor pusat (Bandung) dan 3 kantor cabang (Jakarta, Surabaya, dan Bogor).

Dari kalimat akhir bacaan, yaitu *"A new branch office in Semarang will open next month"*

(sebuah kantor cabang baru di Semarang akan dibuka bulan depan), dapat diketahui bahwa perusahaan tersebut akan segera memiliki 5 kantor di Indonesia (*they will soon have five offices in Indonesia*).

Jawaban: E

18. Penyelesaian:

Kalimat pada teks berikut (paragraf 1, kalimat terakhir), “... *and students who successfully complete the course will be offered employment in the colony’s leading hotels.*” (... dan siswa yang berhasil menyelesaikan kursus akan ditawarkan pekerjaan di hotel-hotel terkemuka dalam rekanan) menunjukkan bahwa siswa yang berhasil menyelesaikan kursus akan diberi tawaran pekerjaan di hotel-hotel besar dalam rekanan perusahaan tersebut.

Jawaban: C

19. Penyelesaian:

Dari kalimat teks (paragraf 3, kalimat pertama) “...*for students now in their third year at secondary school, who have good knowledge of English...*”, dapat diketahui bahwa salah satu persyaratan untuk mengajukan permohonan menjadi siswa kursus tersebut adalah kemampuan berbahasa Inggris yang baik.

Jawaban: C

20. Penyelesaian:

Lihatlah kalimat teks (paragraf 2, kalimat 2): “*They often argue that killing animals for food is cruel and unethical ...*” (mereka sering berargumentasi bahwa membunuh hewan untuk makanan adalah kekejaman dan tidak beretika....).

Jawaban: B

21. Penyelesaian:

Perhatikan kalimat-kalimat pada paragraf ke-6 berikut:

Eating meat is not cruel or unethical (mengonsumsi daging tidak kejam dan tercela).

Humans have been eating meat in the ancestral diet provided a dense form of nutrients and protein that, when combined with high-calorie low-nutrient carbohydrate such as roots, allowed us to develop our large brains and intelligence (manusia telah mengonsumsi daging sejak zaman nenek moyang yang merupakan bentuk padatan dari protein dan nutrisi, ketika dikombinasikan dengan karbohidrat yang tinggi kalori rendah nutrisi seperti ubi, dapat meningkatkan kapasitas otak dan kecerdasan).

Dari kedua kalimat di atas dapat disimpulkan bahwa paragraf ke 6 berbicara tentang argumentasi yang mendukung konsumsi daging (*meat consumption*) sebagai bahan makanan yang kaya akan protein yang dibutuhkan tubuh manusia.

Jawaban: C

22. Penyelesaian:

Kesimpulan yang diungkapkan oleh penulis, yaitu “*In my opinion, meat eaters don’t need to feel guilty. Everything we consume, including vegetables or meat, has environmental, ethical, and health consequences*” (Menurut saya, mengonsumsi daging tidak perlu merasa bersalah. Apapun yang dikonsumsi, termasuk sayuran atau daging, memiliki lingkungan, keetisan, dan konsekuensi kesehatan).

Kesimpulan penulis di atas bertentangan dengan penggiat kelompok vegetarian.

Jawaban: B

23. Penyelesaian:

Penilaian penulis mengenai musik dalam film

"Brave" bisa dilihat dari kalimat (paragraf 2 kalimat ke 3): *"I found myself wishing for more music though, which is one of the things that I truly love about past disney movie."* (meskipun saya dapati diri saya mengharapkan lebih banyak musik, yang merupakan salah satu hal yang saya suka dalam film-film Disney di masa lalu).

Jadi, penulis menilai musik dalam film Disney kali ini terlalu sedikit (too little) dibandingkan film-film Disney sebelumnya.

Jawaban: B

24. Penyelesaian:

Penilaian penulis bisa diketahui dari kalimat (paragraf 4 kalimat 2) *"It's definitely not a favorite, but"*

Jawaban: A

25. Penyelesaian:

Penulis masih memberi nilai "four stars" untuk film ini, dan ini menunjukkan penulis bersikap "apresiatif" terhadap film tersebut.

Jawaban: C

26. Penyelesaian:

Keunggulan lensa CR-39 bisa diketahui dari teks kalimat *"CR-39 lences are the most common plastic lenses due to their low weight, high scratch resistance, low dispersion, and low transparency to ultraviolet and infrared radiation."* (CR-39 adalah lensa plastik yang umumnya mempunyai berat ringan, tahan akan goresan, tidak mudah mengalami pembiasan lensa, dan transparansi sinar ultraviolet dan infra merah rendah)

Jadi, dari kalimat di atas bisa diketahui bahwa kebaikan lensa CR-39 yang cocok adalah "tidak mudah tergores" (*not easily scratched*).

Jawaban: C

27. Penyelesaian:

Alasan mengapa orang menyukai bingkai kacamata dari bahan titanium adalah karena bahan ini ringan, lihat dari kalimat teks (paragraf 4 kalimat 1): *"Even through the creation of light frame such as those made of titnium ..."* (Bahkan melalui penciptaan bingkai kacamata ringan seperti misalnya bingkai kacamata yang di buat dari bahan titanium),...

Jawaban: A

28. Penyelesaian:

Lihat paragraf 1 kalimat 1 yang menjelaskan tentang jenis kacamata dan fungsinya. *"... normally for vision correction or eye protection. Safety glasses are kind of eye protection against flying debris or against visible and near visible light or radiation. Sunglasses allow better vision in bright daylight, and may protect against damage from high levels of ultraviolet light"* (kacamata umumnya digunakan untuk gangguan penglihatan atau untuk melindungi mata. Kacamata keamanan adalah jenis kacamata untuk perlindungan mata dari serpihan-serpihan yang berterbangan atau dari cahaya terang atau radiasi. Kacamata hitam baik digunakan pada siang hari, dan mungkin untuk melindungi mata dari bahaya sinar ultraviolet).

Montir (mechanic) dan pekerja pabrik (workshop) pada umumnya memakai kacamata keamanan (safety glasses) untuk melindungi mata dari serpihan-serpihan bahan yang ada pada saat bekerja.

Jawaban: A

29. Penyelesaian:

One day, Archie, his brother and sister a hike in the hills (Suatu hari, Archie, kakak laki-laki, dan perempuannya berjalan kaki mendaki bukit)

Kata "went for" (pergi untuk) adalah kata yang

paling tepat untuk melengkapi rumpang teks di atas.

Jawaban: D

30. Penyelesaian:

He stayed there in... With an angry look Archie showed no fear at all. (Dia tetap diam di Dengan muka marah, Archie menunjukkan tidak ada rasa takut sedikit pun.)

Ketika mendengar gonggongan serigala Archie tidak berlari, jadi dia tetap diam di tempatnya (his place).

Jawaban: C

31. Penyelesaian:

It was (31)... of him that it slipped on the ground. (Hal itu membuatnya bahwa serigala itu terpeleset jatuh ke tanah)

Archie merasa senang (pleased) bahwa serigala itu berbalik dan berlari hingga terpeleset.

Jawaban: B

32. Penyelesaian:

Prosedur yang benar dalam menggunakan mesin cuci untuk mencuci pakaian, yaitu:
Let's Laund our Clothes (Mari kita mencuci pakaian kita:

3. First, load the washing machine with dirty clothes. (Pertama-tama, isi mesin cuci dengan pakaian kotor)
5. Then add 1 or 2 cups of washing powder. (Kemudian masukan 1 atau 2 takaran detergen)
1. Press the 'on' bottom. (Tekan tombol 'on')
2. Set the timer. (Setel waktunya)
7. Now, open the lid and unload the machine. (Sekarang, buka tutupnya dan matikan mesin cuci)
4. Put the clean clothes in the clothes basket. (Tempatkan pakaian bersih pada

keranjang pakaian)

6. Now, hang the clothes on the clothes line. (Sekarang, gantung pakaian pada gantungan pakaian)

Jawaban: - (tidak ada jawaban)

33. Penyelesaian:

Lihat paragraf 4 kalimat 1 berikut, *"Also to be considered is the natural environment, which can be seriously threatened by too many visitors."* (Yang juga harus dipertimbangkan adalah lingkungan alamiah, yang bisa benar-benar terancam dengan terlalu banyaknya pengunjung.)

Jadi, terlalu banyaknya pengunjung dapat merusak lingkungan alamiah.

Jawaban: B

34. Penyelesaian:

Alasan kenapa tingkat kejahatan meningkat dengan adanya industri baru tersebut dijelaskan di paragraf 2 kalimat 3, yaitu kalimat teks: *"Some locals see tourists as an easy prey because, not only are they in unfamiliar territory and therefore less able to take care of themselves, but also they carry visible items of wealth, such as cameras and jewelery which can be disposed of quickly for profit."* (Beberapa orang lokal melihat turis adalah mangsa yang paling mudah karena, tidak hanya mereka tidak mengenal daerah tersebut dan karenanya mereka kurang bisa menjaga diri mereka sendiri, tetapi juga turis-turis tersebut membawa barang-barang berharga yang terlihat mata, seperti kamera dan perhiasan yang dapat menghasilkan untung secara cepat.)

Jadi, alasan tingkat kriminal yang naik dengan adanya kawasan industri baru adalah karena beberapa dari turis tersebut membawa barang-barang berharga yang terlihat mata.

Jawaban: A

35. Penyelesaian:

Kalimat soal berarti: “Seorang pembawa (penyakit menular) yang kembali pulang bisa dengan mudah menimbulkan wabah sebelum penyakit mereka didiagnosa.”

Didiagnosa dalam konteks ini maksudnya adalah “diidentifikasi.”

Jawaban: C

36. Penyelesaian:

Perhatikan kalimat pada paragraf 1 kalimat 1 berikut, “*Jakarta post: Researches have found a technique to quickly assess disorders in babies*”. (Jakarta Post: Peneliti telah menemukan sebuah tehnik cepat untuk menemukan kelainan pada bayi”). Dalam teks selanjutnya dijelaskan bahwa teknik tersebut adalah Scan DNA.

Jadi, wacana membahas mengenai penemuan teknik baru dalam SCAN DNA pada bayi.

Jawaban: D

37. Penyelesaian:

This new method, published Wednesday in the magazine Science Translational Medicine, is a proof of concept that it's possible to quickly scan a baby's entire DNA and pinpoint a disease-causing mutation (Metode ini, yang dipublikasikan pada hari Rabu di Majalah Science Translational Medicine, membuktikan dari konsep bahwa memungkinkan untuk dengan cepat mengamati seluruh DNA bayi dan menentukan penyebab mutasi penyakit).

Jadi, selain untuk *scanning a baby*, metode baru tersebut juga berguna untuk menjelaskan kelainan fisik seorang bayi yang disebabkan mutasi gen.

Jawaban: B

38. Penyelesaian:

Makna yang paling dekat dengan kata

“*applauded*” dalam konteks wacana di atas adalah “*encourage*” (memberi dorongan semangat).

Jawaban: B

39. Penyelesaian:

Perhatikan kalimat terakhir pada teks, yaitu “*Schumacher said he now wanted to enjoy his last six races*.” (Schumacher menyatakan bahwa sekarang dia ingin menikmati keenam balapan yang terakhir).

Jadi, Schumacher ingin menikmati enam balapan terakhirnya.

Jawaban: B

40. Penyelesaian:

Perhatikan kalimat pada paragraf pertama, yaitu: “... *after failing to rekindle his old Ferrari magic in a disappointing comeback with Mercedes*” (...setelah gagal untuk menghidupkan kembali sihir Ferrari tua pada kedatangannya kembali (di dunia balap) yang mengecewakan bersama Mercedes).

Dari paragraf pertama dapat diketahui bahwa Schumacher gagal memuaskan dalam kedatangannya kembali ke dunia balap bersama Mercedes.

Jawaban: E

41. Penyelesaian:

Ide utama dari paragraf tersebut cukup jelas, yaitu “*The team had already announced ... would be replaced by McLaren's Lewis Hamilton*.” (Tim telah mengumumkan bahwa (Schumacher) akan digantikan oleh Lewis Hamilton dari McLarens).

Jawaban: D

42. Penyelesaian:

Lihat kalimat pada paragraf ke-2: “*He began researching animal cloning at the Roslin*

Institute near Edinburgh in 1991” (Dia (Campbell) mulai riset kloning hewan di Institute Roslin di dekat Edinburgh pada tahun 1991).

Jadi, kalimat yang benar sesuai teks adalah “*Campbell started researching animal cloning as his experiments.*”

Jawaban: D

43. Penyelesaian:

Alasan mengapa eksperimen Keith Campbell tidak menimbulkan kekaguman secara sempurna adalah karena beberapa kalangan masyarakat masih mempertanyakan etika kloning binatang.

Perhatikan kalimat pada paragraf ke-3 kalimat kedua, yaitu: “*... but also anger from some who raised questions about the ethics of cloning.*” (... tetapi juga kemarahan dari beberapa kalangan yang mempertanyakan mengenai etika kloning.”)

Jawaban: D

44. Penyelesaian:

Alasan mengapa domba kloning tersebut diberi nama Dolly, mengambil atau mengikuti nama penyanyi Dolly Parton disebutkan pada paragraf ke-2: “*Researches at that time said that the sheep was created from a mammary gland cell, and that Parton offered an excellent example.*” (Para peneliti pada waktu itu mengatakan bahwa domba tersebut diciptakan dari sel kelenjar susu, dan bahwa Parton menawarkan contoh yang sangat bagus.”)

Jadi, alasan dinamakan Dolly adalah sel kelenjar susu yang digunakan untuk kloning pada domba berasal dari Dolly Parton.

Jawaban: D

45. Penyelesaian:

Media akan berhenti bekerja di Sindang

Maju karena dia telah menandatangani kontrak kerja dengan perusahaan lain, pernyataan ini termuat dalam kalimat ke-3 paragraf pertama, yaitu: “*I have signed an employment contract with another company.*” (saya telah menandatangani sebuah kontrak kerja dengan perusahaan lain).

Jawaban: B

46. Penyelesaian:

Dari kalimat surat Nadia yang terakhir, yaitu “*I will do my best to finish my project before my leaving*”, dapat diketahui bahwa Nadia berjanji untuk menyelesaikan proyek/pekerjaannya sebelum dia meninggalkan Sindang Maju.

Jawaban: A

47. Penyelesaian:

Apa yang menyebabkan terjadinya tsunami dijelaskan dari kalimat teks: “Tsunami occurs when major fault under the ocean floor suddenly slips.” (Tsunami terjadi ketika patahan-patahan utama di dasar samudra tiba tiba bergeser/bergerak).

Jawaban: B

48. Penyelesaian:

Dampak tsunami disebutkan pada paragraf ke-2, yaitu: “*... disastrous effects such as severe flooding, loss of lives due to drowning, and damage to property.*”

Jawaban: B

49. Penyelesaian:

Dari bacaan tersebut dapat diketahui bahwa tsunami menimbulkan atau menyebabkan peristiwa yang tidak menguntungkan (makes unfortunate event). Perhatikan pembahasan nomor 48.

Jawaban: C

50. **Penyelesaian:**

fast = cepat, *deep* = dalam, *quick* = cepat,
strong = kuat, *weak* = lemah.

Jadi, persamaan kata dari "*powerful*" (kuat)
adalah "*strong*".

Jawaban: D

Pembahasan Tryout 3 TKA Bahasa Inggris

1. Penyelesaian:

Transcript:

- Man : Hot today, isn't it?
Woman : Yes, it is. I wish that it would rain and cool off.
Man : Me too. This is unusual for March. I don't remember it's ever being so hot and dry in March before.

Question:

According to the conversation, what kind of weather is usual for March?

Dari percakapan di atas bisa diketahui bahwa cuaca pada bulan Maret tidak biasanya panas dan kering. Dengan kata lain pada bulan Maret cuacanya biasanya sejuk (*Cooler*).

Jawab: B

2. Penyelesaian:

Transcript:

- Man : An oil and gas company is carrying out a science competition to support its effort to provide means of educating the nation's youth.
Woman : Are all students allowed to take part in the competition?
Man : Oh, yes. College students from all the country's provinces.

Question:

What is the topic of the dialogue?

Percakapan di atas dengan jelas menunjukkan bahwa topik pembicaraannya adalah "science competition" yg diadakan oleh sebuah perusahaan minyak dan gas.

Jawab: D

3. Penyelesaian:

Transcript:

- Man : I don't know what to order. I could drink everything on the menu.
Woman : Why don't you try guava juice, orange juice, or iced tea?
Man : Guave juice sounds good. I'll take it.
Woman : I think I'll have a big glass of cola float.

Question:

What will the woman do?

Cukup jelas dari dialog di atas bahwa wanita itu akan memesan segelas besar "cola float."

Jawab: D

4. Penyelesaian:

Transcript:

- Man : Who wrote that exciting spy adventure novel Topaz?
Woman : That was Leon Yuris
Man : Didn't he also write those famous stories about bull fighting in Pamplona, Spain?
Woman : No. That was Ernest Hewingway.

Question:

What did Leon Yuris do?

Dari percakapan diketahui bahwa Leon Yuris adalah penulis novel petualangan spionase.

Jawab: E

5. Penyelesaian:

Transcript:

Woman : Whose car is it in front of my house?

Man : It's yours, madame. Congratulation. Our company has decided that you won the painting competition which was held last month.

Question:

What would the woman reply?

- A. You'd better not do that.
- B. The painting competition was really tough
- C. Are you sure? I can't believe that.
- D. The car is very unique

Wanita dalam percakapan di atas merasa terkejut mendapatkan *surprise* bahwa dia adalah pemenang lomba melukis yang diikuti bulan lalu dan mendapatkan kejutan hadiah mobil. Ungkapan "Are you sure? I can't believe that" adalah yang paling sesuai untuk menyatakan rasa surprise.

Jawab: C

6. Penyelesaian:

Transcript:

Man : Hi, Anita. We've finished our national exam today. We can refresh our mind. How do you feel?

Woman : ...

Question:

What does the girl probably respond?

Respon yang diberikan si wanita yang paling tepat adalah ungkapan yang menunjukkan rasa lega karena telah menyelesaikan dan menempuh ujian nasional, yaitu "I'm very relieved." *Doubtful* menyatakan keraguan, *stressed* menyatakan perasaan tertekan, dan

Upset menyatakan perasaan sangat sedih.

Jawab: D

7. Penyelesaian:

Transcript:

Man : I'm so sorry you didn't pass the audition for the new movie.

Woman : Yes. The director of the movie thought I was not suitable for the character of being a poor lady.

Question:

What would the man reply to express encouragement?

- A. It's all right. The movie is too expensive.
- B. Are you okay? You must hate the movie.
- C. Don't worry. You still have many other opportunities.
- D. It would be the same thing for the next movie.

Respon yang menunjukkan sikap memberikan hiburan dan dorongan adalah "Don't worry. You still have many other opportunities." ("Jangan khawatir. Kamu masih memiliki banyak kesempatan yang lainnya.")

Jawab: C

8. Penyelesaian:

Transcript:

Woman : What is your favourite music, Ben?

Man : Western music, but I like popular and classical music.

Woman : Can you play the guitar?

Man : A little bit. I also like to play violin, piano, percussion, and kulintang.

Woman : Oh, really? That's amazing, Ben. Which instrument are you most interested in?

Man : The piano. It's more flexible.

Woman : That's marvelous.

Question:
Which picture matches the boy's favourite interest?

Cukup jelas dari dialogue bahwa alat musik favorit yang menjadi minat Ben adalah piano.

Jawab: C

9. Penyelesaian:

Transcript:

Woman : I think I've gained weight. I have eaten a lot recently.

Man : Why don't you check your weight? I put up scales next to the bathroom.

Question:
Which picture suits the conversation?

Alat yang disebutkan oleh pembicara pria dalam percakapan di atas adalah alat "SCALES" (penimbang berat badan).

Jawab: B

10. Penyelesaian:

Transcript:

Termites a group of eusocial insects. They are commonly known, especially in Australia, as white ants. They divide labor among castes, producing overlapping generation and collectively taking care of the young. They live in colony. People consider termites as pests that can cause serious structural damages to building, crops, or forest plantations.

Question:
Which picture suits the monologue?

Monolog menggambarkan sejenis serangga yang juga disebut sebagai "semut putih" yang hidup dalam koloni dan dianggap sebagai hama yang bisa menimbulkan kerusakan pada struktur bangunan, tanaman, dan perkebunan. Dari gambaran ini cukup jelas bahwa yang dimaksud adalah serangga yang

dikenal dengan RAYAP.

Jawab: D

11. Penyelesaian:

Transcript:

A car is a means of transportation. Almost everybody goes to work by car. Therefore, a car is very crucial. It needs to be serviced by the owner regularly. Besides servicing the engine, the owner should pay attention to all the tyres. Inside a car, there should be important tools such as scissors lift pick, jet for wheel alignment. It's very important to change the tyre when it's flat. A car doesn't need to have a turbine generator, a tyre compressor, a tyre changer, the digital tyre flatter, but the owner should check the tyre regularly before driving.

Question:
Which picture is suitable with the story?

Cukup jelas dari monolog bahwa yang diperlukan pemilik mobil untuk memeriksa keadaan ban mobilnya alat pengukur tekanan udara pada ban.

Jawab: E

12. Penyelesaian:

Transcript:

Angkor Wat was first a Hindu and then a Buddhist temple complex in Cambodia. It is the largest religious monument in the world. The temple was built by the Khmer King Suryavarman the second in the early 12th century in Yasodharapura, the capital of the Khmer Empire, as his state temple and eventual mausoleum. It is dedicated to Vishnu.

It is designed to represent Mount Meru, home of the devas in Hindu mythology: within an inner enclosure and has an outer wall which is 3.6 kilometres long. It has three rectangular galleries, each raised above the next. At the centre of the temple stands a quincunx of towers.

Question:

What is the monologue about?

Monolog di atas membicarakan tentang sebuah Kuil atau Candi di Cambodia yang bernama "Angkor Wat."

Jawab: E

13. Penyelesaian:

Question:

In the 12th century, which Empire is strong enough to build the biggest temple of the world?

Dari monolog di atas bisa diketahui bahwa Kekaisaran yang memiliki cukup kekuatan untuk membangun Candi yang terbesar di dunia adalah Kekaisaran/Kerajaan Khmer.

Jawab: E

14. Penyelesaian:

Transcript:

Once upon a time, a mouse which always lived on a land had, by unlucky chance, formed an intimate acquaintance with a frog who lived for the most in the water.

One day, the frog was intent on making mischief. He tied the foot of the mouse tightly to his own. Once joined together, the frog led his friend, the mouse, to the meadow where they usually searched for food.

He gradually led the mouse toward the pond in which he lived. And when reaching the bank of the water, he suddenly jumped in, dragging the mouse in with him.

The frog really enjoyed the water, and swam crouching about, ignoring the poor dead mouse's body floating about on the surface. A hawk observed the floating mouse from the sky and dove down and grabbed it with its talons, carrying back to his nest. The frog, still being fastened to the leg of the mouse, was also carried over as prisoners, and was eaten by the hawk.

Question:

Who lived on the pond?

Pembahasan:

Dari cerita di atas cukup jelas bahwa yang hidup di kolam adalah Katak (*The Frog*).

Jawab: C

15. Penyelesaian:

Question:

How did the hawk catch the mouse?

Elang menangkap tikus dengan menggunakan cakar-nya. Lihat transcript "A hawk observed the floating mouse from the sky and dove down and grabbed it with its talons ..." (Seekor elang mengamati tikus yang mengapung dari angkasa dan menukik ke bawah dan mencengkeramnya dengan cakarnya ...)

Jawab: B

16. Penyelesaian:

Pendapat penulis mengenai wacana di atas bisa dilihat dari kalimat berikut "*Too much caffeine can produce restlessness, nausea, and cardiac.*" (Kebanyakan kopi bisa menimbulkan susah tidur, mual-mual, dan gangguan jantung)

Jadi, penulis beranggapan bahwa mengonsumsi kopi terlalu banyak bisa menimbulkan masalah kesehatan, atau dengan kata lain "tidak baik untuk kesehatan."

Jawab: A

17. Penyelesaian:

Kata pada kalimat teks yang digarisbawahi "gain" berarti "mendapatkan / memperoleh".

Develop = membangun/ mengembangkan

Obtain = memperoleh

Improve = memperbaiki/ meningkatkan

Collect = mengumpulkan

Enhance = memperindah/ mempercantik.

jadi, sinonim kata "Gain" adalah "Obtain"

Jawab: B

18. Penyelesaian:

Tujuan dari wacana iklan adalah untuk mengiklankan gedung perkantoran untuk disewakan atau dikontrakkan. Hal ini bisa dilihat dari bagian akhir kalimat berikut *"For leasing information call 303-572-5947"* yang berarti "Untuk informasi penyewaan/ kontrak hubungi 303-572-5947".

Jawab: B

19. Penyelesaian:

Segi positif atau sisi baik dari gedung perkantoran yang diiklankan adalah kemudahannya dijangkau oleh pengguna angkutan umum, khususnya pengguna jasa kereta api bawah tanah. Perhatikan kalimat berikut *"Commuting is easy, with the subway stop only one block away"* (transportasi mudah dijangkau, dengan pemberhentian kereta api bawah tanah hanya sejauh satu blok.)

Jawab: E

20. Penyelesaian:

Keseluruhan paragraf dalam wacana membicarakan mengenai alasan dan pembuktian yang meyakinkan terhadap tuduhan bahwa petugas keamanan adalah bersalah.

Jawab: E

21. Penyelesaian:

Prosekusi atau penuntutan membuktikan petugas keamanan bersalah, hal ini bisa dilihat dari kalimat berikut *"As a security guard he could come and go from the exhibition of*

the diamond without causing suspicion. He had plenty of time on the night of the robbery to take the diamond, hide it and then return to his post before the next guard came on duty." (Sebagai seorang petugas keamanan dia bisa datang dan pergi dari pemeran permata tersebut tanpa menyebabkan kecurigaan. Dia memiliki banyak waktu pada malam saat perampokan itu terjadi untuk mengambil permata itu, menyembunyikannya dan kemudian kembali ke posnya sebelum petugas keamanan yang berikutnya datang menggantikan tugasnya.)

Jawab: B

22. Penyelesaian:

Paragraf kedua intinya menjelaskan alasan dan bukti yang meyakinkan bahwa petugas keamanan itu betul betul membutuhkan uang untuk melunasi hutangnya di bank.

Perhatikan kalimat berikut *"Firstly, the accused needed money. He was in debt, owing the bank over \$100.000. He had no chance of repaying this: therefore, he needed quick money. That's why he stole the Macquire Diamond."* (Pertama, tertuduh membutuhkan uang. Dia terlibat hutang, memiliki hutang di bank lebih dari 100.000 dolar. Dia tidak memiliki kemampuan untuk melunasi hutang tersebut. Karena itu, dia membutuhkan uang cepat. Itulah sebabnya dia mencuri permata Macquire.)

Jawab: C

23. Penyelesaian:

Wacana tersebut adalah tentang sebuah buku yang berjudul "Totto Chan."

Lihat bagian awal dan akhir kalimat berikut *"It is probably one of the most important books I've ever read"* (Ini barangkali adalah salah satu diantara buku-buku terpenting yang pernah saya baca.) dan *"The book is written by Tetsuko Kuroyanagi and translated by Dorothy Britton."* (Buku tersebut ditulis oleh Tetsuko Kuroyanagi dan dijemahkan oleh

Dorothy Britton.)

Jawab: B

24. Penyelesaian:

Novel "Totto Chan" merupakan cerita yang menuturkan indahnya kehidupan dilihat dari sudut pandang seorang anak.

Perhatikan kalimat berikut " ..., but for its simple message of how wonderful life can be when viewed through the eyes of an innocent child." (... , tetapi karena pesan sederhana novel tersebut mengenai betapa indahnya kehidupan ketika dilihat melalui mata seorang anak yang tanpa salah.)

Jawab: C

25. Penyelesaian:

Informasi mengenai siapa yang memberi inspirasi anak untuk menikmati masa kanak-kanak mereka, menurut wacana, bisa dilihat dari kalimat berikut "... , and how Mr. Kuroyanagi inspires the children to explore, learn, feel and have joy." (... , dan bagaimana Mr. Kuroyanagi memberi inspirasi kepada anak-anak untuk mengamati, merasakan, dan menikmati kegembiraan.)

Jawab: A

26. Penyelesaian:

Di antara informasi yang bisa disimpulkan dari wacana tersebut adalah gagasan bahwa "the Red Bird of Paradise" termasuk burung yang langka. Hal ini bisa diketahui dari kalimat berikut "*An endangered Indonesian species, the Red Bird of Paradise ...*" (Species hewan Indonesia yang terancam bahaya kepunahan, the Red Bird of Paradise ...)

Jawab: B

27. Penyelesaian:

Kata yang digarisbawahi "bill" berarti "paruh burung",
"wing" = sayap

"tail" = ekor

"breast" = dada

"eyes" = mata

"beak" = paruh

Jadi, sinonim kata "bill" adalah "beak".

Jawab: E

28. Penyelesaian:

Perhatikan kalimat berikut "...to receive a special discount on any compact disc, computer equipment, or cellular phones." (untuk memperoleh diskon khusus untuk pembelian CD (compact disc), perangkat komputer, atau telepon selular.)

Jawab: E

29. Penyelesaian:

Kata yang digaris bawahi pada kalimat teks "established" dalam konteks ini berarti "mendirikan".

"founded" = mendirikan

"improved" = meningkatkan/ memperbaiki

"expanded" = mengembangkan/ meluaskan

"developed" = membangun/ mengembangkan

"published" = menerbitkan

Jadi, sinonim dari kata "established" adalah "founded".

Jawab: A

30. Penyelesaian:

Penulis novel "To Kill a Mockingbird" bisa diketahui dari pernyataan:

To Kill a Mockingbird

By Harper Lee

Jawab: B

31. Penyelesaian:

Pendapat peresensi mengenai novel ini bisa diketahui dari kalimat berikut "*To Kill a Mockingbird is filled with interesting characters ...*" (To Kill a Mockingbird dipenuhi dengan karakter-karakter yang menarik ...)

Jawab: C

32. Penyelesaian:

Kata yang digarisbawahi dalam teks “scary” berarti “menakutkan”,
“joyful” = menyenangkan
“interesting” = menarik
“challenging” = menantang
“frightening” = menakutkan
“amusing” = menghibur
Jadi, sinonim dari kata “scary” adalah “frightening”.

Jawab: D

33. Penyelesaian:

Profesor menyarankan agar Kaka didaftarkan di sekolah sepak bola ketika bakatnya mulai diketahui.
Perhatikan kalimat berikut: *“His talent was soon recognized. A professor called the family and suggested enrolling him in a football school.”* (Bakatnya segera diketahui. Seorang professor memanggil keluarganya dan menyarankan untuk mendaftarkan dia di sebuah sekolah sepak bola.)

Jawab: B

34. Penyelesaian:

Gagasan utama paragraf 3 bisa dilihat dari bagian awal paragraf tersebut: *“In 2006, only 24 years old, Kaka was one of the main Brazilian players in the World Cup.”* (Pada tahun 2006, dalam usia masih 24 tahun, Kaka merupakan salah satu dari pemain utama Brasilia dalam Piala Dunia.)

Jawab: E

35. Penyelesaian:

Kata yang digarisbawahi dalam teks “recognized” berarti “dikenali/diketahui”,
“predicted” = diperkirakan
“registered” = terdaftar
“managed” = dikelola
“succeeded” = berhasil
“identified” = diidentifikasi/ dikenali
Jadi, sinonim dari kata “recognized” adalah “identified”

Jawab: E

36. Penyelesaian:

Wacana membicarakan mengenai penolakan tawaran dana dari pemerintah kota oleh pihak manajemen kebun binatang Ragunan karena suatu alasan. Perhatikan kalimat pada paragraf pertama: *“The city administration offered Ragunan Zoo in South Jakarta the financial support it needed to become a world-class tourist destination, but the offer was refused by the management.”* (Pemerintah kota menawarkan Kebun Binatang Ragunan di Jakarta Selatan bantuan finansial yang dibutuhkan untuk menjadi tujuan wisata berkelas dunia, tetapi tawaran itu ditolak oleh manajemen.)

Jawab: E

37. Penyelesaian:

Perhatikan kalimat pada paragraf ketujuh: *“On regular days, the 147-hectare zoo is visited by around 3,000 people,...”* (artinya: “Pada hari biasa, kebun binatang 147 hektar didatangi oleh sekitar 3000 orang...”

Jawab: B

38. Penyelesaian:

Kata yang digaris bawahi dalam teks “disburse” berarti “membayar”,
“pay” = membayar
“return” = mengembalikan
“repay” = membayar kembali
“distribute” = membagi bagikan
“compensate” = memberi ganti rugi
Jadi, sinonim dari kata “disburse” adalah “pay”.

Jawab: A

39. Penyelesaian:

Wacana pada intinya menjelaskan bagaimana air bisa tercemari. Perhatikan kalimat berikut: *“Let us find out how this pollution affects the ecological balance and poses a threat to our lives. First, it is agricultural pollution. ...*

Another way water pollution happens in mining activities." (Marilah kita melihat bagaimana polusi ini mempengaruhi keseimbangan ekologi dan menimbulkan suatu ancaman bagi kehidupan kita. Pertama, pencemaran dari sektor pertanian... Cara lain pencemaran air terjadi dalam aktivitas pertambangan)

Jawab: B

40. Penyelesaian:

Isi surat tersebut mengenai keluhan (*complain*) penulis terhadap pelayanan restoran yang mengecewakan yang pernah dialaminya. Hal ini tersurat jelas dari kalimat teks: *"I'm writing to inform you that I had a negative bad experience at your location in Columbus, New Jersey on August 4."* (Saya menulis untuk memberitahukan kepada Anda bahwa saya mengalami pengalaman buruk yang negatif di lokasi restoran anda di Columbus, New Jersey pada tanggal 4 Agustus.)

Jawab: B

41. Penyelesaian:

Yang bertugas dan bertanggung jawab menangani pesanan pelanggan adalah alex. Hal ini terdapat dalam kalimat: *"... and the person who handled my order was Alex."* (... dan orang yang menangani pesanan saya adalah Alex.)

Jawab: B

42. Penyelesaian:

Kalimat awal paragraf dijelaskan bahwa *"One of the most famous women in the world history was Cleopatra VII"* (Salah satu diantara wanita wanita yang paling terkenal dalam sejarah dunia adalah Cleopatra VII.) Kalimat selanjutnya yang koheren dan sesuai dengan kalimat awal adalah urutan yang ke-4, yaitu kalimat yang berisi hal hal yang menjadikan dia menjadi terkenal, yaitu kalimat *"She was famous not only for her breathtaking beauty, but also for her great intellect."* (Dia terkenal

tidak saja karena kecantikannya yang mempesona, tetapi juga karena kehebatan intelektualnya.)

Jawab: D

43. Penyelesaian:

Keseluruhan isi wacana membahas mengenai proses merubah energi kimia pada manusia dan hewan.

Perhatikan bagian awal dan akhir wacana: *"All human beings eat food and make use of the chemical energy in it, so do all other animals."* (Seluruh manusia memakan makanan dan memanfaatkan energi kimia di dalamnya, demikian juga seluruh hewan.) dan *"Plants change the sun's energy into chemical energy. And animals change chemical energy into kinetic and heat energy."* (Tumbuh tumbuhan merubah energi matahari menjadi energi kimia. Dan hewan merubah energi kimia menjadi energi kinetik dan panas.)

Jawab: A

44. Penyelesaian:

Keterangan mengenai apa yang akan terjadi jika klorofil menyerap sinar matahari bisa dilihat pada kalimat berikut *"Chlorophyll can absorb sunlight. When it does so, it changes the energy of the sun into chemical energy."* (Klorofil bisa menyerap sinar matahari. Ketika melakukan hal ini, klorofil merubah energi matahari menjadi energi kimia.)

Jawab: E

45. Penyelesaian:

Informasi yang bisa diperoleh dari wacana adalah gagasan bahwa seluruh manusia dan hewan membutuhkan energi kimia.

Perhatikan kalimat berikut *"All human beings eat food and make use of the chemical energy in it, so do all other animals."* (Seluruh manusia memakan makanan dan memanfaatkan energi kimia di dalamnya, demikian juga

seluruh hewan.)

Jawab: B

46. Penyelesaian:

“Essence” dalam arti bio kimia berarti zat kimia ini pada suatu tanaman. Jadi, ini merupakan sinonim yang tepat untuk menggantikan kata “substance.”

Jawab: D

47. Penyelesaian:

Globalisasi berpotensi menimbulkan kerusakan lingkungan ketika produksi dilakukan di negara negara yang memiliki aturan tidak ketat dalam pengendalian polusi dan kerusakan hutan.

Perhatikan kalimat berikut: *“In addition, the environment suffers, as production moves to places where they have less strict rules and regulations about controlling pollution and deforestation.”* (Selain itu, lingkungan terancam mengalami kerusakan, karena produksi berpindah menuju tempat tempat dimana mereka memiliki aturan dan hukum yang kurang ketat terhadap pengendalian polusi dan kerusakan hutan.)

Jawab: E

48. Penyelesaian:

“skin” = kulit

“scales” = sisik

“seals” = kulit pelapis

“shells” = cangkang/ tempurung

“skull” = tulang tengkorak kepala.

Perhatikan kalimat *“Unlike other mollusks, such as clams and oysters, octopuses and squids have no hard”* (Tidak seperti moluska yang lainnya, seperti misalnya kerang dan tiram, oktopus dan cumi cumi tidak memiliki sesuatu yang keras....)

Jadi, kalimat rumpang di atas paling tepat dilengkapi dengan kata “shells” (tempurung/ cangkang)

Jawab: D

49. Penyelesaian:

“eyes” = mata

“bones” = tulang

“fingers” = jari

“thumbs” = ibu jari

“shoulders” = pundak

Perhatikan kalimat *“An octopus has two big ..., so it has a very good vision.”* (Seekor oktopus memiliki dua Yang besar, jadi dia memiliki penglihatan yang sangat baik.)

Jadi, “eyes” (mata) adalah kata yang paling tepat melengkapi kalimat rumpang di atas.

Jawab: A

50. Penyelesaian:

“complain” = mengeluh

“wonder” = ingin tahu/ bertanya tanya

“deliver” = mengantarkan

“change” = mengubah

“breathe” = bernapas

Kalimat teks: *“Octopuses can also ...color rapidly when they are in danger.”* (Oktopus bisa juga Warna dengan cepat ketika mereka dalam bahaya.)

Jadi, kalimat rumpang di atas paling tepat dilengkapi dengan kata “change” (mengubah).

Jawab: D

Pembahasan Tryout 4 TKA Bahasa Inggris

1. Penyelesaian:

Woman : What do you think of my appearance?
Do I look okay?

Man : Well. Yes. But it would be more
elegant if you wear a long black
dress

Woman : All right

Question: What's the dialogue about?

Dari percakapan tersebut terlihat jelas bahwa percakapan tersebut membahas mengenai penampilan wanita tersebut (*the woman's appearance*).

Jawab: D

2. Penyelesaian:

Man : I've been working since seven in
the morning and now I am so
exhausted

Woman : Why don't you take a rest for a
while?

Question: How does the man feel?

Dalam percakapan tersebut, pria berkata kepada wanita bahwa dia kelelahan (*I am so exhausted* atau dengan kata lain *tired*).

Jawab: B

3. Penyelesaian:

Man : How long have you been enter the
country?

Woman : Two weeks and it was amazing

Question: How long does the woman enter
the country?

Dari percakapan tersebut sudah jelas bahwa wanita tersebut pergi selama dua minggu (*two weeks*).

Jawab: B

4. Penyelesaian:

Man : Hai Tina, you look so busy. What
are you doing?

Woman : I am finishing the report on my
research.

Man : What research is that?

Woman : I did the research about the cause
of heart attacks.

Question: Why is the girl busy?

Dari percakapan tersebut dapat dilihat bahwa wanita sedang sibuk menyelesaikan laporan penelitiannya mengenai penyebab penyakit jantung (*She is finishing her report on heart attacks*).

Jawab: B

5. Penyelesaian:

Boy : Hai Nita, where are you going?

Girl : I am going to attend my friends
wedding party

Boy : What's a beautiful gown. Did you
make it yourself?

Girl : No, my mom did it for me

Question: What would the boy probably say?

Pada percakapan tersebut si pria memuji gaun wanita. Jadi, yang mungkin dikatakan oleh si pria kepada wanita itu adalah *you look beautiful in the white gown* (kamu terlihat cantik dengan gaun putih itu).

Jawab: D

6. Penyelesaian:

Boy: You know what the deadline for handling my English assignment is today. But I can't meet my English teacher in the school. What should I do?

Question: What does the best respond the boy can make?

Pada percakapan tersebut dapat diketahui bahwa hari ini adalah hari terakhir untuk tugas bahasa Inggris tetapi wanita tersebut tidak dapat menemui gurunya di sekolah. Saran terbaik yang dapat diberikan pria kepada wanita adalah menyuruh wanita tersebut

menelpon gurunya (*If I were you I would call her*).

Jawab: B

7. Penyelesaian:

Man : Is it your birthday? What do you wish for?

Woman:

Kalimat yang sesuai untuk diucapkan oleh wanita tersebut di hari ulang tahunnya adalah saya berharap dapat nilai terbaik pada saat ujian (*I hope get the best score for the exam*).

Jawab: A

8. Penyelesaian:

Man : May I help you, Mam?

Woman : I'm looking for house hold equipment.

Man : We have juicer, blender, rice cooker, dispenser, and iron

Woman : I want dispenser with hot and cold facility

Dari dialog tersebut dapat diketahui bahwa wanita itu membutuhkan dispenser. Jadi, gambar yang sesuai adalah gambar A

Jawab: A

9. Penyelesaian:

Man : Stop your car. It's dangerous

Woman : Is there something wrong with my car?

Man : You've got a flat tire.

Woman : Thank you

Question : Which picture suit the conversation?

Dari percakapan pria yang terakhir dapat diketahui bahwa mobil yang sedang dikemudikan wanita tersebut memiliki ban yang sudah rata (*You've got a flat tire*). Jadi, gambar yang paling sesuai adalah gambar C.

Jawab: C

10. Penyelesaian:

Dari monolog dapat diketahui bahwa monolog tersebut sedang menjelaskan mengenai Candi Prambanan atau Candi Rara Janggrang yang berada di Jawa Tengah (*Candi*

Prambanan or Candi Rara Janggrang is nineth century Hindu Temple compound in Central Java, Indonesia).

Jawab: C

11. Penyelesaian:

Monolog tersebut membicarakan mengenai rotan (*rattan*) yang dapat digunakan untuk furniture atau mebel (*Generally rattan is processed in the several product to be used as a material in the furniture making*).

Jawab: E

12. Penyelesaian:

Pertanyaan dari monolog tersebut adalah *What was Ambarawa during the Dutch colonial government?* (Apakah Ambarawa pada masa kolonial Belanda?). Ambarawa digunakan sebagai kota militer pada masa kolonial Belanda (*Ambarawa is a military city during the Dutch colonial government*).

Jawab: A

13. Penyelesaian:

Pertanyaan dari monolog tersebut adalah *Why is Ambarawa rail way museum establish?* (Kenapa museum kereta Ambarawa didirikan?). Jawaban yang tepat untuk monolog tersebut adalah untuk memelihara kereta uap (*Ambarawa railway museum was established October, 6 to preserve steam locomotives*).

Jawab: C

14. Penyelesaian:

Pertanyaan dari monolog tersebut adalah *What did the beggar ask for?* (Apa yang pengemis minta?)

Pengemis meminta beras dari rumah Pak Pesut. Dan hal ini dapat didengar berdasarkan monolog tersebut, yaitu *A beggar is asking for the rice*.

Jawab: E

15. Penyelesaian:

Pertanyaan dari monolog tersebut adalah *What did Pak Pesut ask to family to eat hot rice?* (Apa yang membuat Pak Pesut menyuruh keluarganya untuk memakan nasi panas?).

Pak Pesut meminta keluarganya untuk memakan nasi panas yang baru saja matang karena Pak Pesut takut kalau si pengemis akan mencuri beras yang sudah dia masak (*He worried the beggar stole his rice so he told the family to eat hot rice from the cooking pot*).

Jawab: D

16. Penyelesaian:

1. You take a healthy young tree, almost all kind of tree will be possible
2. Make sure to shape it as you want
3. Then tie the branches with wire
4. After that give plenty of fertilizer, and cut the branches regularly to be shorter.
5. When the tree is older, wire is removed
6. Finally the bonsai will grow well

Jadi, urutan kalimat yang tepat adalah 5 – 2 – 1 – 6 – 4 – 3.

Jawab: D

17. Penyelesaian:

1. My brother has a pet, it's a pigeon
2. It is small-billed bird with a skin saddle between the bill and forehead
3. It has long wings and powerful flight muscles
4. It also has stout bodies, short necks, and small heads
5. The pigeon eats grain, fruit, and barriers

Jadi, urutan kalimat yang tepat adalah 5 – 1 – 4 – 3 – 2.

Jawab: E

18. Penyelesaian:

Karena dalam surat disebutkan bahwa *We*

appreciate your patience as it may take six to eight weeks to complete the research needed to resolve your claim yang intinya mereka meminta waktu untuk menyelesaikan masalah tersebut. Jadi, jawaban yang tepat adalah *to wait for six to eight weeks*.

Jawab: C

19. Penyelesaian:

Bahwa pihak AE Company bertanggung jawab atas kritik dari salah satu nasabah (*customer*). Jadi, jawaban yang tepat adalah *be responsible for this claim*.

Jawab: B

20. Penyelesaian:

Karena di dalam teks disebutkan *formalin is not for human beings, but it is for biological specimen and experiments*, yang berarti bahwa formalin bukan untuk tubuh manusia melainkan untuk spesies-spesies tanaman dan percobaan.

Jawab: C

21. Penyelesaian:

Ide pokok paragraf kedua adalah lemahnya kontrol dari pemerintah terhadap penggunaan formalin. Jadi, jawaban yang benar adalah *the government has not controlled the use of formalin firmly*.

Jawab: B

22. Penyelesaian:

Dalam teks penulis berkata bahwa masyarakat harus menjauhkan diri dari formalin dengan tidak mengonsumsi makanan yang mengandung formalin. Jadi, jawaban yang tepat adalah *people have to avoid consuming formalin in their food*.

Jawab: A

23. Penyelesaian:

Turning artinya memasuki, *having* mempunyai arti mempunyai, *changing* mempunyai arti mengubah, *getting* artinya mendapatkan, dan *enjoying* adalah menikmati. Jadi, jawaban yang tepat adalah *turning* (memasuki).

Jawab: A

24. Penyelesaian:

Sadly artinya dengan sedih, *gladly* dengan bahagia, *merrily* dengan perasaan gembira, *joyful* dengan kenyamanan dan *amusingly* dengan terhibur. Jadi, jawaban yang tepat adalah *sadly*.

Jawab: A

25. Penyelesaian:

Dalam teks disebutkan bahwa *then he walked out to theand disappeared*. Jadi, seorang laki laki menuju ke pintu kemudian menghilang.

Jawab: C

26. Penyelesaian:

Dalam teks dijelaskan bahwa resveratrol itu memberikan perlindungan dan meningkatkan kesehatan melalui buah-buah yang terpilih. Jadi, jawaban yang tepat adalah *shows the protection for increasing health in selected fruits*.

Jawab: C

27. Penyelesaian:

Dalam teks dijelaskan bahwa resveratrol itu bagian penting dalam tumbuhan. Jadi, jawaban yang tepat adalah *its important biological substances*.

Jawab: C

28. Penyelesaian:

Karena dalam paragraf ke-3 mereka membicarakan tentang macam macam buah

yang di dalamnya mengandung zat resveratrol dan juga menyebutkan macam-macam buah *Vaccinium* (*resveratrol is represented by species vaccinium fruit*).

Jawab: D

29. Penyelesaian:

Teks tersebut sedang membahas sebuah film yang berjudul *A beautiful Mind*.

Jawab: A

30. Penyelesaian:

Di dalam teks penulis menyebutkan *today it is called modern classics: a true drama, making you think and evoking emotions*. Jadi, jawaban yang benar adalah *it makes the audience think and feel emotions* (ini membuat penonton dapat berpikir dan merasakan emosi).

Jawab: C

31. Penyelesaian:

Karena dalam paragraf terakhir, penulis menyebutkan bahwa setelah menonton fim tersebut maka kita akan setuju dengan pendapatnya (*after watching a beautiful mind, I will agree with this once again*). Jadi, jawaban yang tepat adalah *To watch the film titled a beautiful mind* (untuk menonton film yang berjudul *beautiful mind*).

Jawab: E

32. Penyelesaian:

Dalam teks membicarakan tentang perkembangan Lagoons di dunia (*The development of Lagoons in the world*).

Jawab: D

33. Penyelesaian:

Dalam teks menjelaskan bahwa lagoon dapat membuat tempat-tempat wisata menjadi semakin mewah dan menarik sehingga dapat menarik para turis untuk datang (*To attract tourists from all over the world to come*).

Jawab: C

34. Penyelesaian:

Dalam paragraf ketiga disebutkan bahwa lagoon dapat menyediakan tempat tempat olahraga yang lebih menarik lagi, di teks mereka menyebutkan *swimming* dan *water sport*. Jadi, jawaban yang tepat adalah *The new Lagoon offers unrestricted spaces for sport* (Lagoon baru menawarkan ruang terbuka untuk olahraga).

Jawab: D

35. Penyelesaian:

Keseluruhan teks membicarakan mengenai *political polls* (jajak pendapat politik).

Jawab: A

36. Penyelesaian:

Seperti yang ditulis di dalam teks bahwa semakin banyak orang yang disurvei maka hasilnya pun akan semakin konkret. Jadi, jawabannya adalah *The more people involved in a polls, the more reliable the result will be*.

Jawab: B

37. Penyelesaian:

Dalam teks memberitahu bahwa salah satu cara yang mewakili beberapa cara adalah dengan bertanya kepada para voters (*A representative of variety people is chosen to ask question*).

Jawab: D

38. Penyelesaian:

Di dalam teks tertulis, *internet also has its disadvantages. One of them is children maybe exposed to violence* (internet juga memiliki kerugian. Salah satunya adalah kemungkinan kekerasan yang akan terjadi pada anak-anak). Jadi, jawaban yang tepat adalah *it exposes children to violence* (akan menghadapi anak-anak pada kekerasan).

Jawab: A

39. Penyelesaian:

Pikiran pokok dari paragraf 2 adalah bahwa internet mempunyai beberapa manfaat untuk masyarakat (*internet has some advantages*).

Jawab: B

40. Penyelesaian:

Dari teks di atas kesimpulannya adalah ketika anak-anak sedang menggunakan internet sebaiknya mereka ditemani agar tidak membuka situs-situs yang tidak seharusnya dibuka.

Jawab: D

41. Penyelesaian:

Jadi, cara yang dapat dilakukan untuk menghindari kerugian akibat banjir adalah mencari hal-hal yang dapat digunakan sebagai sumber penghasilan dengan menggunakan air disekitar agar tidak terjadi banjir dan menjadi terawat (*seek sustenance benefit from cheap and easy travel commerce*).

Jawab: E

42. Penyelesaian:

Ide pokok paragraf ketiga terdapat pada kalimat pertama, yaitu *Flood can also occur in rivers, when flow exceeds the capacity of the river channel, particularly at bends or meanders* (banjir juga dapat terjadi di sungai saat arus melebihi kapasitas sungai, terutama di daerah lekukan). Jadi, jawaban yang tepat adalah *Floods can be found at every bond and meander of a river*.

Jawab: B

43. Penyelesaian:

Significant mempunyai arti yang sama dengan *important*, yaitu penting.

Jawab: D

44. Penyelesaian:

Karena dalam teks *announces that on October 1st, 2014 it will change its name to "Softbank Telecom Corp"* yang artinya mulai tanggal 1 Oktober 2014 nama perusahaan diganti menjadi Softbank Telecom Corp.

Jawab: A

45. Penyelesaian:

Dalam teks disebutkan *Softbank Group is a comprehensive I.T. network infrastructure, digital platform, and content company* (perusahaan ini bergerak dalam bidang teknologi dan informasi). Jadi, jawabannya adalah *A technology and information company*.

Jawab: A

46. Penyelesaian:

Dalam iklan tersebut mengajak pembaca untuk mengikuti seminar mengenai merawat dan peduli terhadap hewan peliharaan. Jadi, jawaban yang tepat adalah *A workshop on animal behavior* (seminar mengenai tingkah laku hewan).

Jawab: B

47. Penyelesaian:

Pada teks tertulis, *Professor Shasta Ewing, a leading animal behaviorist, will be conducting an informative workshop entitled "understanding your pet"*. Jadi, jawaban yang tepat adalah *Professor Shasta Ewing*.

Jawab: C

48. Penyelesaian:

Judul yang paling cocok adalah ini karena dalam cerita si Ajing pada akhirnya menemukan seorang bayi di dekat sungai. Jadi, judul yang tepat adalah *The baby by the river*.

Jawab: D

49. Penyelesaian:

Dalam cerita disebutkan *physician announced that he could detect no signs of life in Tien-Tien (baby)* yang artinya bahwa tidak terdeteksi kehidupan pada Tien-Tien.

Jawab: D

50. Penyelesaian:

Dalam teks diceritakan bahwa Ajiang berasal dari keluarga yang tidak mempunyai uang (*a Chinese family with almost no money or resources*). Jadi, kesimpulannya Ajiang berasal dari keluarga yang miskin (*Ajiang came from a poor family*).

Jawab: A

Pembahasan Tryout 5 TKA Bahasa Inggris

Listening Section

Part 1

1. Penyelesaian:

Man : Why you so sad?

Woman : My pet is lost. She's been missing for whole day

Man : You mean your kitty?

Woman : Yes

Question : What makes the woman sad?

Karena pertanyaannya *what makes the woman sad?* maka jawabannya adalah *she lost her kitty* (dia kehilangan kucingnya).

Jawaban: A

2. Penyelesaian:

Man : Hi, Hera! Congratulations on your promotion. It's nice to know that you'll be the new branch manager of this bank. When are you going to Samarinda?

Woman : Raihan, what a good friend you are. Thank you very much for your support. I'm suppose to go to Samarinda before November 15 this year.

Man : Good luck then

Question: Why did the man congratulate the woman?

Karena pertanyaannya *why did the man congratulate the woman?* (kenapa pria itu memberikan ucapan selamat kepada wanita?) maka jawaban yang tepat adalah *the woman got a better position in the office* (perempuan mendapat posisi yang lebih baik di kantor).

Jawaban: B

3. Penyelesaian:

Man : Excuse me, is this sit taken?

Woman : No, please sit down!

Man : By the way, what's the announcement about?

Woman : Flight JK505 to Denpasar is delayed

Question: What does man ask the woman when he sees her?

Karena pertanyaannya *what does the man ask the woman when he sees her?* maka jawabannya adalah *he wants to sit down* (dia ingin duduk).

Jawaban: A

4. Penyelesaian:

Man : Where should we take the vacation this year? Let's decide soon.

Woman : Well, I'd like to go somewhere warm. How about the beach or we could camp the cabin by the lake

Man : I think going to the lake much be better

Woman : Ok dear

Question: What have they decided?

Karena pertanyaannya *what have they decided?* Dan jawabannya adalah *to camp by the lake* (kemah di danau).

Jawaban: B

Part 2

5. Penyelesaian:

Man : There would be in English speech delivered by student during the flag ceremony next moday.

Woman : Really?

Man : Absolutely. What do you think?

Question: What is the best responds to the man question?

A. I believe it can improve the student English skills

B. I assume a flag ceremony is important

C. I like English speeches in rising flag

D. I think I can communicate in English

Respons dari wanita pada dialog tersebut yang tepat, yaitu *I believe it can improve the student English skill* (saya percaya hal ini dapat meningkatkan kemampuan berbahasa Inggris siswa).

Jawaban: A

6. Penyelesaian:

Woman : Where have you been? I have seen you for two days.

Man : I've been sick in last Sunday. I had terrible cold.

Question: What is the best respond to the man?

- A. That's very kind of you
- B. How lucky you are
- C. I hope you will feel better soon
- D. I'm very grateful to you

Respons yang tepat dari wanita untuk pria dalam dialog tersebut, yaitu *I hope you will feel better soon* (saya harap kamu segera sembuh).

Jawaban: C

7. **Penyelesaian:**

Woman : The wheather is so hot today

Man : I'll get the mineral water for you,
glass or bottle?

Woman : bottle, please!

Man : Yes, you are

Woman : Ups! I can't open this cap

Question: What is the best respond for the woman statement?

- A. Let's do it
- B. May I use it?
- C. Would you take it?
- D. Let me do it for you

Respons yang tepat untuk wanita dalam dialog tersebut, yaitu *let me do it for you* (biar aku yang melakukannya untukmu).

Jawaban: D

8. **Penyelesaian:**

Dalam penjelasan, disebutkan bahwa bangunan tersebut berada di Inggris, kemudian istana tersebut dikelilingi oleh banyak taman dan Ratu Elizabeth mempunyai kamar pribadi di dalamnya. Jadi, jawaban yang tepat adalah kerajaan Inggris.

Jawaban: E

9. **Penyelesaian:**

Dalam penjelasan disebutkan ciri-ciri dari aktor tersebut, yaitu dia adalah aktor Hollywood yang mempunyai bentuk telinga seperti benda luar angkasa, mempunyai wajah yang lucu dan manis (*he has funny looking and cute*) kemudian dia adalah salah satu aktor yang sudah pernah difilmkan kehidupannya dan diperankan oleh aktor lain. Jadi, jawabannya adalah D.

Jawaban: D

10. **Penyelesaian:**

Dalam penjelasan bahwa alat elektronik ini lebih besar dari laptop dan bisa menyambungkan koneksi internet dan sebagainya. Jadi, jawabannya adalah komputer.

Jawaban: B

11. **Penyelesaian:**

Dalam penjelasan, hewan tersebut mempunyai bagian tubuh berwarna biru. Ekornya dapat berdiameter 5 kaki. Jadi, jawabannya adalah burung merak.

Jawaban: C

12. **Penyelesaian:**

Pertanyaan pada soal adalah *what did Dewi Arum find in the jungle?* Dan jawabannya adalah *pond* (kolam).

Jawaban: E

13. **Penyelesaian:**

Pertanyaan pada soal adalah *what is the cure of the illness?* Dan jawabannya adalah *The beautiful flower* (bunga yang cantik).

Jawaban: D

14. **Penyelesaian:**

Pertanyaan pada soal adalah *what is the monologue about?* Dan jawabannya adalah monolog tersebut membicarakan tentang erupsi dari Gunung Lokon.

Jawaban: C

15. **Penyelesaian:**

Pertanyaan pada soal adalah *For whom is the evaquation neccessary?* Dan jawabannya adalah *the residents living within 2.5 kilometer radius from the mountain peak* (untuk warga dalam radius kilometer 2,5 dari puncak gunung).

Jawaban: A

This is the end of the listening section

16. **Penyelesaian:**

Pada teks tertulis *Holliman's – for over 50 years, Cheyenne's leading office supply store* (Holliman – selama lebih dari 50 tahun, Cheyenne memimpin kantor pasokan toko). Jadi, jawaban yang tepat adalah *To announce Holliman's as a leading office supply store in Cheyenne*.

Jawaban: C

17. Penyelesaian:

Sesuai pengumuman pada soal, mereka mengumumkan jenis bisnis mereka setelah diakuisisi. Jadi, jawaban yang tepat adalah *It announces the type of business Holliman's run after the acquisition.*

Jawaban: E

18. Penyelesaian:

Berdasarkan teks di atas *Cheyenne's leading office supply store-is proud to announce the acquisition of Foley's Business Machines* yang artinya dengan bangga mengumumkan akuisisi dengan mesin bisnis mesin Foley. Jadi, jawaban yang sesuai adalah *Is replaced by Cheyenne's leading office supply store.*

Jawaban: E

19. Penyelesaian:

Karena dalam teks dikatakan bahwa "*Schools fail low-income children*" yang artinya sekolah menggagalkan anak-anak atau keluarga yang mempunyai penghasilan yang rendah. Sama intinya dengan *Children from low-income families do not perform well in the official assessment.*

Jawaban: A

20. Penyelesaian:

Pada teks tertulis *I would strongly recommend that more careful research should be conducted in the future so that your newspaper will more realistically describe the true situation in our schools.* Yang menjelaskan bahwa Mr. Joan Gonzales menginginkan fakta atau nyata sesuai dengan keadaan sebenarnya. Jadi, jawaban yang tepat adalah *To present information based on facts.*

Jawaban: A

21. Penyelesaian:

Pada teks tersebut terdapat kalimat *Good skin care and healthy lifestyle choices can help delaying the natural aging process and prevent various skin problems.* Yang artinya perawatan kulit dan pola hidup yang sehat dapat menunda proses penuaan kulit dan mencegah macam-macam masalah kulit. Berarti membuat kulit agar sehat selalu. Jadi, jawabannya adalah *Tips to maintain your healthy skin.*

Jawaban: D

22. Penyelesaian:

Dalam teks disebutkan bahwa *Hot water and long showers remove oils from your skin.*

Jawaban: A

23. Penyelesaian:

Pada teks dikatakan *Uncontrolled stress can make your skin more sensitive and trigger acne breakouts and other skin problems* artinya stress yang tidak terkontrol dapat menyebabkan kulit akan menjadi lebih sensitif dan membuat timbulnya jerawat dan masalah kulit lainnya.

Jawaban: E

24. Penyelesaian:

Pada teks tertulis bahwa *The study found that ancient genetic material from principle bacterium, streptococcus mutant, cause dental carries. The mutant has increased its genetic material change overtime. This is possibly due to the coincidence of dietary changes that are linked with the expansion of humanity.* Yang artinya adalah studi ini menemukan bahwa sebuah materi genetik dari Bakteri mutan streptococcus, menyebabkan karies gigi. Mutan telah melakukan perubahan peningkatan pada materi genetik. Hal ini mungkin karena perubahan pola makan yang terkait dengan peningkatan jumlah manusia. Jadi, jawaban yang tepat adalah *through coincidental links with human's dietary changes.*

Jawaban: A

25. Penyelesaian:

Pada teks disebutkan *The research, published in the proceedings of the royal society B, has investigated the bacterium in eleven individuals,* yaitu peneliti telah melakukan penelitian terhadap sebelas individu. Jadi, jawaban yang tepat adalah *The investigation of the bacterium in eleven individuals.*

Jawaban: E

26. Penyelesaian:

Pada teks tersebut *From Xinhua's report, it is unclear the extent to which the chinese government is involved in the request for the return on the artefact,* yaitu bahwa China meminta Jepang mengembalikan artefak.

Jawaban: B

27. **Penyelesaian:**
Kata *looted* berarti dijarah. Kata yang memiliki arti yang dekat, yaitu *stolen* (dicuri).
Jawaban: A
28. **Penyelesaian:**
Pada teks disebutkan *A new video initiative is bringing the famed brown bears of Alaska's Katmai National Park directly to computers and smartphones* yang artinya sebuah inisiatif video baru yang membawa beruang cokelat terkenal dari Taman Nasional Katmai Alaska langsung ke komputer dan telepon pintar. Jawaban yang tepat adalah A.
Jawaban: A
29. **Penyelesaian:**
Pada teks disebutkan *I think it's an unparalleled opportunity for people to get that front row seat of the lives of the bears at Brooks Camp* yang artinya bahwa saya pikir itu kesempatan yang langka bagi orang untuk mendapatkan kursi baris depan untuk melihat kehidupan para beruang di Brooks Camp. Jadi, jawabannya adalah E.
Jawaban: E
30. **Penyelesaian:**
Compete memiliki arti bersaing. Kata yang memiliki kedekatan makna adalah *fight* (bertarung).
Jawaban: A
31. **Penyelesaian:**
Pada teks ditulis *It was made of wood because wood is a less critical material in wartime than metal*. Yang artinya bahwa benda tersebut terbuat dari kayu sesuai dengan jawaban A.
Jawaban: A
32. **Penyelesaian:**
Paragraf 2 mempunyai ide pikiran, *The plane was designed by Howard Hughes in response to a U.S government request for a plane that was able to carry a large cargo for the war effort*. Jadi, jawaban yang tepat adalah *The plane was designed to carry a large cargo*.
Jawaban: E
33. **Penyelesaian:**
Pada akhir teks tertulis *Today, the Spruce Goose is on exhibit for the public to see in Long Beach, California*. Yang artinya saat ini, Spruce Goose (pesawat dengan sayap yang lebar) sedang dipamerkan untuk umum di Long Beach, California.
Jawaban: C
34. **Penyelesaian:**
Pada paragraf di atas tertulis *the sun's warmth to heat their bodies up*. Jadi, jawaban yang tepat adalah *Require the sun's warmth to heat their bodies*.
Jawaban: E
35. **Penyelesaian:**
Karena dalam teks *they had claws to help them slither along* yang sesuai dengan jawaban E, *use their claws to slither along the ground*.
Jawaban: E
36. **Penyelesaian:**
Pada teks dikatakan *The flying snakes glide away from danger*. Yang artinya ular terbang akan meluncur pergi menjauhi bahaya. Jawaban yang tepat adalah *They fly away*.
Jawaban: A
37. **Penyelesaian:**
Pada teks dikatakan bahwa *In the first place, people prefer to live in an apartment because it is located near strategic areas. They can save time and energy as they don't have to experience terrible traffic jam*. Intinya bahwa apartemen berada dalam lokasi yang strategis dan dapat memudahkan mereka pergi ke manapun sehingga lebih praktis.
Jawaban: C
38. **Penyelesaian:**
Kesimpulannya adalah *Moreover, people now enjoy practicality and this is reflected in the design of their place. Living rooms become smaller and a veranda is no longer considered an important part of the house*. Yang artinya bahwa sekarang orang – orang lebih nyaman tinggal di rumah yang kecil. Jawaban yang tepat adalah *Many Indonesian people right now enjoy living in a small house*.
Jawaban: A
39. **Penyelesaian:**
Arti dari *mushroom* adalah jamur atau menjamur yang memiliki kedekatan arti dengan *enhance* (menambah atau bertambah).

Jawaban: B

40. Penyelesaian:

Pada teks dikatakan *People against tourism, however, say that most of tourist's dollars are spent in international hotels owned by foreign interest groups* yang artinya bahwa orang – orang menolak pariwisata, bagaimanapun uang dolar dari para turis akan dihabiskan di hotel – hotel internasional.

Jawaban: E

41. Penyelesaian:

Pada teks tertulis 4 faktor tersebut *that tourism brings money to the town and creates employment (finance). Business owners also supports this saying that tourism promotes development in town (development). Moreover, everyone benefits from having better facilities and more shops (public facilities). Others also argue that tourism develops a better understanding of other cultures so people become more tolerant (social).*

Jawaban: D

42. Penyelesaian:

Arti dari *restrict* adalah membatasi yang artinya sama dengan *limit*.

Jawaban: D

43. Penyelesaian:

Teks menggambarkan dan membahas tentang *Napoleon fish* (ikan Napoleon).

Jawaban: A

44. Penyelesaian:

Pada teks disebutkan *They move into shallow bays during the day to feed* yang artinya dia akan ke teluk dangkal untuk mencari makanan. Jadi, jawabannya adalah *shallow bays* (teluk dangkal).

Jawaban: D

45. Penyelesaian:

Pada teks disebutkan *They move into shallow bays during the day to feed, and tend to move into deeper waters as they grow older and large.* Jawaban yang tepat adalah *A Napoleon fish tend to move into shallow water as they grow older and large.*

Jawaban: A

46. Penyelesaian:

4. Jason Thomas Mraz is an American song writer who was born on June 23, 1977
 2. The first public performance was in San Diego Coffee house in 2000
 1. In 2002, he released his debut studio album called "Waiting for My Rocket to Come".
 3. In 2008, he released his third studio album entitled "We sing, We dance, We steal things."
 5. In July 2014, Mraz sold over seven million albums and over million digital singles.
 6. Mraz then nominated in two categories for the Grammy Awards and won two awards
- Urutan yang tepat adalah 4 – 2 – 1 – 3 – 5 – 6.

Jawaban: C

47. Penyelesaian:

2. To make sure the thermometer is working, switch it on first.
3. Set the temperature to zero as you can see it from the indicator.
4. Place the tip of the thermometer under your tongue, keep it in that position by closing your lips.
1. Wait for few second until you hear its beep sounds.
5. Take the thermometer out of your mounth and see your temperature.

Urutan yang tepat adalah 2 – 3 – 4 – 1 – 5.

Jawaban: A

48. Penyelesaian:

The farmers had given them a lot of advice yang artinya petani memberikan banyak nasihat.

Jawaban: B

49. Penyelesaian:

The farmer banded the sticks into a bundle yang artinya petani mengikat banyak tongkat menjadi bundel.

Jawaban: C

50. Penyelesaian:

Finally, the advice worked out. After that, they lived harmoniously yang artinya akhirnya nasihatnya berhasil. Setelah itu, mereka hidup dengan harmonis.

Jawaban: B

Pembahasan Tryout 6 TKA Bahasa Inggris

1. Penyelesaian:

- Man : Hello Debra. How are you doing?
Woman : Hi, Bob. Pretty good. Thanks, and you?
Man : I'm feeling great today. Hey, what a beautiful sweater you are wearing.
Woman : Thank you. My grandma bought it for me last week.
Man : Wow! That's wonderful. It matches your jeans. Are the jeans also new?
Woman : Yes. They're from my best friend, Sandra. She bought them for me.
Man : Did she? She's a nice best friend.
Woman : Yes, she is. We've been friends since we were in elementary school.
Narrator : Whom did the woman get the sweater from?

Pertanyaan pada percakapan tersebut adalah dari mana wanita tersebut mendapatkan *sweater*. Jawaban yang tepat adalah dari neneknya (*her grandma*).

Jawab: C

2. Penyelesaian:

- Woman : Hi, Bill! How is your new clothes store?
Man : It's very good. I've sold 400 items this week.
Woman : Congratulations! That's popular business nowadays
Man : Thanks so much.
Narrator : What is the topic of the conversation?

Pertanyaan pada percakapan tersebut adalah apa topik dari percakapan tersebut. Jawaban yang tepat adalah toko baru dari pria tersebut (*The man's new store*).

Jawab: A

3. Penyelesaian:

- Woman : Douglas, what shall we do this evening?
Man : This evening? Well, I have no idea.
Woman : How about going to the cinema to watch *Furious 7*?
Man : Yes, why not. I love action film.
Woman : Mmm ... me too. Will you pick me up at 6.00?
Man : Okay, sure.
Narrator : What does the woman suggest the man?

Pertanyaan pada percakapan tersebut adalah apa yang disarankan wanita tersebut kepada si pria. Jawaban yang tepat adalah dari menonton film *Furious 7* (*watch Furious 7*).

Jawab: C

4. Penyelesaian:

- Man : Hey, Jennifer. Have you watched I'm not alone?
Woman : Yes, I watched it last week.
Man : Well ... what do you think about the film?
Woman : I think it was boring
Man : Oh, really? I really enjoyed it. Why do you think it was boring?
Woman : It was too predictable. We knew what would happen in the end.
Narrator : What can you conclude from the dialogue?

Pertanyaan pada percakapan tersebut adalah apa yang kesimpulan dari dialog tersebut. Kesimpulan dari dialog tersebut adalah mudah ditebaknya akhir dari film tersebut (*The ending of the film is easily known*).

Jawab: B

5. Penyelesaian:

Man : Hi, Judy. How are you?
Woman : Just fine, thanks. And you?
Man : Good, thanks. But you seem very sad. What's happening to you?
Woman : It's my aunty, Richard. She is in hospital. She has been very ill. She is suffering from cancer.
Man : Oh, judy. I'm sorry to hear that. I hope she will get better soon.
Woman :
Narrator : What is the woman's possible response?

- A. Don't worry,
- B. Oh, I'm sorry.
- C. Thank you.
- D. No problem.

Respons yang mungkin dari wanita tersebut adalah *thank you* (terima kasih).

Jawab: C

6. Penyelesaian:

Woman : Hey, Kimura. You look pale. Are you all right?
Man : I'm not feeling well today. I've got a terrible headache.
Woman :
Narrator : What is the woman's appropriate response?

- A. Oh no! Have you taken medicine yet?
- B. Oh, Kimura. What's the matter with you?
- C. Don't worry. I will always help you.
- D. I hope it will be okay with you.

Respons yang tepat dari wanita adalah *Oh no! Have you taken medicine yet?* (Oh tidak! apakah kamu sudah minum obat?)

Jawab: A

7. Penyelesaian:

Man : Excuse me, Ma'am!
Woman : Yes?
Man : I think you left this wallet on the cashier. Is it yours, Ma'am?
Woman :
Narrator : What would the woman probably response?

- A. Oh, yes. I forgot to bring my hat.
- B. Oh, yes. That's mine. Thank you.
- C. Oh, no. Where is my hat?
- D. Oh, that's very kind of you to find it

Respons yang tepat dari wanita tersebut adalah *Oh, yes. That's mine. Thank you* (Oh, iya. Itu punya saya. Terima kasih).

Jawab: B

8. Penyelesaian:

Patenggang Lake (Indonesian: Situ Patenggang) is a lake located in the area of natural tourist attractions in the southern Bandung city, West Java, Indonesia, to be exact it is in Ciwidey village. Located at an altitude of 1600 meters above sea level, this lake has a very exotic landscape.

Originally, this lake is called Situ Patengan by the local society. Since the pronunciation of patengan is too difficult to say in Sundanese, then they call it Situ Patenggang or Patenggang Lake.

The label/name of the lake in maps.google.com is Situ Penganten which Penganten means newlywed couple.

Gambar yang tepat mengenai Situ Patenggang adalah gambar C.

Jawab: D

9. Penyelesaian:

This man works in a big hotel. He is a highly trained and skilled professional who is proficient in all aspects of food preparation of a particular cuisine. He is also a head of a kitchen. As a professional, he can receive both formal training from an institution, as well as

through apprenticeship with an experienced chef.

Gambar yang dimaksud adalah gambar seorang koki.

Jawab: C

10. Penyelesaian:

This natural disaster is a form of mass wasting that includes a wide range of ground movements, such as rock falls, deep failure of slopes, and shallow debris flows. It can occur in underwater, called a submarine landslide, coastal and onshore environment. Although the action of gravity is the primary driving force for a landslide to occur, there are other contributing factors affecting the original slope stability. Typically, pre-conditional factors build up specific sub-surface conditions that make the area/slope prone to failure, whereas the actual landslip often requires a trigger before being released. The phenomena should not be confused with mud flows, a form of mass wasting involving very to extremely rapid flow of debris that has become partially or fully liquefied by the addition of significant amounts of water to the source material.

Gambar yang tepat adalah gambar tanah longsor.

Jawab: A

11. Penyelesaian:

Lead glass, commonly called "crystal", is a variety of glass in which lead replaces the calcium content of a typical potash glass. Lead glass contains typically 18–40% lead(II) oxide (PbO), while modern lead crystal, historically also known as flint glass due to the original silica source, contains a minimum of 24% PbO. Lead glass is desirable owing to its decorative properties.

Originally discovered by Englishman George Ravenscroft in 1674, the technique of adding lead oxide (in quantities of between 10 and 30%) improved the appearance of the glass and made it easier to melt using sea-coal as a furnace fuel. This technique also increased the "working period" making the glass easier to manipulate.

Gambar yang tepat adalah gambar kristal atau pajangan kristal.

Jawab: A

12. Penyelesaian:

The Financial Services Authority (OJK) is considering providing a legal basis for Islamic real estate investment trustees (REITs) in the third quarter of 2016, hoping that it will attract more property investors, especially those from the Middle East.

OJK deputy director of sharia market Muhammad Touriq said the demand for Islamic REITs would be enormous as Indonesia had many Islamic institutions such as takaful (Islamic insurance) companies that need medium-term investment and Middle Eastern investors.

"Takaful companies are interested in investing in the REITs, but have failed to do so as the existing REITs are not sharia-compliant. Middle Eastern investors also prefer to invest in property. We're working on the rule right now. We hope to finish it in the third or fourth quarter of this year," he told thejakartapost.com in Jakarta on Wednesday.

Topik dari berita tersebut adalah mengenai permintaan mengenai REITs (*real estate investment trustees*) yang berbasis Islam di Indonesia.

Jawab: B

13. Penyelesaian:

Takaful gagal investasi dalam REITs karena karena tidak sesuai dengan hukum syariah (*They have no sharia agreement*).

Jawab: A

14. Penyelesaian:

Martin "Marty" Cooper (born December 26, 1928) is an American engineer. He is a pioneer and visionary in the wireless communications industry. With eleven patents in the field, he is recognized as an innovator in radio spectrum management.

While at Motorola in the 1970s, Cooper conceived the first handheld mobile phone (distinct from the car phone) in 1973 and led the team that developed it and brought it to market in 1983. He is considered the “father of the cell phone” and is also cited as the first person in history to make a handheld cellular phone call in public.

Cooper is co-founder of numerous successful communications companies with his wife and business partner Arlene Harris; also known as the “first lady of wireless.” He is co-founder and current Chairman of Dyna LLC, in Del Mar, California. Cooper also sits on committees supporting the U.S. Federal Communications Commission and the United States Department of Commerce.

Cooper menyusun telepon genggam pertama pada tahun 1973 (*Cooper conceived the first handheld mobile phone (distinct from the car phone) in 1973*).

Jawab: C

15. Penyelesaian:

Cooper mendapat julukan bapak telepon seluler karena Cooper merupakan orang pertama yang menemukan telepon seluler (*He introduced the first handheld cellular phone call to public*).

Jawab: D

16. Penyelesaian:

Berdasarkan teks tersebut, orang tua Messi pindah ke Barcelona karena mereka tidak mampu membayar biaya pengobatan Messi di Argentina (*From the age of 11, he suffered from a hormone deficiency and as Lionel's parents were unable to pay for the treatment in Argentina, they decided to move to Barcelona, Spain*).

Jadi, jawabannya adalah *To get Messi's health problem cured*.

Jawab: D

17. Penyelesaian:

Ide utama dari paragraf ke-3 adalah Lionel Messi merupakan pemain terbaik untuk FC. Barcelona. Jadi, jawabannya adalah *Lionel Messi is a good player for FC. Barcelona*.

Jawab: B

18. Penyelesaian:

Teks pengumuman tersebut ditulis oleh perusahaan Green Miles West yang mengumumkan bahwa mulai tanggal 5 Desember 2013, nama resmi menjadi Green Miles West (*Effective as of 5th December 2013, our official name will be GREEN MILES WEST*). Jadi, jawabannya adalah *Green Miles West Company*.

Jawab: A

19. Penyelesaian:

Kata *substitution* memiliki arti yang sama dengan *replacement*, yaitu menggantikan.

Jawab: D

20. Penyelesaian:

Hubungan yang tepat antara pengirim dan penerima surat adalah teman (*friends*). Hal ini dapat dilihat pada kalimat *you have my sincere and heartfelt sympathy, my dear fellow*, yang artinya rasa simpati yang tulus dari ku, temanku.

Jawab: C

21. Penyelesaian:

Dari surat tersebut kita tahu bahwa Jack sudah mengenal ibu dari Fred sebelumnya (*Jack had known Fred's mother before*). Hal ini dapat dilihat dari kalimat *I feel it also as a personal loss to myself for your mother was always very kind to me* (Saya merasakan kehilangan secara pribadi karena ibumu selalu baik padaku).

Jawab: D

22. Penyelesaian:

Kata *sincere* memiliki arti tulus. Dan kata lain dari *sincere* dalam bahasa Inggris adalah *honest*.

Jawab: D

23. Penyelesaian:

Tujuan dari teks tersebut adalah memberitahu kepada para pembaca cara menolong pasien mimisan. Jadi, jawabannya adalah *To inform the readers the methods to help nose bleeding patients*.

Jawab: A

24. Penyelesaian:

Teks tersebut dapat digunakan ketika mimisan baru saja terjadi. Jadi, jawabannya adalah *When the nose bleed just occurred*.

Jawab: D

25. Penyelesaian:

Jika seseorang sedang mimisan maka orang tersebut tidak boleh berbicara karena dapat memecah gumpalan darah yang terbentuk di dalam hidung. Hal ini sesuai dengan kalimat yang ada di dalam teks, yaitu *Encourage them not to speak, swallow, cough, spit or sniff because this may break blood clots that may have started to form in the nose* (larang mereka untuk tidak berbicara, menelan, batuk, meludah, atau mengendus karena ini bisa menghancurkan pembekuan darah yang mungkin sudah mulai terbentuk di hidung).

Jadi, jawaban yang tepat adalah *his/her blood clot will not form*.

Jawab: D

26. Penyelesaian:

Kata *drains* memiliki arti mengalir. Dan kata lain dari *drains* dalam bahasa Inggris adalah *stream*.

Jawab: D

27. Penyelesaian:

Tujuan dari teks tersebut adalah memberitahu kepada para pembaca mengenai keunikan dari kanguru. Jadi, jawabannya adalah *To inform Kangaroo's uniqueness*.

Jawab: A

28. Penyelesaian:

Dari teks tersebut dapat disimpulkan bahwa kanguru jantan tidak memiliki kantong seperti kanguru betina. Jadi, jawabannya adalah *The male kangaroos do not have pouch*.

Jawab: B

29. Penyelesaian:

Pernyataan yang bertentangan dengan fakta adalah bayi kanguru meninggalkan kantong induknya pada saat berusia lima bulan. Jadi, jawabannya adalah *Baby Kangaroos leave their mother's pouch at the age of five months*.

Jawab: E

30. Penyelesaian:

Kata *pouch* memiliki arti kantong. Dan kata lain dari *pouch* dalam bahasa Inggris adalah *pocket*.

Jawab: D

31. Penyelesaian:

Ide utama dari paragraf tersebut adalah mengenai risiko dari mengetik pesan pada saat mengemudi. Jadi, jawabannya adalah *The risks of texting while driving*.

Jawab: D

32. Penyelesaian:

Opini penulis terhadap paragraf adalah menulis pesan pada saat mengemudi akan menimbulkan banyak risiko. Jadi, jawabannya adalah *Text messaging creates more risk than undistracted driving*.

Jawab: A

33. Penyelesaian:

Dari teks tersebut, dapat diketahui bahwa para pengemudi yang terlibat kecelakaan mengaku sedang menulis pesan singkat ketika terjadi kecelakaan. Jadi, jawabannya adalah *Drivers involved in car accidents admitted they were texting when they crashed*.

Jawab: E

34. Penyelesaian:

Kata hubung yang tepat untuk melengkapi kalimat tersebut adalah *and* (dan). Sehingga kalimat lengkapnya menjadi *Distracted driving endangers life and it is not an acceptable action* (mengemudi dengan tidak fokus dapat membahayakan kehidupan dan ini bukanlah tindakan yang dapat diterima).

Jawab: D

35. Penyelesaian:

Hal yang dapat dipelajari dari biografi Galileo Galilei adalah jika kita percaya pada sesuatu maka kita harus terus memercayainya seberapa pun sulitnya. Jadi, jawabannya adalah *We should believe in something and stay faithful to it no matter how hard*.

Jawab: C

36. Penyelesaian:

Berdasarkan teks tersebut, diketahui bahwa Galileo Galilei dihukum untuk mendukung teori Copernican yang kemudian dibuktikan bahwa teori tersebut benar. Watak Galileo Galilei tersebut merupakan watak keras kepala. Jadi, jawabannya adalah *Stubborn*.

Jawab: B

37. Penyelesaian:

Berdasarkan biografi tersebut dapat diketahui bahwa Galileo Galilei berhenti menjadi pengajar di Universitas Pisa karena kritiknya terhadap Aristotle sehingga membuatnya diisolasi sementara. Dan setelah 3 tahun diisolasi, Galileo Galilei memutuskan untuk berhenti dari Universitas Pisa (*Galileo was*

appointed to be a mathematics professor at the University of Pisa, but his strident criticisms of Aristotle left him isolated among his contemporaries. After three years of persecution, he resigned).

Jadi, jawabannya adalah *He was persecuted for three years*.

Jawab: B

38. Penyelesaian:

Kata *innate* memiliki arti bawaan lahir. Dan kata lain dari *innate* dalam bahasa Inggris adalah *inborn*.

Jawab: D

39. Penyelesaian:

Tujuan dari teks tersebut adalah untuk meningkatkan kewaspadaan masyarakat terhadap tsunami. Jadi, jawabannya adalah *To raise people's awareness about tsunami*.

Jawab: A

40. Penyelesaian:

Tsunami merupakan hasil dari kumpulan gelombang-gelombang besar. Jadi, jawabannya adalah *the awe-inspiring waves*.

Jawab: C

41. Penyelesaian:

Dari teks tersebut, kita tahu bahwa tsunami dapat menghancurkan karena tsunami tinggi (*sometimes reaching heights of over 100 feet or 30,5 meters*), cepat (*Tsunamis race across the sea at up to 500 miles (805 kilometers) an hour-about as fast as a jet airplane*), berkekuatan (*A tsunami is usually composed of a series of waves, called a wave train, so its destructive force may be compounded as successive waves reach shore*), dan berulang (*People experiencing a tsunami should remember that the danger may not have passed with the first wave and should await official word that it is safe to return to vulnerable locations*).

Jadi, jawabannya adalah *They are tall, fast, forceful, and repetitive.*

Jawab: C

42. Penyelesaian:

Kata *inundates* memiliki arti banjir. Dan kata lain dari *inundates* dalam bahasa Inggris adalah *floods*.

Jawab: A

43. Penyelesaian:

Teks tersebut menceritakan mengenai kepunahan burung Pakistan houbara. Jadi, jawabannya adalah *The extinction of Pakistan's houbara bird.*

Jawab: A

44. Penyelesaian:

Dari teks tersebut, penulis mengajak pembaca untuk melindungi burung houbara. Jadi, jawabannya adalah *Tries to persuade people to conserve houbara bird.*

Jawab: D

45. Penyelesaian:

Berdasarkan teks tersebut, dapat diketahui bahwa penulis menginginkan perburuan burung houbara dilarang karena populasi burung houbara yang semakin sedikit.

Hal ini sesuai dengan kalimat yang terdapat pada paragraf, yaitu *The indiscriminate hunting of endangered houbara bustard birds in Pakistan by rich hunting parties from the Gulf nations have pushed the species toward extinction* (Perburuan liar burung houbara di Pakistan oleh para pemburu kaya dari negara-negara Teluk telah mendorong spesies tersebut ke arah kepunahan).

Jadi, jawabannya adalah *The population of houbara bird is getting smaller and smaller.*

Jawab: A

46. Penyelesaian:

Kata hubung yang tepat untuk melengkapi kalimat tersebut adalah *when* (ketika). Sehingga kalimat lengkapnya menjadi *people can resume hunting the houbara bird only when a sustainable population is reached* (orang-orang dapat melanjutkan perburuan ketika populasi yang berkelanjutan tercapai).

Jawab: B

47. Penyelesaian:

Ide utama dari paragraf ke-3 adalah mobil tua tidak menggunakan sabuk pengaman. Jadi, jawabannya adalah *Old cars do not use seat belts.*

Jawab: A

48. Penyelesaian:

Fungsi sabuk pengaman seperti yang dijelaskan dalam teks adalah untuk mengurangi risiko luka atau kematian pada saat terjadi kecelakaan. Jadi, jawabannya adalah *To reduce the risk of injury or death in an accident.*

Jawab: C

49. Penyelesaian:

Dari teks tersebut dijelaskan bahwa para desainer mobil tua tidak melihat bahwa sabuk pengaman adalah bagian yang penting (*The designer of old car didn't consider seat belt as important part*). Jadi, jawabannya adalah *old cars designer.*

Jawab: E

50. Penyelesaian:

Kata *they* pada kalimat "...that they are completely safe" menunjuk kepada para pengemudi. Jadi, jawabannya adalah *drivers.*

Jawab: C

Pembahasan Tryout 7 TKA Bahasa Inggris

LISTENING SECTION

PART I

Questions 1 to 4

1. Transcript:

Man : I've got a headache

Woman : You should go and see the doctor immediately

What does the girl express?

Pembahasan:

Kalimat yang dikatakan oleh **the woman** dalam dialog yaitu "**You should go and see the doctor immediately**" yang berarti Anda seharusnya pergi dan bertemu dokter segera. Pernyataan ini merupakan sebuah saran (**suggestion**) yang ditandai dengan penggunaan kata **should**.

Jawaban: E

2. Transcript:

Woman : Look! What do you think of this painting?

Man : Wow! It's great. It seems real. Who painted it?

Woman : The one who is standing at the corner. You know he is a famous painter in this town. It is one of his masterpieces.

Man : Do you know him?

Woman : Yes, he's my neighbor.

What are the speakers talking about?

Pembahasan:

Topik pembicaraan dalam percakapan tersebut adalah tentang hasil karya besar seorang pelukis. Wanita dalam percakapan bertanya bagaimana pendapat pria tentang sebuah lukisan (**What do you think of this painting?**). Kemudian pria tersebut merasa kagum pada lukisan tersebut dan menanyakan siapa pelukisnya. Si wanita lalu menjelaskan bahwa pelukisnya adalah seseorang yang berdiri di pojok ruangan. Beliau adalah pelukis

terkenal di kota tersebut. Lukisan itu adalah salah satu hasil karya besarnya. **The one who is standing at the corner. You know he is a famous painter in this town. It is one of his masterpieces.**

Jawaban: C

3. Transcript:

Woman : Ted! Would you come to my house tonight? We are celebrating our mother's birthday.

Man : I'd be delighted

What is the girl going to do?

Pembahasan:

Wanita dalam percakapan mengajak sang pria untuk datang ke rumahnya malam itu untuk merayakan ulang tahun ibunya (**Would you come to my house tonight? We are celebrating our mother birthday.**)

Jawaban: B

4. Transcript:

Man : I'm going to do my office assignment

Woman : But It's a lovely day, dear. Why don't we go for a walk?

Man : Can you wait for a few minutes. I have to finish this letter.

Woman : Don't take too long

What is the woman suggesting?

Pembahasan:

Saran wanita dalam percakapan tersebut adalah mengajak sang pria untuk berjalan-jalan karena itu adalah hari yang **indah (But It's a lovely day, dear. Why don't we go for a walk)** walaupun sebelumnya sang pria sedang sibuk mengerjakan tugas-tugasnya.

Jawaban: D

PART II

Questions 5 to 7

5. **Transcript:**

You may hang out with your friends but you must be at home before 10 o'clock tonight

What would be the best response?

- A. I'm sorry to hear that
- B. Yes, mom, you can keep my word
- C. I agree with you
- D. You may go now
- E. I hope you will be okay

Pembahasan:

Respons dari pernyataan yang memperbolehkan untuk pergi dengan teman tetapi pulang sebelum jam 10 malam (***You may hang out with your friend but you must be at home before 10 o'clock tonight***) adalah iya, Bu. Ibu bisa memegang kata-kata saya (***Yes, Mom. You can keep my word***).

Jawaban: B

6. **Transcript:**

Excellent! The river is green.

What's the suitable response?

- A. I don't like it
- B. Let's clean it up together
- C. That's very kind of you, thanks
- D. I'm sorry, I don't agree with you
- E. I hope people can keep it clean

Pembahasan:

Respons dari pernyataan bahwa sungai tersebut hijau dan bersih adalah harapan pembicara bahwa orang-orang akan tetap menjaga kebersihannya (***I hope people can keep it clean***).

Jawaban: E

7. **Transcript:**

Man : Thanks God! Finally, the final exam is over!

Woman : You're right! I'm glad all of our students can pass it

What is the man probably say?

- A. I hope they can pass it
- B. I think they should study harder
- C. I'm sorry to hear that

D. Yeah! It's really satisfying

E. I'm not happy with it

Pembahasan:

Respons sang pria dari pernyataan wanita tentang betapa leganya ia setelah siswa-siswanya lulus ujian adalah bahwa itu adalah hal yang memuaskan (***Yeay! It's really satisfying***).

Jawaban: D

PART III

Questions 8 to 11

8. **Transcript:**

Born in Michigan on 13th May 1950, this musician was a former child prodigy. He was born 6 weeks early with an eye's disorder leading to blindness. Due to this reason, this long haired man always wears black spectacles during his performances. In 1962, the newly renamed Little Stevie Wonder released his debut, jazz soul of Little Stevie Wonder, an instrumental album. Following a ten years of rehearse, he released a well receive, A Time to Love in 2005. In 2014, he was received the presidential medal of freedom from President Barack Obama.

Which pictures matches the description in the monologue?

Pembahasan:

Gambar yang menunjukkan monolog tersebut adalah gambar Stevie Wonder yang sesuai dengan beberapa deskripsi di teks, yaitu tuna netra, berambut panjang, dan selalu memakai kacamata hitam. ***He was born 6 weeks early with an eye's disorder leading to blindness. Due to this reason, this long haired man always wears black spectacles during his performances.***

Jawaban: B

9. **Transcript:**

Over 600 cyclists from 31 countries participate in the Gran Fondo New York (GNFY) Indonesia 2016, bicycle marathon slated to take place

in Lombok, West Nusa Tenggara (NTB), on October 2, 2016. "The route start from Senggigi Beach and then pass through many tourist attractions along the way.

"Based on the latest information, around 640 participants from 31 countries have confirmed their attendance. As it is a sports tourism event, they will traverse routes across Lombok's splendid landscape," NTB Tourism and Culture Agency head, Lalu Mohammad Faozal, told The Jakarta Post on Saturday. While traversing West, Central, and North Lombok, the cyclists can marvel at tourist destinations that serve as rest points, including Mawun Beach in West Lombok, Kuta Beach in Central Lombok, and Pusuk Forest and Malimbu Bay in North Lombok.

Which picture shows the topic of the monologue?

Pembahasan:

Pernyataan bahwa ada lebih dari 600 pembalap sepeda dari 31 negara yang berpartisipasi dalam Grand Fondo New York (*Over 600 cyclists from 31 countries participate in the Gran Fondo New York (GNFY)*) ditunjukkan oleh gambar pilihan D dengan banyak pembalap sepeda sedang berlomba.

Jawaban: D

10. Transcript:

At Jalan Pegangsaan Timur 56, Jakarta at exactly 10 am on Friday 17th August 1945, Indonesia's political leaders, Soekarno and Hatta, proclaimed the Independence of the nation and people of Indonesia, shedding off more than 300 years of colonial yoke under the Netherland's rule.

The declaration of Independence was followed by the historic first time hoisting of the Red and White Flag of this young Republic. The declaration was surreptitiously broadcast through radio to all corners of the archipelago and the people across the islands responded with joy and determination to liberate their

homeland.

Now, on the exact spot where Soekarno and Hatta read the proclamation text, replica statues of Soekarno and Hatta stand, complete with the Proclamation Text engraved on black marble with 17 pillars behind them symbolizing the date of the Independence Day. This monument is known as Tugu Proklamasi or the Pillar of the Proclamation.

Which picture matches the monologue?

Pembahasan:

Monolog tersebut bercerita tentang proklamasi kemerdekaan Indonesia. Saat ini berdiri sebuah monumen bernama Tugu Proklamasi untuk mengenang peristiwa bersejarah tersebut. Hal itu disimpulkan dengan kalimat-kalimat akhir monolog. *"Now, on the exact spot where Soekarno and Hatta read the proclamation text, replica statues of Soekarno and Hatta stand, complete with the Proclamation Text engraved on black marble with 17 pillars behind them symbolizing the date of the Independence Day. This monument is known as Tugu Proklamasi or the Pillar of the Proclamation."* yang artinya "Sekarang, tepat di tempat Soekarno dan Hatta membaca teks proklamasi, patung replika Soekarno dan Hatta berdiri lengkap dengan teks proklamasi di atas marmer hitam dengan 17 tiang di belakang patung tersebut yang melambangkan tanggal proklamasi. Monumen ini dikenal sebagai Tugu Proklamasi atau Pilar Proklamasi."

Jawaban: C

11. Transcript:

Once, a boy asked his father about greediness. Then, the father answered, "Go through our apple garden and pick one apple you like the most. As you pass through the garden, you cannot turn back. You must pick the apple as you go forward only"

Then, the boy went to the apple garden. As he walked through, he saw a fresh big apple and instantly liked it. However, he wondered that

he may find much bigger one further. So, he walked further and saw another apple. Again, he thought the same. When he started to reach near the end of the garden, he couldn't see any apples as big as the ones he didn't pick earlier. He started to regret his decision of letting them go. He went back to his father with an empty hand and gave an explanation of what he did.

The father told him, "You liked the earlier apple very much, but still you kept looking for a bigger one. Later you realized that what you let go off was the best apple you could find there. That is called greed.

Which picture matches the story in the monologue?

Pembahasan:

Teks tersebut menceritakan seorang anak laki-laki yang bertanya-tanya tentang keserakahan. Untuk menjawab pertanyaan tersebut, ayah anak itu memintanya untuk memetik satu apel di kebun apel mereka. Anak laki-laki tersebut harus memetik apel di pohon yang akan dilewatinya, bukan apel di pohon yang telah dilewatinya. Pada pohon pertama, anak laki-laki tersebut merasa tertarik memetik apel di pohon itu yang nampak segar dan besar, tetapi ia menduga mungkin dia akan mendapat apel yang lebih besar di pohon berikutnya. Dia benar, pohon berikutnya memiliki buah yang lebih besar. Ia kembali tidak mengambil apel di pohon tersebut dan terus berjalan melewati pohon-pohon apel yang buahnya semakin besar di setiap pohon hingga hampir sampai di ujung kebun. Ia mengira apel di pohon terakhir pasti yang paling besar di kebun tersebut tetapi dugaannya salah. Apel di pohon terakhir tidak sebesar apel-apel sebelumnya. Akhirnya ia menyesal tidak memetik apel di pohon-pohon sebelumnya. Gambar yang sesuai dengan cerita tersebut ditunjukkan dengan gambar seorang anak berdiri di bawah pohon dan terlihat kecewa.

Jawaban: D

PART IV

Questions 12 to 15

Listening script no. 12 dan 13

There lived an astronomer who was very much involved in his observations. He often used to look up at the sky at night and start observing the stars.

Once, as he walked looking up at the stars, his leg slipped and he fell into a ditch. He started shouting.

A passer-by, who heard his shouts, helped him out of the ditch and asked, "How did you fall into this ditch?" The astronomer replied, "I was engrossed in my observations that I did not notice the ditch".

The passer-by asked, "How do you expect to discover things when you fail to take note of things under your nose?" The astronomer walked away with a sad face.

12. Question:

Who was the lead character of the story?

Pembahasan:

Jawaban dapat disimpulkan dari awal kalimat monolog, "***There lived an astronomer who was very much involved in his observations,***" yang artinya "Hiduplah seorang astronom yang sangat terlibat dalam pengamatannya." Jadi tokoh utama cerita tersebut seorang astronom.

Jawaban: C

13. Question:

Why did the man shout for help?

Pembahasan:

Pilihan jawaban B benar karena sesuai dengan kalimat "***...his leg slipped and he fell into a ditch.***" yang artinya "***...kakinya terpeleset dan ia terjatuh ke dalam selokan.***". Pilihan jawaban lain bukan alasan laki-laki itu meminta tolong. (A) artinya ia kehilangan catatan-catatannya, (C) artinya ia menyapa temannya, (D) artinya ia terpeleset di jalan, dan (E) artinya ia mendongak ke langit.

Jawaban: B

Listening script no. 14 dan 15

An Indonesian man who claims to be the longest living human in recorded history, Mbah Gotho, has described how he “just wants to die”.

According to his identity card. Mbah Gotho was born in Sragen, Central Java on 31st December, 1870. He is registered under his official name, Sodimejo. Now officials at the local record office say, they have finally been able to confirm that remarkable date is genuine.

Members of the family said Mbah Gotho now spends most of his time sitting and listening to the radio because his eyesight is too poor to watch television. He has had to be spoon-fed and bathed for the past three months as he has become increasingly frail. When he was asked what his secret to longevity is, Mbah Gotho replied. “The recipe is just patience.”

14. Question:

What is the monologue about?

Pembahasan:

Berdasarkan kalimat awal monolog, “**An Indonesian man who claims to be the longest living human in recorded history, Mbah Gotho,...**”, yang artinya “Orang Indonesia yang menyatakan diri sebagai orang yang hidup paling lama dalam catatan sejarah, Mbah Gotho...”, menyimpulkan bahwa monolog tersebut tentang orang paling tua dari Indonesia.

Jawaban: E

15. Question:

According to Mbah Gotho, why can he have a long life?

Pembahasan:

Rahasia panjang umur Mbah Gotho yaitu kesabaran (kalimat terakhir monolog) “**When he was asked what his secret to longevity is, Mbah Gotho replied. The recipe is just patience.**” yang artinya “Ketika beliau ditanya tentang rahasia umur panjangnya, Mbah Gotho menjawab, resepnya hanya kesabaran”. Jadi, Mbah Gotho bisa berumur panjang karena ia sabar.

Jawaban: A

READING SECTION

16. Pembahasan:

Berdasarkan pengumuman, kelas-kelas percakapan bahasa Inggris gratis ditawarkan untuk setiap siswa di sekolah. Hal ini berdasarkan pernyataan bahwa semua orang dari berbagai level bahasa dipersilakan untuk ikut serta. **People from all language levels are welcome.**

Jawaban: B

17. Pembahasan:

Kata **further** memiliki arti **lebih lanjut** yang memiliki makna sama dengan kata **more** yang artinya **lebih**. Sedangkan pilihan yang lain jika diterjemahkan ke dalam bahasa Indonesia adalah:

Long = panjang

Good = baik

Distant = jarak

Additional = tambahan

Jawaban: B

18. Pembahasan:

Alasan penulis mengirimkan teks bisa diketahui berdasarkan pernyataan “**We cordially invite you at**” (Kami dengan hormat mengundang Anda pada) sehingga jawaban yang tepat untuk pertanyaan ini adalah memohon kedatangan seseorang untuk menghadiri sebuah kegiatan. Pilihan A kurang tepat karena teks ini bukan untuk mempromosikan sebuah kegiatan.

Pilihan B juga kurang tepat karena teks bukan untuk mengumumkan sebuah kegiatan. Demikian juga pilihan C dan D kurang tepat. Teks bukan untuk meluncurkan sebuah produk ataupun menginformasikan sebuah pameran.

Jawaban: E

19. Pembahasan:

Yang seharusnya dilakukan Mr. Wijaya apabila tidak bisa menghadiri kegiatan tersebut adalah menelepon (031) 66889955. Hal ini berdasarkan kalimat pada teks yaitu **Regrets only: (031) 66889955**. Regrets only berarti

bahwa apabila tidak bisa hadir, diharapkan untuk menghubungi pihak yang mengundang.

Jawaban: A

20. Pembahasan:

Pemberitahuan ini dibuat oleh sekretaris perusahaan, Danang Wijanarko berdasarkan perintah dari dewan direksi. Hal ini disebutkan dalam bagian closing teks yaitu: **“By order of the Board of Directors, Danang Wijanarko, Secretary.”**

Jawaban: E

21. Pembahasan:

Berdasarkan teks, bisa disimpulkan bahwa para peserta rapat adalah para pemegang saham. Di bagian awal teks disebutkan: Dengan ini diberikan pemberitahuan bahwa rapat umum tahunan ke-28 para pemegang saham PT Celebes Raya akan diadakan pada hari Senin, 23 April 2018, jam 10 pagi (**Notice is hereby given that the TWENTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of stakeholders of PT Celebes Raya will be held on Monday, April 23rd, 2018 at 10 a.m.).**

Jawaban: D

22. Pembahasan:

Kata **remuneration** apabila diterjemahkan ke dalam bahasa Indonesia berarti **remunerasi** atau **imbal / pemberian hadiah/penghargaan atas jasa yang berupa uang**. Kata ini memiliki arti yang sama dengan **salary** yang artinya **gaji**. Sedangkan pilihan yang lain jika diterjemahkan ke dalam bahasa Indonesia adalah:

Bonus = upah tambahan selain gaji

Award = hadiah

Overtime = lembur/pekerjaan dinas yang dilakukan diluar jam kerja

Promotion = kenaikan pangkat

Jawaban: B

23. Pembahasan:

Teks tersebut merupakan teks report yang bertujuan menggambarkan/mendeskripsikan sesuatu secara umum sehingga tujuan teks tersebut adalah untuk mendeskripsikan seperti apa seekor kanguru itu.

Jawaban: D

24. Pembahasan:

Berdasarkan teks dapat disimpulkan bahwa kanguru jantan tidak memiliki kantung. Pilihan A kurang tepat karena kanguru terbesar adalah Great Grey Kangaroo dan Red Kangaroos, bukan kanguru jantan. Pilihan C juga kurang tepat karena kanguru tidak hanya memakan rumput dan tanaman yang hidup di Australia saja. Pilihan D kurang tepat karena tidak ada keterangan perbedaan ukuran antara walabi Tasmania dan walabi New Guinea. Pilihan E juga kurang tepat karena bayi kanguru yang baru lahir tidak mahir meloncat dan melompat.

Jawaban: B

25. Pembahasan:

Pernyataan yang bertentangan dengan Fakta adalah bahwa seluruh walabi ukurannya lebih kecil daripada kanguru. Dalam teks disebutkan bahwa walabi adalah kerabat kecil dari kanguru tapi bukan berarti semua walabi berukuran lebih kecil daripada kanguru. Bayi kanguru tentu saja akan lebih kecil daripada walabi dewasa.

Jawaban: C

26. Pembahasan:

Kata **pouch** apabila diterjemahkan ke dalam bahasa Indonesia berarti **kantung**. Kata yang berarti sama adalah **pocket** yang berarti **saku/ kantung**. Sedangkan pilihan yang lain jika diterjemahkan ke dalam bahasa Indonesia adalah:

Purse = dompet wanita

Saving = penghematan

Holding= pegangan

Compartment = bagian yang terpisah

Jawaban: C

27. **Pembahasan:**

Yang dilakukan oleh penulis dan teman sekamarnya minggu kemarin adalah pergi ke museum seni. Pernyataan ini sesuai kalimat ketiga paragraph 1, "**Then we took the bus to go downtown and went to an art museum**".

Jawaban: B

28. **Pembahasan:**

Topik utama paragraf kedua adalah penulis menyukai seluruh hasil karya seni yang ditampilkan di museum. Hal ini bisa disimpulkan dari seluruh isi paragraf kedua terutama pada kalimat ketiga, yaitu **I liked all the art, but Ryan didn't like modern art very much**.

Jawaban: C

29. **Pembahasan:**

Berdasarkan teks, penulis dan Ryan masuk ke museum **jam 9 pagi** dan pulang **jam 5 sore** sehingga mereka berada di museum **selama 8 jam**.

Jawaban: D

30. **Pembahasan:**

Kata **them** dalam kalimat **I'm going to put them on the wall of my bedroom** (paragraf 2) menunjukkan 2 lukisan tiruan. Hal ini berdasarkan kalimat sebelumnya yaitu **I bought copies of two paintings**.

Jawaban: E

31. **Pembahasan:**

Setiap kera memakai topi di kepalanya karena mereka meniru apa yang dilakukan oleh penjual topi tersebut. Hal ini bisa dilihat pada paragraf 3. "**They had evidently done it to imitate him**". Kera-kera melakukannya untuk menirunya (penjual topi).

Jawaban: E

32. **Pembahasan:**

Nilai moral dari teks tersebut adalah bahwa kamu harus mengetahui apa yang kamu bicarakan. Kera adalah peniru yang hebat sehingga harus diberikan contoh dengan

bahasa meniru (paragraf 5). Kera atau hewan pada umumnya tidak akan mengerti bahasa sopan ataupun bahasa isyarat seperti yang dikatakan penjual topi pada paragraf 4.

Jawaban: D

33. **Pembahasan:**

Tujuan utama dari teks prosedur tersebut adalah untuk memberitahukan bagaimana mengoperasikan sebuah kamera digital. Hal ini sesuai dengan judul teks, yaitu **How to operate a digital camera**. Pilihan A kurang tepat karena teks tersebut bukan untuk menunjukkan bagaimana mengoperasikan sebuah LCD. Pilihan C juga kurang tepat karena teks bukan mendeskripsikan bagian utama sebuah LCD. Pilihan D juga kurang tepat karena teks bukan untuk menjelaskan objek yang diambil oleh kamera. Demikian juga pilihan E, kurang tepat karena teks bukan mendeskripsikan komponen digital kamera.

Jawaban: B

34. **Pembahasan:**

Bagian dari sebuah digital kamera yang akan membantu untuk menunjukkan sebuah objek lebih dekat adalah zoom control. Sesuai dengan step 2 yaitu "**second, move closer or use the zoom control for the result you want**."

Jawaban: C

35. **Pembahasan:**

Pada kalimat terakhir teks disebutkan bahwa "**The glare from the LCD does not work properly with more bright light**". Ini berarti bahwa jika terlalu banyak cahaya maka pencahayaan dari sebuah LCD menjadi tidak baik.

Jawaban: E

36. **Pembahasan:**

Kata **set to go** apabila diterjemahkan ke dalam bahasa Indonesia berarti **siap** yang sama artinya dengan kata **ready**. Sedangkan pilihan yang lain jika diterjemahkan ke dalam bahasa Indonesia adalah:

Clear = bersih
Obvious = jelas/nyata
Apparent = jelas/nyata
Unprepared = tidak siap

Jawaban: B

37. Pembahasan:

Teks tersebut menjelaskan tentang bagaimana siklus air bekerja. Pada paragraf 1 disebutkan bahwa energi matahari membuat air menguap dari laut, danau, sungai dan tanah yang basah. Dijelaskan pula tentang proses evapotranspirasi yang merupakan proses penguapan air ke atmosfer. Pada paragraf 2 dijelaskan tentang pembentukan awan. Sedangkan paragraf 3, 4, dan 5 menjelaskan bagaimana terjadinya hujan dan aliran air setelah hujan.

Jawaban: E

38. Pembahasan:

Pertanyaan mengapa air kembali ke permukaan tanah dalam bentuk segar? (Why does water return to earth's surface in a fresh form?) dapat dijawab oleh pernyataan pada paragraf 3. **Precipitations as rain or hail ensures the heated water returns to Earth's surface in a fresh form.** Presipitasi (proses pengendapan air) karena hujan atau hujan es memastikan air yang dipanaskan akan kembali ke permukaan bumi dalam bentuk segar.

Jawaban: D

39. Pembahasan:

Evapotranspirasi adalah sebuah proses di mana air dilepaskan ke atmosfer oleh tanaman atau vegetasi. Pernyataan ini sesuai dengan kalimat kedua pada paragraf 1 yaitu: **Water is also released into the atmosphere by the plants through photosynthesis.** Air dilepaskan ke atmosfer oleh tanaman melalui proses fotosintesis.

Jawaban: E

40. Pembahasan:

Kata **saturated** apabila diterjemahkan ke

dalam bahasa Indonesia berarti **jenuh/ penuh** yang sama artinya dengan kata **full**. Sedangkan pilihan yang lain jika diterjemahkan ke dalam bahasa Indonesia adalah:

Dry = kering

Dirty = kotor

Heavy = berat

Overload = kelebihan beban

Jawaban: B

41. Pembahasan:

Teks tersebut adalah **teks analytical exposition** yang bertujuan untuk meyakinkan pembaca terhadap suatu hal/ pernyataan. Pada kalimat terakhir dalam teks tersebut disebutkan bahwa para pengendara motor seharusnya mengencangkan helmnya di kepala dengan benar supaya nyaman dan aman. **The bikers should fasten the helmet correctly on their head in order to get safe and comfort.**

Jawaban: E

42. Pembahasan:

Di samping menyelamatkan pengendara dari kecelakaan serius, memakai helm juga bisa melindungi pengendara dari istilahnya "serangga terbang" seperti hujan, hujan es, lumpur, dan hal-hal potensial yang tidak diinginkan lainnya. Jawaban pertanyaan ini bisa dilihat pada paragraf kedua kalimat terakhir. **They do not only protect riders from getting a worse road injured accident but also from flying bugs, such as rain, sleet, mud, and other potential projectiles.**

Jawaban: D

43. Pembahasan:

Informasi yang dibahas pada paragraf 3 adalah tentang penggunaan helm untuk gaya. Hal ini berdasarkan pernyataan pada kalimat pertama paragraf 3, **"Second, wearing a helmet can give the riders a matter of style."**

Jawaban: C

44. **Pembahasan:**

Saran yang diberikan penulis kepada para pengendara motor adalah seharusnya pengendara memakai helm di kepala dengan benar dan nyaman. Pernyataan ini ada pada kalimat terakhir paragraf 4, yaitu **“The bikers should fasten the helmet correctly to their head in order to get safe and comfort.”**

Jawaban: D

45. **Pembahasan:**

Berdasarkan teks pada paragraf 2 kalimat kedua, Messi mengalami kekurangan hormon sejak usia 11 tahun dan orangtuanya tidak mampu membayar perawatannya di Argentina sehingga mereka memutuskan untuk pindah ke Barcelona, Spanyol. **“From the age of 11, he suffered from a hormone deficiency and as Lionel’s parents were unable to pay for the treatment in Argentina, they decided to Barcelona, Spain.”**

Jawaban: A

46. **Pembahasan:**

Pikiran utama paragraf 3 dinyatakan pada kalimat pertama paragraf ketiga yaitu penampilan pertama Messi di sebuah pertandingan resmi. Hal ini berdasarkan pernyataan, **“In the 2003-2004 season, when he was still 16 years old, Messi made his first team debut in a friendly match with Porto that marked the opening of the new Dragao stadium.”**

Jawaban: C

47. **Pembahasan:**

Kata **deficiency** apabila diterjemahkan ke dalam bahasa Indonesia berarti **kekurangan** yang sama artinya dengan kata **inadequacy**. Sedangkan pilihan yang lain jika diterjemahkan ke dalam bahasa Indonesia adalah:

Excess = kelebihan

Variety = variasi

Strength = kekuatan

Abnormality = kelainan

Jawaban: D

48. **Pembahasan:**

Teks di atas adalah tentang kepedulian terhadap masalah lingkungan. Sebanyak 180 siswa ikut serta dalam acara *flash mob* (berkumpul dan melakukan sesuatu hal bersama-sama) di Jalan HR Rasuna Said, Jakarta Selatan pada hari Minggu untuk meningkatkan kepedulian tentang masalah lingkungan. Hal ini sesuai dengan kalimat pada paragraf pertama **“As many as 180 students participated in a flash mob at Jl. HR Rasuna Said, South Jakarta, to raise awareness about environmental issue, on Sunday.”**

Jawaban: E

49. **Pembahasan:**

Hal yang dilakukan oleh para siswa saat berkumpul bersama adalah mengurangi penggunaan botol plastik. Pada paragraf 2 disebutkan bahwa selama acara *flash mob* yang berjudul, “Satu orang, Satu tumbler”, para siswa mengajari para penonton yang hadir tentang pentingnya mengurangi penggunaan botol plastik dengan menggunakan tumbler. **“During a flash mob, titled”One Man, One Tumbler”, the students taught the onlookers about the need to reduce the usage the plastic bottles by using tumblers.”**

Jawaban: B

50. **Pembahasan:**

Kata **reduce** apabila diterjemahkan ke dalam bahasa Indonesia berarti **mengurangi** yang sama artinya dengan kata **minimize**. Sedangkan pilihan yang lain jika diterjemahkan ke dalam bahasa Indonesia adalah:

Ban = melarang

Remove = menghapus

Shorten = mempersingkat

Eliminate = menghapus

Jawaban: E